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A protein which inhibits osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation and a method of production of the protein. The protein is produced by human embryonic lung fibroblasts and has molecular weight of about 60 kD and about 120 kD under non-reducing conditions and about 60 kD under reducing conditions on SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, respectively. The protein can be isolated and purified from culture medium of the said fibroblasts. Furthermore, the protein can be produced by gene engineering. The present invention includes cDNA for producing the protein by gene engineering, antibodies having specific affinity to the protein or a method for determination of the protein concentration using the antibodies.

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(54) NOVEL PROTEIN AND METHODS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF THE SAME

(57) A protein which inhibits osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation and a method of production of the protein. The protein is produced by human embryonic lung fibroblasts and has molecular weight of about 60 kD and about 120 kD under non-reducing conditions and about 60 kD under reducing conditions on SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, respectively.

The protein can be isolated and purified from culture medium of the said fibroblasts. Furthermore, the protein can be produced by gene engineering.

The present invention includes cDNA for producing the protein by gene engineering, antibodies having specific affinity to the protein or a method for determination of the protein concentration using the antibodies.

Description

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Field of the invention

This invention relates to a novel protein, osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF), and methods for producing the protein.

Background of the invention

Human bones are always remodelling by the repeated process of resorption and reconstitution. In the process, osteoblasts and osteoclasts are considered to be the cells mainly responsible for bone formation and bone resorption, respectively. A typical example of disease caused by the progression of abnormal bone metabolism is osteoporosis. The disease is known to be provoked by the condition in which bone resorption by osteoclasts exceeds bone formation by osteoblasts, but the mechanism of osteoporosis has not yet been completely elucidated. Osteoporosis causes pain in the bone and makes the bone fragile, leading to fracture. Since osteoporosis increases the number of bedridden old people, it has become a social issue with the increasing number of old people. Therefore, efficacious drugs for the treatment of the disease are expected to be developed. Bone mass reduction caused by the abnormal bone metabolism is thought to be prevented by inhibiting bone resorption, improving bone formation, or improving the balanced metabolism.

Bone formation is expected to be promoted by stimulating growth, differentiation, or activation of osteoblasts. Many cytokines are reported to stimulate growth or differentiation of osteoblasts, i.e. fibroblast growth factor (FGF) (Rodan S. B. et al., Endocrinology vol. 121, p1917, 1987), insulin-like growth factor-I (IGF-I) (Hock J.M. et al., Endocrinology vol. 122, p254, 1988), insulin-like growth factor-II (IGF-II) (McCarthy T. et al., Endocrinology vol. 124, p301, 1989), Activin A (Centrella M. et al., Mol, Cell, Biol. vol. 11, p250, 1991), Vasculotropin (Varonique M et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 199, p380, 1994), and bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) (Yamaguchi, A et al., J. Cell Biol. vol. 113, p682, 1991, Sampath T.K. et al., J. Biol Chem. vol.267, p20532, 1992, and Knutsen R. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol.194, p1352, 1993.

On the other hand, cytokines which inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts <u>have been paid attention</u> and have been intensively studied. Transforming growth factor-β (Chenu C. et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol.85, p5683, 1988) and interleukin-4 (Kasano K. et al., Bone-Miner., vol. 21, p179, 1993) are found to inhibit the differentiation of osteoclasts. Calcitonin (Bone-Miner., vol.17, p347, 1992), Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (Hattersley G. et al. J. Cell. Physiol. vol.137, p199, 1988), interleukin-4 (Watanabe, K. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 172, p1035, 1990), and interferon-γ (Gowen M. et al., J. Bone Miner. Res., vol.1, p469, 1986) are found to inhibit bone resorption by osteoclasts.

These cytokines are expected to be efficacious drugs for improving bone mass reduction by stimulating bone formation and/or by inhibiting bone resorption. The cytokines such as insulin like growth factor-I and bone morphogenetic proteins are now investigated in clinical trials for their effects in treatment of patients with bone diseases. Calcitonin is already used as a drug to care osteoporosis and to diminish pain in osteoporosis.

Examples of drugs now clinically utilized for the treatment of bone diseases and for shortening the treatment period are dihydroxyvitamine D_3 , vitamin K_2 , calcitonin and its derivatives, hormones such as estradiol, ipriflavon, and calcium preparations . However, these drugs do not provide satisfactory therapeutic effects, and novel drug substances have been expected to be developed. As mentioned, bone metabolism is controlled in the balance between bone resorption and bone formation. Therefore, cytokines which inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation are expected to be developed as drugs for the treatment of bone diseases such as osteoporosis.

Disclosure of Invention

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This invention was initiated from the view point described above. The purpose of this invention is to offer both a novel factor termed osteodastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF) and a procedure to produce the factor efficiently.

The inventors have intensively searched for osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factors in human embryonic fibloblast IMR-90 (ATCC CCL186) conditioned medium and have found a novel osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF) which inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts.

The inventors have established a method for accumulating the protein to a high concentration by culturing IMR-90 cells using alumina ceramic pieces as the cell adherence matrices.

The inventors have also established an efficient method for isolating the protein, OCIF, from the IMR-90 conditioned medium using the following sequential column chromatography, ion-exchange, heparin affinity, cibacron-blue affinity, and reverse phase.

The inventors, based on the amino acid sequence of the purified natural OCIF, successfully cloned a cDNA encod-

ing this protein. The inventors established also a procedure to produce this protein which inhibits differentiation of osteoclasts. This invention concerns a protein which is produced by human lung fibroblast cells, has molecular weights in SDS-PAGE of 60 KD in the reducing conditions and 120 KD under the non-reducing conditions, has affinity for both cation-exchange resins and heparin, reduces its activity to inhibit differentiation and maturation of osteoclasts if treated for 10 minutes at 70 °C or for 30 minutes at 56 °C, and lose its activity to inhibit differentiation and maturation of osteoclasts by the treatment for 10 minutes at 90 °C. The amino acid sequence of the protein OCIF which is described in the present invention is clearly different from any of know factors inhibiting formation of osteoclasts.

The invention includes a method to purify OCIF protein, comprising; (1) culturing human fibroblasts, (2) applying the conditioned medium to a heparin column to obtain the adsorbed fraction, (3) purifying the OCIF protein using a cation-exchange column, (4) purifying the OCIF protein using a heparin affinity column, (5) purifying the OCIF protein using a cibacron blue affinity column, (6) isolating the OCIF protein using reverse-phase column chromatography. Cibacron blue F3GA coupled to a carrier made of synthetic hydrophilic polymers is an example of materials used to prepare Cibacron blue columns. These columns are conventionally called "blue colomns".

The invention includes a method for accumulating the OCIF protein to a high concentration by culturing human fibroblasts using alumina ceramic pieces as the cell-adherence matrices.

Moreover, the inventors determined the amino acid sequences of the peptides derived from OCIF, designed the primers based on these amino acid sequences, and obtained cDNA fragments encoding OCIF from a cDNA library of IMR-90 cells.

20 Detailed description of the invention

The OCIF protein of the present invention can be isolated from human fibroblast conditioned medium with high yield. The procedure to isolate OCIF is based on ordinary techniques for purifying proteins from biomaterials, in accordance with the physical and chemical properties of OCIF protein. For example, concentrating procedure includes ordinary biochemical techniques such as ultrafiltration, lyophylization, and dialysis. Purifying procedure includes combinations of several chromatographic techniques for purifying proteins such as ion-exchange column chromatography, affinity column chromatography, gel filtration column chromatography, hydrophobic column chromatography, reverse phase column chromatography, and preparative gel electrophoresis. The human fibroblast used for production of the OCIF protein is preferably IMR-90. A method for producing the IMR-90 conditioned medium is preferably a process comprising, adhering human embryonic fibroblast IMR-90 cells to alumina ceramic pieces in roller-bottles, using DMEM medium supplemented with 5 % new born calf serum for the cell culture, and cultivating the cells in roller-bottles for 7 to 10 days by stand cultivation. CHAPS (3-[(3-cholamid opropyl)-dimethylammonio]-1-propanesulfonate) is prefarably added to the buffer as a detergent in the purification steps of OCIF protein.

OCIF protein of the instant invention can be initially obtained as a heparin binding basic OCIF fraction by applying the culture medium to a heparin column (Heparin-Sepharose CL-6B, Pharmacia), eluting with 10 mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.5, containing 2 M NaCl, and then by applying the OCIF fraction to a Q • anion-exchange column (HiLoad-Q/FF, Pharmacia), and collecting non-adsorbed fraction. OCIF protein can be purified by subjecting the obtained OCIF fraction to purification on a S • cation-exchange column (HiLoad-S/FF, Pharmacia). a heparin column (Heparin-5PW, TOSOH), Cibacrone Blue column (Blue-5PW, TOSOH), and a reverse-phase column (BU-300 C4, Perkin Elmer) and the material is defined by the previously described properties.

The present invention relates to a method of cloning cDNA encoding the OCIF protein based on the amino acid sequence of natural OCIF and a method of obtaining recombinant OCIF protein that inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteodasts. The OCIF protein is purified according to the method described in the present invention and is treated with endopeptidase (for example, lysylendopeptidase). The amino acid sequences of the peptides produced by the digestion are determined and the mixture of oligonucleotides that can encode each internal amino acid sequence was systhesized. The OCIF cDNA fragment is obtained by PCR (preferably RT-PCR, reverse transcriptase PCR) using the oligonucleotide mixtures described above as primers. The full length OCIF cDNA encoding the OCIF protein is cloned from a cDNA library using the obtained OCIF DNA fragment as a probe. The OCIF cDNA containing the entire coding region is inserted into an expression vector. The recombinant OCIF can be produced by expressing the OCIF cDNA containing the entire coding region in mammalian cells or bacteria.

The present invention relates to the novel proteins OCIF2, OCIF3, OCIF4, and OCIF5 that are variants of OCIF and have the activity described above. These OCIF variants are obtained from the cDNA library constructed with IMR-90 poly(A) + RNA by hybridization using the OCIF cDNA fragment as a probe. Each of the OCIF variant cDNAs containing the entire coding region is inserted into an expression vector. Each recombinant OCIF variant can be produced by expressing each of the OCIF variant cDNAs containing the entire coding region in the conventional hosts. Each recombinant OCIF variant can be purified according to the method described in this invention. Each recombinant OCIF variant has an ability to inhibit osteoclastogenesis.

The present invention further includes OCIF mutants. They are substitution mutants comprising replacement of one

lane 15; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 16; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 17; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 18; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 19; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 20; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 21; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 9 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF2.

Figure 10 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF3.

Figure 11 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF4.

Figure 12 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF5.

Figure 13 shows standard curve for determination of OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies.

Figure 14 shows standard curve for determination of OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Figure 15 shows the effect of rOCIF protein on osteoporosis.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

The present invention will be further explained by the following examples, however, the scope of the invention is not restricted to the examples.

EXAMPLE 1

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Preparation of a conditioned medium of human fibroblast IMR-90

Human fetal lung fibroblast IMR-90 (ATCC-CCL186) cells were cultured on alumina ceramic pieces (80 g) (alumina: 99.5%, manufactured by Toshiba Ceramic K.K.) in DMEM medium (manufactured by Gibco BRL Co.) supplemented with 5% CS and 10mM HEPES buffer (500 ml/roller bottle) at 37°C under the presence of 5% $\rm CO_2$ for 7 to 10 days using 60 roller bottles (490 cm², 110 x 171mm, manufactured by Coning Co.)in static culture. The conditioned medium was harvested, and a fresh medium was added to the roller bottles. About 30L of IMR-90 conditioned medium per batch culture was obtained. The conditioned medium was designated as sample 1.

5 EXAMPLE 2

Assay method for osteoclast development inhibitory activity

Osteoclast development inhibitory activity was assayed by measuring tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase(TRAP) activity according to the methods of M. Kumegawa et.al (Protein · Nucleic Acid · Enzyme, vol.34 p999, 1989) and N. Takahashi et.al (Endocrynology, vol.122, p1373, 1988) with modifications. Briefly, bone marrow cells obtained from 17 day-old mouse were suspended in α-MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, 2x10-8M of activated vitamin D₃, and each test sample, and were inoculated to each well of 96-well plate at a cell density of 3x10⁵ cells/0.2 ml/well. The plates were incubated for 7 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO₂. Cultures were further continued by replacing 0.16 ml of old medium with the same volume of fresh medium on day 3 and day 5 after starting cultivation. On day 7, after washing the plates with phosphate buffered saline, cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. at room temperature, and then osteoclast development was tested by determining for phosphatase activity using a kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Catalog No. 387-A, manufactured by Sigma Co.). The decrease of TRAP positive cells was taken as an indication of OCIF activity.

EXAMPLE 3

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Purification of OCIF

i) Heparin Sepharose CL-6B column chromatography

The 90L of IMR-90 conditioned medium (sample 1) was filtrated with 0.22 μ membrane filter (hydrophilic Milidisk, 2000 cm², Milipore Co.), and was divided into three portions. Each portion (30 I) was applied to a heparin Sepharose

CL-6B column (5 x 4.1 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl containing 0.3M NaCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5 at a flow rate of 500 ml/hr., heparin Sepharose CL-6B adsorbent protein fraction was eluted with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, containing 2M NaCl. The fraction was designated as sample 2.

ii) HiLoad-Q/FF column chromatography

The heparin Sepharose-adsorbent fraction (sample 2) was dialyzed against 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, supplemented with CHAPS to a final concentration of 0.1%, incubated at 4 °C overnight, and divided into two portions. Each portion was then applied to an anion-exchange column (HiLoad-Q/FF, 2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5 to obtain a non-adsorbent fraction (1000 ml). The fraction was designated as sample 3.

iii) HiLoad-S/HP column chromatography

The HiLoad-Q non-adsorbent fraction (sample 3) was applied to a cation-exchange column (HiLoad-S/HP, 2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) which was equilibrated with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 0 to 1 M NaCl at a flow rate of 8 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (12 ml) were collected. Each ten fractions from number 1 to 40 was pooled to form one portion. Each 100 µl of the four portions was tested for OCIF activity. OCIF activity was observed in fractions from 11 to 30 (as shown in Figure 1). The fractions from 21 to 30 which had higher specific activity were collected and was designated as sample 4.

iv) Heparin-5PW affinity column chromatography

One hundred and twenty ml of HiLoad-S fraction from 21 to 30 (sample 4) was diluted with 240 ml of 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to heparin-5PW affinity column (0.8 x 7.5 cm, Tosoh Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 0 to 2M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min. and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Fifty µl was removed from each fraction to test for OCIF activity. The active fractions, eluted with 0.7 to 1.3M NaCl was pooled and was designated as sample 5.

v) Blue 5PW affinity column chromatography

Ten ml of sample 5 was diluted with 190 ml of 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5 and applied to a blue-5PW affinity column, (0.5x5 cm, Tosoh Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with a 30 ml linear gradient from 0 to 2M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5 ml/min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Using 25 µl of each fraction, OCIF activity was evaluated. The fractions number 49 to 70, eluted with 1.0-1.6M NaCl had OCIF activity.

40 vi) Reverse phase column chromatography

The blue 5PW fraction obtained by collecting fractions from 49 to 50 was acidified with 10μ l of 25% TFA and applied to a reverse phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x220mm, manufactured by Perkin-Elmer) which was equilibrated with 0.1% of TFA and 25% of acetonitrile. The adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 25 to 55% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min. for 60 min., and each protein peak was collected (Fig.3). One hundred μ l of each peak fraction was tested for OCIF activity, and peak 6 and the peak 7 had OCIF activity. The result was shown in Table 1.

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Table 1

OCIF activity eluted from reverse phase C4 column

Sample Dilution

1/40 1/120 1/360 1/1080

Peak 6 ++ ++ +
Peak 7 ++ + - -

[++ means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, + means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - means no OCIF activity.]

EXAMPLE 4

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Molecular weight of OCIF protein

The two protein peaks (6 and 7) with OCIF activity were subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions. Briefly, 20µl of each peak fraction was concentrated under vacuum and dissolved in 1.5µl of 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 8, 1mM EDTA, 2.5% SDS, 0.01% bromophenol blue, and incubated at 37°C overnight under non-reducing conditions or under reducing conditions (with 5% of 2-mercaptoethanol). Each 1.0 µl of sample was then analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis with a gradient gel of 10-15% acrylamide (Pharmacia Co.) and an electrophoresis-device (Fast System, Pharmacia Co.). The following molecular weight marker proteins were used to calculate molecular weight: phosphorylase b (94 kD), bovine serum albumin (67 kD), ovalbumin (43 kD), carbonic anhydrase (30 kD), trypsin inhibitor (20.0 kD), and lactalbumin (14.4 kD). After electrophoresis, protein bands were visualized by silver stain using Phast Silver Stain Kit. The results were shown in Fig. 4.

A protein band with an apparent 60 KD was detected in the peak 6 protein under both reducing and non-reducing conditions. A protein band with an apparent 60 KD was detected under reducing conditions and a protein band with an apparent 120 KD was detected under non-reducing conditions in the peak 7 protein. Therefore, the protein of peak 7 was considered to be a homodimer of the protein of peak 6.

EXAMPLE 5

Thermostability of OCIF

Twenty µl of sample from the blue-5PW fractions 51 and 52 was diluted to 30µl with 10 mM phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2, and incubated for 10 min. at 70°C or 90 °C, or for 30 min. at 56°C. The heat-treated samples were tested for OCIF activity. The results were shown in Table 2.

Table 2

	14062								
	Thermostability of OCIF								
Sample	Sample Dilution								
	1/300	1/900	1/2700						
untreated	++	+	-						
70°C, 10 min	+	-	-						
56°C, 30 min	+		-						
90°C, 10 min	•	-	-						

[++ means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, +means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - means no OCIF activity.]

EXAMPLE 6

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Internal amino acid sequence of OCIF protein

Each 2 fractions (1 ml) from No. 51-70 of blue-5PW fraction was acidified with 10 μ l of 25% TFA, and was applied to a reverse phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x220mm, manufactured by Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 25% of acetonitrile containing 0.1 % TFA. The adsorbed protein was eluted with a 12 ml linear gradient of 25 to 55% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min, and the protein fractions corresponding to peak 6 and peak 7 were collected, respectively. The protein of each peak was applied to a protein sequencer (PROCISE 494, Perkin-Elmer Co.). However, the N-terminal sequence of the protein of each peak could not be analyzed. Therefore, N-terminal of the protein of each peak was considered to be blocked. So, internal amino acid sequences of these proteins were analyzed.

The protein of peak 6 or peak 7 purified by C4-HPLC was concentrated by centrifugation and pyridilethylated under reducing conditions. Briefly, 50 μl of 0.5 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.5, containing 100μg of dithiothreitol, 10mM EDTA, 7 M guanidine-HCl, and 1% CHAPS was added to each samples, and the mixture was incubated overnight in the dark at a room temperature. Each the mixture was acidified with 25% TFA (a final concentration 0.1%) and was applied to a reversed phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x30mm, Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 20 % acetonitrile containing 0.1 % TFA. The pyridil-ethylated OCIF protein was eluted with a 9 ml linear gradient from 20 to 50% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min, and each protein peak was collected. The pyridil-ethyrated OCIF protein was concentrated under vacuum, and dissolved in 25μl of 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9, containing 8 M Urea, and 0.1 % Tween 80. Seventy three μl of 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9, and 0.02 μg of lysyl endopeptidase (Wako Pure Chemical, Japan) were added to the tube, and incubated at 37 °C for 15 hours. Each digest was acidified with 1 μl of 25% TFA and was applied to a reverse phase C8 column (RP-300, 2.1x220mm, Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 0.1% TFA.

The peptide fragments were eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 50 % acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min for 70 min., and each peptide peak was collected. Each peptide fragment (P1 - P3) was applied to the protein sequencer. The sequences of the peptides were shown in Sequence Numbers 1 - 3, respectively.

EXAMPLE 7

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Determination of nucleotide sequence of the OCIF cDNA

i) Isolation of poly(A) + RNA from IMR-90 cells

About 10 ug of poly(A) + RNA was isolated from $1x10^8$ cells of IMR-90 by using Fast Track mRNA isolation kit (Invitrogen) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

ii) Preparation of mixed primers

The following two mixed primers were synthesized based on the amino acid sequences of two peptides (peptide P2 and peptide P3, sequence numbers 2 and 3, respectively). All the oligonucleotides in the mixed primers No. 2F can code for the amino acid sequence from the sixth residue, glutamine (Gln) to the twelfth residue, leucine (Leu), in peptide P2. All the oligonucleotides in the mixed primers No. 3R can code for the amino acid sequence from the sixth residue, histidine (His), to the twelfth residue, lysine (Lys), in peptide P3. The sequences of the mixed primers No. 2F and No. 3R were shown in Table 3.

Table 3

No. 2F

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5'-CAAGAACAAA CTTTTCAATT-3'
G G G C C GC
A
G

No. 3R

5'-TTTATACATT GTAAAAGAAT G-3'
C G C G GCTG
A C
G T

35 iii) Amplification of OCIF cDNA fragment by PCR (Polymerase chain reaction)

First strand cDNA was generated using Superscript II cDNA synthesis kit (Gibco BRL) and 1 ug of poly (A) + RNA obtained in the example 7-i) according to the manufacturer's instructions. The DNA fragment encoding OCIF was obtained by PCR using the cDNA template and the primers shown in EXAMPLE 7-ii).

PCR was performed with the conditions as follows:

10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	5 ul
2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	4 ul
cDNA solution	1 ul
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.25 ul
sterile distilled water	29.75 ul
40 uM solution of primers No. 2F	5 ul
40 uM solution of primers No. 3R	5 uí

The components of the reaction were mixed in a microcentrifuge tube. An initial denaturation step at 95 °C for 3 min was followed by 30 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 30 sec annealing at 50 °C for 30 sec and extention at 70 °C for 2min. After the amplification, final extention step was performed at 70 °C for 5min. The size of PCR products were determined on a 1.5 % agarose gel electrophoresis. About 400 bp OCIF DNA fragment was obtained.

EXAMPLE 8

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Cloning of the OCIF cDNA fragment amplified by PCR and determination of its DNA sequence

The OCIF cDNA fragment amplified by PCR in EXAMPLE 7-iii) was inserted in the plasmid, pBluescript II SK using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) according to the method by Marchuk, D. et al. (Nucleic Acids Res., vol 19, p1154, 1991). E.coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with ligation mixture. The transformants were grown and a plasmid containing the OCIF cDNA (about 400 bp) was purified using the commonly used method. This plasmid was called pBSOCIF. The sequence of OCIF cDNA in pBSOCIF was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The size of the OCIF cDNA is 397 bp. The OCIF cDNA encodes an amino acid sequence containing 132 residues. The amino acid sequences of the internal peptides (peptide P2 and peptide P3, sequence number 2 and 3, respectively) that were used to design the primers were found at N- or C- terminal side in the amino acid sequence of the 132 amino acid polypeptide predicted by the 397 bp OCIF cDNA. In addition, the amino acid sequence of the internal peptide P1 (sequence number 1) was also found in the predicted amino acid sequence of the polypeptide. These data show that the 397 bp OCIF cDNA is a portion of the full length OCIF cDNA.

EXAMPLE 9

Preparation of the DNA probe

The 397 bp OCIF cDNA was prepared according to the conditions described in EXAMPLE 7-iii). The OCIF cDNA was subjected to a preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. The OCIF cDNA was purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN), labeled with $[\alpha^{32}P]$ dCTP using Megaprime DNA labeling system (Amersham) and used to select a phage containing the full length OCIF cDNA.

EXAMPLE 10

Preparation of the cDNA library

cDNA was generated using Great Lengths cDNA synthesis kit (Clontech), oligo (dT) primer, $[\alpha^{32}P]dCTP$ and 2.5 ug of poly(A) + RNA obtained in the example 7-i) according to the manufacturer's instructions. EcoRI-SalI-NotI adaptor was ligated to the cDNA. The cDNA was separated from the free adaptor and unincorporated free $[\alpha^{32}P]dCTP$. The purified cDNA was precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in 10 ul of TE buffer (10 mMTris-HCl (pH8.0), 1 mM EDTA). The cDNA with the adaptor was inserted in λ ZAP EXPRESS vector (Stratagene) at EcoRI site. The recombinant λ ZAP EXPRESS phage DNA containing the cDNA was in vitro packaged using Gigapack gold II packaging extract (Stratagene) and recombinant λ ZAP EXPRESS phage library was prepared.

EXAMPLE 11

Screening of recombinant phage

Recombinant phages obtained in EXAMPLE 10 were infected to E. Coli, XL1-Blue MRF' (Stratagene) at 37 °C for 15 min.. The infected E.coli cells were added to NZY medium containing 0.7 % agar at 50°C and plated on the NZY agar plates. After the plates were incubated at 37 °C overnight, Hybond N (Amersham) were placed on the surface of plates containing plaques. The membranes were denatured in the alkali solution, neutralized, and washed in 2xSSC according to the standard protocol. The phage DNA was immobilized on the membranes using UV Crosslink (Stratagene). The membranes were incubated in the hybridization buffer (Amersham) containing 100 μg/ml salmon sperm DNA at 65°C for 4 hours and then incubated at 65 °C overnight in the same buffer containing 2x10⁵ com/ml denatured OCIF DNA probe. The membranes were washed twice with 2xSSC and twice with a solution containing 0.1xSSC and 0.1 % SDS at 65 °C for 10 min each time. The positive clones were purified by repeating the screening twice. The purified \(\text{ZAP EXPRESS} \) phage clone containing about 1.6 kb DNA insert was used in the experiments described below. This phage was called λOCIF. The purified λOCIF and the infected into E. Coli XL1-Blue MRF (Stratagene) according to a protocol of \(\text{\textit{ZAP EXPRESS cloning kit (Stratagene)}} \). The culture broth of infected XL1-Blue MRF was prepared. Purified 10CIF and ExAssist helper phage (Stratagene) were co-infected into E. coli strain XL-1 blue MRF' according to the protocol supplied with the kit. The culture broth of the co-infected XL-1 blue MRF was added to a culture of E. coli strain XLOR (Stratagene) to transform them. Thus we obtained a Kanamycin-resistant transformant harboring a plasmid designated pBKOCIF which is a pBKCMV (Stratagene) vector containing the 1.6 kb insert fragment. The transformant including the plasmid containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was obtained by picking up the kanamycin-

resistant colonies. The plasmid was called pBKOCIF. The transformant has been deposited to National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology (NIBH), Agency of Industrial Science and Tecnology as "FERM BP-5267" as pBK/O1F10. A national deposit (Accession number, FERM P-14998) was transferred to the international deposit, on October 25, 1995 according to the Budapest treaty. The transformant pBK/O1F10 was grown and the plasmid pBKOCIF was purified according to the standard protocol.

EXAMPLE 12

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Determination of the nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA containing the full coding region.

The nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA obtained in EXAMPLE 11 was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The primers used were T3, T7 primers (Stratagene) and synthetic primers designed according to the OCIF cDNA sequence. The sequences of these primers are shown in sequence numbers 16 to 29. The nucleotide sequence of the OCIF cDNA is shown in sequence number 6 and the amino acid sequence predicted by the cDNA sequence is shown in sequence number 5.

EXAMPLE 13

Production of recombinant OCIF by 293/EBNA cells

i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF cDNA

pBKOCIF containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was prepared as described in EXAMPLE 11, and digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. The OCIF cDNA insert was cut out, separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF cDNA insert was ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. E.coli. DH5α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture. The transformants were grown and the plasmid containing the OCIF cDNA (about 1.6 kb) was purified using QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). The expression plasmid pCEPOCIF was precipitated with ethanol, and dissolved in sterile distilled water was used in the expreriments described below.

ii) Transient expression of OCIF cDNA and analysis of the biological activity

Recombinant OCIF was produced using the expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF prepared in EXAMPLE 13-i) according to the method described below. 8×10^5 cells of 293/EBNA (Invitrogen) were inoculated in each well of the 6-well plate using IMDM containing 10 % fetal calf serum (Gibco BRL). After the cells were incubated for 24 hours, the culture medium was removed and the cells were washed with serum free IMDM. The expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF and lipofectamine (Gibco BRL) were diluted with OPTI-MEM (Gibco BRL) and were mixed, and added to the cells in each well according to the manufacture's instructions. Three µg of pCEPOCIF and 12 µl of lipofectamine were used for each transfection. After the cells were incubated with pCEPOCIF and lipofectamine for 38 hours, the medium was replaced with 1 ml of OPTI-MEM. After the transfected cells were incubated for 30 hours, the conditioned medium was harvested and used for the biological assay. The biological activity of OCIF was analysed according to the method described below. Bone marrow cells obtained from mice, 17 days-old, were suspended in α -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, 2x10⁻⁸M activated vitamin D₃, and each test sample, and were inoculated and cultured for 7 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO2 as described in EXAMPLE 2. During incubation, 160 µl of old medium in each well was replaced with the same volume of the fresh medium containing test sample diluted with 1x10⁻⁸M of activated vitamin D₃ and α-MEM containing FBS on day 3 and day 5. On day 7, after washing the wells with phosphate buffered saline, cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. and then osteoclast development was tested using acid phosphatase activity mesuring kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Catalog No. 387-A, Sigma Co.). The decrease of the number of TRAP positive cells was taken as an OCIF activity. As result, the conditioned medium showed the same OCIF activity as natural OCIF protein from IMR-90 conditioned medium (Table 4).

Table 4

Cultured Cell	Dilution						
	1/20	1/40	1/80	1/160	1/320	1/640	1/1280
OCIF expression vector transfected	++	++	++	++	++	+	-
vector transfected	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
untreated	-	-				_	

[++ ; OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, + ; OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - ; no OCIF activity.]

iii) Isolation of recombinant OCIF protein from 293/EBNA-conditioned medium

293/EBNA-conditioned medium (1.8 I) obtained by cultivating the cells described in example 13-ii) was supplemented with 0.1 % of CHAPS and filtrated with 0.22 μm membrane filter (Steribecs GS, Milipore Co.). The conditioned medium was applied to 50 ml of a heparin Sepharose CL-6B column (2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 4 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (8 ml) were collected. Using 150 μl of each fraction, OCIF activity was assayed according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. OCIF active fraction (112 ml) eluted with approximately 0.6 to 1.2 M NaCl was obtained.

One hundred twelve ml of the active fraction was diluted to 1000 ml with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to a heparin affinity column (heparin-5PW, 0.8 x 7.5 cm, Tosoh Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Four µl of each fraction was analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions as described in EXAMPLE 4. On SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, a single band of rOCIF protein with an apparent 60 KD was detected in fractions from 30 to 32, under non-reducing conditions, bands of rOCIF protein with an apparent 60 KD and 120 KD were also detected in fractions from 30 to 32. The isolated rOCIF fraction from 30 to 32 was designated as recombinant OCIF derived from 293/EBNA (rOCIF(E)). 1.5 ml of the rOCIF(E) (535 µg/ml) was obtained when determined by the method of Lowry using bovine serum albumin as a standard protein.

EXAMPLE 14

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Production of recombinant OCIF using CHO cells

i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF

pBKOCIF containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was prepared as described in EXAMPLE 11, and digested with restriction enzymes, Sall and EcoRV. About 1.4 kb OCIF cDNA insert was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The expression vector, pcDL-SR α 296 (Molecular and Cellular Biology, vol 8, p466, 1988) was digested with restriction enzymes, PstI and KpnI. About 3.4 kb of the expression vector fragment was cut out, separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The ends of the purified OCIF cDNA insert and the expression vector fragment were blunted using DNA blunting kit (Takara Shuzo). The purified OCIF cDNA insert and the expression vector fragment were ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo). E.coli. DH5a α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture. The transformant containing the OCIF expression plasmid, pSR α OCIF was obtained.

ii) Preparation of expression plasmid

The transformant containing the OCIF expression plasmid, pSR αOCIF preprared in the example 13-i) and the transformant containing the mouse DHFR expression plasmid, pBAdDSV shown in WO92/01053 were grown according to the standard method. Both plasmids were purified by alkali treatment, polyethylene glycol precipitation, and cesium chrolide density gradient ultra centrifugation according to method of Maniatis et al. (Molecular cloning, 2nd edition).

iii) Adaptation of CHOdhFr- cells to the protein free medium

CHOdhFr- cells (ATCC, CRL 9096) were cultured in IMDM containing 10 % fetal calf serum. The cells were adapted to EX-CELL 301 (JRH Biosciecnce) and then adapted to EX-CELL PF CHO (JRH Biosciecnce) according to the manufacture's instructions.

iv) Transfection of the OCIF expression plasmid, and the mouse DHFR expression plasmid, to CHOdhFr- cells.

CHOdhFr- cells prepared in EXAMPLE 14-iii) were transfected by electroporation with pSRaOCIF and pBAdDSV prepared in EXAMPLE 14-ii). 200 µg of pSRaOCIF and 20 µg of pBAdDSV were dissolved under sterile conditions in 0.8 ml of IMDM (Gibco BRL) containing 10 % fetal calf serum CG. 2x10⁷ cells of CHOdhFr- were suspended in 0.8 ml of this medium. The cell suspension was transferred to a cuvette (Bio Rad) and the cells were transfected by electroporation using gene pulser (Bio Rad) under condition of 360 V and 960 µF. The suspension of electroporated cells was transferred to T-flasks (Sumitomo Bakelite) containing 10 ml of EX-CELL PF-CHO, and incubated in the CO₂ incubator for 2 days. Then the transfected cells were inoculated in each well of a 96 well plate (Sumitomo Bakelite) at a density of 5000 cells/well and cultured for about 2 weeks. The transformants expressing DHFR are selected since EX-CELL PF-CHO does not contain nucleotides and the parental cell line CHO dhFr- can not grow in this medium. Most of the transformants expressing DHFR express OCIF since the OCIF expression plasmid was used ten times as much as the mouse DHFR expression plasmid. The transformants whose conditioned medium had high OCIF activity were selected among the transformants expressing DHFR according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The transformants that express large amounts of OCIF were cloned by limiting dilution. The clones whose conditioned medium had high OCIF activity were selected as described above and the transformant expressing large amount of OCIF, 5561, was obtained.

v) Production of recombinant OCIF

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To produce recombinant OCIF (rOCIF), EX-CELL 301 medium (3 I) in a 3 I-spiner flask was inoculated with the clone (5561) at a cell-density of 1x10⁵ cells/ml. The 5561 cells were cultured in a spiner flask at 37°C for 4 to 5 days. When the concentration of the 5561 cells reached to 1x10⁶ cells/ml, about 2.7 I of the conditioned medium was harvested. Then about 2.7 I of EX-CELL 301 was added to the spiner flask and the 5561 cells were cultured repeatedly. About 20 I of the conditioned medium was harvested using the three spiner flasks.

vi) Isolation of recombinant OCIF protein from CHO cells-conditioned medium

CHOcells-conditioned medium (1.0 I) described in EXAMPL 14-v) was supplemented with 1.0 g of CHAPS and filtrated with 0.22 µm membrane filter (Steribecks GS, Milipore Co.). The conditioned medium was applied to a heparin Sepharose-FF column (2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 % CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 4 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (8 ml) were collected. Using 150µl of each fraction, OCIF activity was assayed according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. Active fraction (112 ml) eluted with approximately 0.6 to 1.2 M NaCl was obtained.

The 112 ml of active fraction was diluted to 1200 ml with 10 mM Tris-HCi, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to a affinity column (blue-5PW, 0.5 x 5.0 cm, Tosoh Co.) equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCi, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10 mM Tris-HCi, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 3 M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Four μ l of each fraction was subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions as described in EXAMPLE 4. On SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, a single band of rOCIF protein with apparent 60 KD was detected in fractions 30 to 38, under non-reducing conditions, bands of rOCIF protein with apparent 60 KD and 120 KD were also detected in fractions 30 to 38. The isolated rOCIF fraction, 30 to 38, was designated as purified recombinant OCIF derived from CHO cells (rOCIF(C)). 4.5 ml of the rOCIF(C) (113 μ g/ml) was obtained when determined by the method of Lowry using bovine serum albumin as a standard protein.

EXAMPLE 15

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Determination of N-terminal amino acid sequence of rOCIFs

Each 3 μg of the isolated rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) was adsorbed to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes with Prospin (PERKIN ELMER Co.). The membranes were washed with 20 % ethanol and the N-terminal amino acid sequences of the adsorbed proteins were analyzed by protein sequencer (PROCISE 492, PERKIN ELMER Co.). The

determined N-terminal amino acid sequence is shown in sequence No. 7.

The N-terminal amino acid of rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) was the 22th amino acid of glutamine from Met as translation starting point, as shown in sequence number 5. The 21 amino acids from Met to Gln were identified as a signal peptide. The N-terminal amino acid sequence of OCIF isolated from IMR-90 conditioned medium was undetectable. Accordingly, the N-terminal glutamine of OCIF may be blocked by converting from glutamine to pyroglutamine within culturing or purifing.

EXAMPLE 16

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- 10 Biological activity of recombinant(r) OCIF and natural(n) OCIF
 - i) Inhibition of vitamin D₃ induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells

Each the rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample was diluted with α -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and 2x10-8M of activated vitamin D₃ (a final concentration of 250 ng/ml). Each sample was serially diluted with the same medium, and 100 μ l of each diluted sample was added to each well in 96-well plates. Bone marrow cells obtained from mice, 17 days-old, were inoculated at a cell density of $3x10^5$ cells/ 100μ l/ well to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 7 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO₂. On day 7, the cells were fixed and stained with a acid phosphatase mesuring kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The decrease of acid phosphatase activity (TRAP) was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated by solubilizing the pigment of dye and measuring absorbance. In detail, 100 μ l of a mixture of 0.1 N NaOH and dimethylsulfoxide (1:1) was added to each well and the well was vibrated to solubilize the dye. After solubilizing the dye completely, an absorbance of each well was measured at 590 nm subtracting the absorbance at 490 nm using microplate reader (Immunoreader NJ-2000, InterMed). The microplate reader was adjusted to 0 absorbance using a well with monolayered bone marrow cells which was cultured in the medium without activated vitamin D₃. The decrease of TRAP activity was expressed as a percentage of the control absorbance value (=100%) of the solubilized dye from wells with bone marrow cells which were cultured in the absence of OCIF. The results are shown in Table 5.

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Table 5

Inhibition of vitamin D3		osteocl irrow ce		nation fi	rom mui	rine bone
OCIF concentra- tion(ng/ml)	250	125	63	31	16	0
rOCIF(E)	0	0	3	62	80	100
nOCIF .	0	0	27	27	75	100 (%)

Both nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 16 ng/ml or higher

ii) Inhibition of vitamin D3-induced osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by Vitamin D₃ in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells was tested according to the method of N. Udagawa et al. (Endocrinology, vol. 125, p1805-1813, 1989). In detail, each of rOCIF(E), rOCIF(C), and nOCIF sample was serially diluted with α-MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS, 2x10⁻⁸M of activated vitamin D₃, and 2x10⁻⁷M dexamethasone, and 100μl of each the diluted samples was added to each well in 96 well-microwell plates. Murine bone marrow-derived stromal ST2 cells (RIKEN Cell Bank RCB0224); 5x10³ cells per 100μl of α-MEM containing 10% FBS, and spleen cells from ddy mice, 8 weeks-old,; 1x10⁵ cells per 100 μl in the same medium, were inoculated to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 5 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO₂. On day 5, the cells were fixed and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma). The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated according to the method described in EXAMPLE 16-i). The results are shown in Table 6; rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C), and Table 7; rOCIF(E) and nOCIF.

Table 6

Inhibition of osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.						
OCIF concentra- tion(ng/ml)	50	25	13	6	0	
rOCIF(E)	3	22	83	80	100	
rOCIF(C)	13	19	70	96	100 (%)	

Table 7

Inhibition of osteoclast fo	rmation in co spleen		stromal cells	s and mouse
OCIF concentra- tion(ng/ml)	250	63	16	0
rOCIF(E)	7	27	37	100
rOCIF(C)	13	23	40	100 (%)

nOCIF, rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 6 - 16 ng/ml or higher

iii) Inhibition of PTH-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells.

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by PTH was tested according to the method of N. Takahashi et al. (Endocrinology, vol. 122, p1373-1382, 1988). In detail, each the rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample (125 ng/ml) was serially diluted with α -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and 2x10⁻⁸M PTH, and 100 μ l of each the diluted samples was added to 96 well-plates. Bone marrow cells from ddy mice, 17 days-old, at a cell density of $3x10^5$ cells per 100 μ l of α -MEM containing 10% FBS were inoculated to each well in 96-wells plates and cultured for 5 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO $_2$. On day 5, the cells were fixed with ethanol/aceton (1:1) for 1 min. at room temperature and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as CIF activity. The results are shown in Table 8.

Table 8

Inhibition of PTH-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells. OCIF concentra-125 63 0 31 16 8 tion(ng/ml) rOCIF(E) 6 58 58 53 88 100 **nOCIF** 47 18 53 56 100

nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 16 ng/ml or higher

iv) Inhibition of IL-11-induced osteoclast formation

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Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by IL-11 was tested according to the method of T. Tamura et al. (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol. 90, p11924-11928, 1993). In detail, each rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample was serially

diluted with α -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and 20 ng/ml IL-11 and 100 μ l of each the diluted sample was added to each well in 96-well plates. Newborn mouse calvaria-derived pre-adipocyte MC3T3-G2/PA6 cells (RIKEN Cell Bank RCB1127); $5x10^3$ cells per 100μ l of α -MEM containing 10% FBS, and spleen cells from ddy mouse, 8 weeks-old, ; $1x10^5$ cells per 100μ l in the same medium, were inoculated to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 5 days at 37 °C in humidified 5%CO $_2$. On day 5, the cells were fixed and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma). Acid phosphatase positive cells were counted under microscope and a decrease of the cell numbers was taken as OCIF activity. The results are shown in Table 9.

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Table 9

OCIF concentra- tion(ng/ml)	500	125	31	7.8	2.0	0.5	0
nOCIF	0	0	1	4	13	49	31
rOCIF(E)	0	0	1	3	10	37	31

Both nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 2 ng/ml or higher

The results shown in Table 4-8 indicated that OCIF inhibits all the vitamin D_3 , PTH, and IL-11-induced osteoclast formations at almost the same doses. Accordingly, OCIF would be able to be used for treatment of the different types of bone disorders with decreased bone mass, which are caused by different substances which induce bone resorption.

EXAMPLE 17

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Isolation of monomer-type OCIF and dimer-type OCIF

Each rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) sample containing 100 µg of OCIF protein, was supplemented with 1/100 volume of 25 % trifluoro acetic acid and applied to a reverse phase column (PROTEIN-RP, 2.0x250 mm, YMC Co.) equilibrated with 30 % acetonitrile containing 0.1 % trifluoro acetic acid. OCIF protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 30 to 55 % acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min for 50 min. and each OCIF peak was collected. Each the monomer-type OCIF peak fraction and dimer-type OCIF peak fraction was lyophilized, respectively.

EXAMPLE 18

Determination of molecular weight of recombinant OCIFs

Each 1 µg of the isolated monomer-type and dimer-type nOCIF purified using reverse phase column according to EXAMPLE 3-iv) and each 1 µg of monomer-type and dimer-type rOCIF described in EXAMPLE 17 was concentrated under vaccum, respectively. Each sample was incubated in the buffer for SDS-PAGE, subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and protein bands on the gel were stained with silver according to the method described in EXAMPLE 4. Results of electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions and reducing conditions are shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.

A protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 60 KD was detected in each monomer-type OCIF sample, and a protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 120 KD was detected in each dimer-type OCIF sample in non-reducing conditions. A protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 60 KD was detected in each monomer-type OCIF sample under reducing conditions. Accordingly, molecular weights of monomer-type nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells and rOCIF from CHO cells were almost the same. Molecular weights of dimer-type nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells, and rOCIF from CHO cells were also the same.

EXAMPLE 19

Remove N-linked Oligosaccharide chain and Mesuring molecular weight of natural and recombinant OCIF

Each sample containing 5μg of the isolated monomer-type and dimer-type nOCIF purified using reverse phase column according to EXAMPLE 3-iv) and each sample containing 5 μg of monomer-type and dimer-type rOCIF described in EXAMPLE 17 were concentrated under vaccum. Each sample was dissolved in 9.5 μl of 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 8.6, containing 100 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, supplemented with 0.5 μl of 250 U/ml N-glycanase (Seikagaku

100m (194)

kogyo Co.) and incubated for one day at 37 °C. Each sample was supplemented with 10 μ l of 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 containing 2 mM EDTA, 5 % SDS, and 0.02 % bromo-phenol blue and heated for 5 min at 100 °C. Each 1 μ l of the samples was subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and protein bands on the gel were stained with silver as described in EXAMPLE 4. The patterns of electrophoresis are shown in Figure 8.

An apparent molecular weight of each the deglycosylated nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from CHO cells, and rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells was 40 KD under reducing conditions. An apparent molecular weight of each untreated nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells, and rOCIF from CHO cells was 60 KD under reducing conditions. Accordingly, the results indicate that the OCIF proteins are glycoproteins with N-linked sugar chains.

10 EXAMPLE 20

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Cloning of OCIF variant cDNAs and determination of their DNA squences

The plasmid pBKOCIF, which is inserted OCIF cDNA to pBKCMV (Stratagene), was obtained from one of some purified positive phage as in example 10 and 11. And more, during the screening of the cDNA library with the 397 bp OCIF cDNA probe, the transformants containing plasmids whose insert sizes were different from that of pBKOCIF were obtained. These transformants containing the plasmids were grown and the plasmids were purified according to the standard method. The sequence of the insert DNA in each plasmid was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminater Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The used primers were T3, T7 primers (Stratagene) and synthetic primers prepared based on the nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA. There are four OCIF variants (OCIF2, 3, 4, and 5) in addition to OCIF. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF2 is shown in the sequence number 8 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF3 is shown in the sequence number 10 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF3 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 11. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF4 is shown in the sequence number 12 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF4 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 13. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF5 is shown in the sequence number 14 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF5 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence is shown in the sequence number 15. The structures of OCIF variants are shown in Figures 9 to 12 and are described in brief below. OCIF2

OCIF2 cDNA has a deletion of 21 bp from guanine at nucleotide number 265 to guanine at nucleotide number 285 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). Accordingly OCIF2 has a deletion of 7 amino acids from glutamic acid (Glu) at amino acid number 68 to glutamine (Gln) at amino acid number 74 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

OCIF3

OCIF3 cDNA has a point mutation at nucleotide number 9 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6) where cytidine is replaced with guanine.

Accordingly OCIF3 has a mutation and asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys). The mutation seems to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF3. OCIF3 cDNA has a deletion of 117 bp from guanine at nucleotide number 872 to cytidine at nucleotide number 988 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF3 has a deletion of 39 amino acids from threonine (Thr) at amino acid number 270 to leucine (Leu) at amino acid number 308 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

OCIF4

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OCIF4 cDNA has two point mutations in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). Cytidine at nucleotide number 9 is replaced with guanine and guanine at nucleotide number 22 is replaced with thymidine in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF4 has two mutations. Asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys), and alanine (Ala) at amino acid number -14 is replaced with serine (Ser). These mutations seem to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF4.

OCIF4 cDNA has about 4 kb DNA, which is the intron 2 of OCIF gene, inserted between nucleotide number 400 and nucleotide number 401 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). The open reading frame stops in intron 2.

Accordingly OCIF4 has an additional novel amino acid sequence containing 21 amino acids after alanine (Ala) at amino acid number 112 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

OCIF5

OCIF5 cDNA has a point mutation at nucleotide number 9 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6) where cytidine is replaced with guanine.

- Accordingly OCIF5 has a mutation and asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys). The mutation seems to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF5.
 - OCIF5 cDNA has the latter portion (about 1.8 kb) of intron 2 between nucleotide number 400 and nucleotide number 401 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). The open reading frame stops in the latter portion of intron 2.
- Accordingly OCIF5 has an additional novel amino acid sequence containing 12 amino acids after alanine (Ala) at amino acid number 112 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

EXAMPLE 21

- 15 Production of OCIF variants
 - i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF variants

The plasmid containing OCIF2 or OCIF3 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and called pBKOCIF2 and pBKOCIF3, respectively. pBKOCIF2 and pBKOCIF3 were digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. The OCIF2 and OCIF3 cDNA inserts were separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF2 and OCIF3 cDNA inserts were individually ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) that had been digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. E. coli. DH5α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

- 25 The plasmid containing OCIF4 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and called pBKOCIF4. pBKOCIF4 was digested with restriction enzymes, Spel and Xhol (Takara Shuzo). The OCIF4 cDNA insert was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF4 cDNA insert was ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) that had been digested with restriction enzymes, Nhel and Xhol (Takara Shuzo). E.coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.
 - The plasmid containing OCIF5 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and was called pBKOCIF5. pBKOCIF5 was digested with restriction enzyme, HindIII (Takara Shuzo). The 5' portion of the coding region in the OCIF5 cDNA insert was separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The OCIF expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF, obtained in EXAMPLE 13-i) was digested with restriction enzyme, HindIII (Takara Shuzo). The 5' portion of the coding region in the OCIF cDNA was removed. The rest of the plasmid that contains pCEP vector and the 3' portion of the coding region of OCIF cDNA was called pCEPOCIF-3'. pCEPOCIF-3' was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The OCIF5 cDNA HindIII fragment and pCEPOCIF-3' were ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo). E.coli. DH5 α (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.
- The obtained transformants were grown at 37 °C overnight and the OCIF variants expression plasmids (pCEPOCIF2, pCEPOCIF3, pCEPOCIF4, and pCEPOCIF5) were purified using QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). These OCIF-variants-expression plasmids were precipitated with ethanol, dissolved in sterile distilled water, and used in the expreriments described below.
- 45 ii) Transient expression of OCIF variant cDNAs and analysis of the biological activity of recombinant OCIF variants.

Recombinant OCIF variants were produced using the expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF2, pCEPOCIF3, pCEPOCIF4, and pCEPOCIF5 prepared as described in EXAMPLE 21-i) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 13-ii). The biological activities of recombinant OCIF variants were analyzed. The results were that these OCIF variants (OCIF2, OCIF3, OCIF4, and OCIF5) had a weak activity.

EXAMPLE 22

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Preparation of OCIF mutants

i) Construction of a plasmid vector for subcloning cDNAs encoding OCIF mutants

The plasmid vector (5 μg) described in EXAMPLE 11 was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I (

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Takara Shuzo). The digested DNA was subjected to a preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. DNA fragment with an approximate size of 1.6 kilobase pairs (kb) that contained the entire coding sequence for OCIF was purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified DNA was dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This solution was designated DNA solution 1. p Bluescript II SK + (3 μ g) (Stratagene) was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I (Takara Shuzo). The digested DNA was subjected to preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. DNA fragment with an approximate size of 3.0 kb was purified from the gel using QIAEX DNA extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified DNA was dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. The solution was designated DNA solution 2. One microliter of DNA solution 2, 4 μ l of DNA solution 1 and 5 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) were mixed and incubated at 16 °C for 30 min. (The ligation mixture was used for the transformation of E. coli in a manner described below). Conditions for transformation of E. coli were as follows. One hundred microliters of competent E. coli DH5 α cells (GIBCO BRL) and 5 μ l of the ligation mixture was mixed in a sterile 15-ml tube (IWAKI glass). The tube was kept on ice for 30 min. After incubation for 45 sec at 42°C, to the cells was added 250 μ l of L broth (1% Tryptone, 0.5% yeast extract, 1% NaCl). The cell suspension was then incubated for 1hr. at 37°C with shaking. Fifty microliters of the cell suspension was plated onto an L-agar plate containing 50 μ g/ml of ampicillin. The plate was incubated overnight at 37°C.

Six colonies which grew on the plate were individually incubated in 2 ml each of L-broth containing $50\mu g/ml$ of ampicillin overnight at 37°C with shaking. The structure of the plasmids in the colonies was analyzed. A plasmid in which the 1.6-kb DNA fragment containing the entire OCIF cDNA is inserted between the digestion sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pBluescript II SK + was obtained and designated as pSK + -OCIF.

- ii) Preparation of mutants in which one of the Cys residues in OCIF is replaced with Ser residue
 - 1) Introduction of mutations into OCIF cDNA

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OCIF mutants were prepared in which one of the five Cys residues present in OCIF at positions 174, 181, 256, 298 and 379 (in SEQUENCE NO 4) was replaced with Ser residue and were designated OCIF-C19S(174Cys to Ser), OCIF-C20S (181Cys to Ser), OCIF-C21S (256Cys to Ser), OCIF-C22S (298Cys to Ser) and OCIF-C23S (379Cys to Ser), respectively.

To prepare the mutants, nucleotides encoding the corresponding Cys residues were replaced with those encoding Ser. Mutagenesis was carried out by a two-step polymerase chain reaction (PCR). The first step of the PCRs consisted of two reactions, PCR 1 and PCR 2.

	PCR 1	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10 µl
		2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	لبر 8
		the plasmid vector described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	لبر 2
		sterile distilled water	73.5 μl
		20 μM solution of primer 1	5 μΙ
		100 μM solution of primer 2 (for mutagenesis)	1 µl
		Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5 μl
	PCR 2	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10 µl
		2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	لبر 8
		the plasmid vector described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2 μΙ
		sterile distilled water	73.5 µl
:		20 μM solution of primer 3	5 µl
:		100 μM solution of primer 4 (for mutagenesis)	1μΙ
		Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5 யி

Specific sets of primers were used for each mutation and other components were unchanged. Primers used for the reactions are shown in Table 10. The nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 20,23,27 and 30-40. The PCRs were performed under the following conditions as follows. An initial denaturation step at 97°C for 3 min was followed by 25 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 1 min annealing at 55°C for 1 min and extension at 72°C for

3 min. After these amplification cycles, final extension was performed at 70°C for 5 min. The size of the PCR products was confirmed by agarose gel electrophoresis using reaction solution. After the first PCR, excess primers were removed using Amicon microcon (Amicon). The final volume of the solutions that contained the PCR products were made to 50µl with sterile distilled water. These purified PCR products were used for the second PCR (PCR 3).

PCR 3	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10 µl
	2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	ابر 8
	solution containing DNA fragment obtained from PCR 1	5 μl
	solution containing DNA fragment obtained from PCR 2	5 μΙ
}	sterile distilled water	61.5 µl
	20 μM solution of primer 1	5 µl
	20 μM solution of primer 3	5 µl
	Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5 μΙ

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Table 10

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mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-C19S	IF 10	C19SR	IF 3	C19SF
OCIF-C20S	IF 10	C20SR	IF3	C20SF
OCIF-C21S	IF 10	C21SR	IF 3	C21SF
OCIF-C22S	IF 10	C22SR	IF 14	C22SF
OCIF-C23S	IF 6	C23SR	IF 14	C23SF

The reaction conditions were exactly the same as those for PCR 1 or PCR 2. The size of the PCR prodcts was confirmed by 1.0 % or 1.5 % agarose gel electrophoresis. The DNA fragments were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40 μ l of sterile distilled water. The solutions containing DNA fragments with mutation C19S, C20S, C21S, C22S and C23S were designated as DNA solution A, DNA solution B, DNA solution C, DNA solution D and DNA solution E, respectively.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution A (20μl) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I (Takara Shuzo). A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 base pairs (bp) was extracted from a preparative agarose gel and dissolved in 20 μl of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 3. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.2 kb was purified from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μl of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 4. Two microliters of DNA solution 3, 3 μl of DNA solution 4 and 5 μl of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DHS αcells were transformed with 5 μl of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C19S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution B (20 μ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 5. Two microliters of DNA solution 5, 3 μ l of DNA solution 4 and 5 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C20S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution C (20 µl) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20µl of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 6. Two micro-

liters of DNA solution 6, 3 μ l of DNA solution 4 and 5 μ l of ligation buffer 1 of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C21S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution D (20 μ) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Bst PI. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 600 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 7. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Bst PI. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.0 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 8. Two microliters of DNA solution 7, 3 μ I of DNA solution 8 and 5 μ I of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ I of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA in which the 600-bp Nde I-BstPI fragment with the mutation (the C22S mutation) is substituted for the 600-bp Nde I-Bst PI fragment of pSK+-OCIF by analyzing the DNA structure. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C22S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution E (20 μ I) was digested with restriction enzymes Bst PI and Eco RV. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 120 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 9. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Bst EII and Eco RV. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.5 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 10. Two microliters of DNA solution 9, 3 μ I of DNA solution 10 and 5 μ I of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ I of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C23S.

2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

30 pSK-OCIF-C19S, pSK-OCIF-C20S, pSK-OCIF-C21S, pSK-OCIF-C22S and pSK-OCIF-C23S were digested with restriction enzymes Barn HI and Xho I. The 1.6 kb Barn HI-Xho I DNA fragment encoding each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20µl of sterile distilled water. The DNA solutions that contain 1.6 kb cDNA fragments derived from pSK-OCIF-C19S, pSK-OCIF-C20S, pSK-OCIF-C21S, pSK-OCIF-C22S and pSK-OCIF-C23S were designated C19S DNA solution, C20S DNA solution, C21S DNA solution, C22S DNA solution and C23S DNA solution, respectively. Five micrograms of a expression vector pCEP 4 (Invitrogen) was digested with restriction enzymes Barn HI and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 10 kb was purified and dissolved in 40µl of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as pCEP 4 DNA solution. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6 µl of either C19SDNA solution, C20S DNA solution, C21S DNA solution, C22S DNA solution or C23S DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 µl of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5α cells (100μl) were transformed with 7 μl of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for dones containing plasmid in which a 1.6-kb cDNA fragment is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmide which were obtained containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-C19S, OCIF-C20S, OCIF-C21S, OCIF-C22S and OCIF-C23S were designated pCEP4-OCIF-C19S, pCEP4-OCIF-C20S, pCEP4-OCIF-C21S, pCEP4-OCIF-C22S and pCEP4-OCIF-C23S, respectively.

ii) Preparation of domain-deletion mutants of OCIF

(1) deletion mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA

A series of OCIF mutants with deletions of from Thr 2 to Ala 42, from Pro 43 to Cys 84, from Glu 85 to Lys 122, from Arg 123 to Cys 164, from Asp 177 to Gln 251 and from Ile 252 to His 326 were prepared (positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4). These mutants were designated as OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2, respectively.

Mutagenesis was performed by two-step PCR as described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii). The primer sets for the reactions are shown in Table 11 and the nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 19, 25, 40-53, and 54.

Table 11

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mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-DCR1	Xhol F	DCR1R	IF 2	DCR1F
OCIF-DCR2	Xhol F	DCR2R	IF 2	DCR2F
OCIF-DCR3	Xhol F	DCR3R	IF 2	DCR3F
OCIF-DCR4	Xhol F	DCR4R	IF 16	DCR4F
OCIF-DDD1	IF8	DDD1R	IF 14	DDD1F
OCIF-DDD2	IF8	DDD2R	IF 14	DDD2F

The final PCR products were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40µl of sterile distilled water. Solutions of DNA fragment coding for portions of OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2 were designated as DNA solutions F, G, H, I, J and K, respectively.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution F (20 μ I) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 11. Two micrograms of pSK+-OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.0 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 12. Two microliters of DNA solution 11, 3 μ I of DNA solution 12 and 5 μ I of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ I of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR1.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution G (20 μ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 13. Two microliters of DNA solution 13, 3 μ l of DNA solution 12 and 5 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5a cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing plasmid DNA . DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR2.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution H (20 μ I) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 14. Two microliters of DNA solution 14, 3 μ I of DNA solution 12 and 5 μ I of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ I of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR3.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution I (20 μ I) was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 900 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 15. Two micrograms of pSK+ -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 3.6 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ I of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 16. Two microliters of DNA solution 15, 3 μ I of DNA solution 16 and 5 μ I of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ I of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR4.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution J (20 µl) was digested with restriction enzymes BstP I and Nde I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 µl of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 17. Two microliters of DNA solution 17, 3 µl of DNA solution 8 and 5µl of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5µl of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by

restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DDD1. The DNA fragment which is contained in solution K (20 μ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and BstP I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 18. Two microliters of DNA solution 18, 3 μ l of DNA solution 8 and 5 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 α cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DDD2.

2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-DCR1, pSK-OCIF-DCR2, pSK-OCIF-DCR3, pSK-OCIF-DCR4, pSK-OCIF-DDD1 and pSK-OCIF-DDD2 were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment containing entire coding sequence for each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20 μl of sterile distilled water. These DNA solutions that contain the Bam HI-Xho I fragment derived from pSK-OCIF-DCR1, pSK-OCIF-DCR2, pSK-OCIF-DCR3, pSK-OCIF-DCR4, pSK-OCIF-DDD1 and pSK-OCIF-DDD2 were designated DCR1 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR4 DNA solution, DDD1 DNA solution and DDD2 DNA solution, respectively. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6μl of either DCR1 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR4 DNA solution, DDD1 DNA solution or DDD2 DNA solution were independently mixed with 7μl of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5α cells (100 μl) were transformed with 7 μl of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA in which the DNA fragment with deletions is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-DCR1, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR2, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR3, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR4, pCEP4-OCIF-DDD1 and pCEP4-OCIF-DDD2, respectively.

- iii) Preparation of OCIF with C-terminal domain truncation
- (1) mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA

A series of OCIF mutants with deletions of from Cys at amino acid residue 379 to Leu 380, from Ser 331 to Leu 380, from Asp 252 to Leu 380, from Asp 177 to Leu 380, from Arg 123 to Leu 380 and from Cys 86 to Leu 380 was prepared. Positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4. These mutants were designated as OCIF-CL, OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3, respectively.

Mutagenesis for OCIF-CL was performed by the two-step PCR as described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii). The primer set for the reaction is shown in Table 12. The nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO:23, 40, 55, and 56. The final PCR products were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40µl of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as solution L.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution L (20 μ l) was digested with restriction enzymes BstP I and EcoR V. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 100 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20 μ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 19. Two microliters of DNA solution 19, 3 μ l of DNA solution 10 (described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii)) and 5 μ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 μ cells were transformed with 5 μ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-CL Mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA to prepare OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3 was performed by a one-step PCR.

PCR reactions for mutagenesis to prepare OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3

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10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10 µl
2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8 ш
the plasmid vector containing the entire OCIF cDNA described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2 µl
sterile distilled water	73.5 µl
20 μM solution of primer OCIF Xho F	5 µl
100 μM solution of primer (for mutagenesis)	1 μΙ
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5 ա

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Table 12

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mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-CL	IF 6	CL R	IF 14	CL F

Specific primers were used for each mutagenesis and other components were unchanged.

Primers used for the mutagenesis are shown in Table 13. Their nucleotide sequences are shown in SEQUENCE NO:57-61. The components of each PCR were mixed in a microcentrifuge tube and PCR was performed as follows. The microcentrifuge tubes were treated for 3 minutes at 97 °C and then incubated sequentially, for 30 seconds at 95 °C, 30 seconds at 50 °C and 3 minutes at 70 °C. This three-step incubation procedure was repeated 25 times, and after that, the tubes were incubated for 5 minutes at 70 °C. An aliquot of the reaction mixture was removed from each tube and analyzed by an agarose gel electrophoresis to confirm the size of each product.

The size of the PCR products was confirmed on an agarose gel. Excess primers in the PCRs were removed using Amicon microcon (Amicon) after completion of the reaction. The DNA fragments were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40 µl of sterile distilled water. The DNA fragment in each DNA solution was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Bam HI. After the reactions, DNA was precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 20µl of sterile distilled water.

The solutions containing DNA fragment with the CC deletion, the CDD2 deletion, the CDD1 deletion, the CCR4 deletion and the CCR3 deletion were designated as CC DNA solution, CDD2 DNA solution, CDD1 DNA solution, CCR4 DNA solution and CC R3 DNA solution, respectively.

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Table 13

mutants	primers for the mutagenesis
OCIF-CC	CC R
OCIF-CDD2	CDD2 R
OCIF-CDD1	CDD1 R
OCIF-CCR4	CCR4 R
OCIF-CCR3	CCR3 R

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(2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-CL was digested with restriction enzymes Barn HI and Xho I. The Barn HI-Xho I DNA fragment containing the entire coding sequence for OCIF-CL was isolated and dissolved in 20 μI of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as CL DNA solution. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6 μI of either of CL DNA solution, CC DNA solution, CDD2 DNA solution, CDD1 DNA solution, CCR4 DNA solution or CCR3 DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 μI of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent

E. coli DH5 α cells (100 μ l) were transformed with 7 μ l of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids which have the desirable mutations in OCIF cDNA by analyzing the DNA structure. In each plasmid, OCIF cDNA fragment having a deletion were inserted between the recognition sites of Xho I and Bam HI of pCEP 4. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-CL, OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3 were designated pCEP4-OCIF-CL, pCEP4-OCIF-CC, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD2, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD1, pCEP4-OCIF-CCR4 and pCEP4-OCIF-CCR3, respectively.

- iv) Preparation of OCIF mutants with C-terminal truncation
- (1) Introduction of C-terminal truncation to OCIF

A series of OCIF mutants with C-terminal truncation was prepared. OCIF mutant in which 10 residues of from Gln at 371 to Leu at 380 are replaced with 2 residues of Leu-Val was designated OCIF-CBst. OCIF mutant in which 83 residues of from Cys 298 to Leu 380 are replaced with 3 residues of Ser-Leu-Asp was designated OCIF-CSph. OCIF mutant in which 214 residues of from Asn 167 to Leu 380 are removed was designated OCIF-CBsp. OCIF mutant in which 319 residues of from Asp 62 to Leu 380 are replaced with 2 residues of Leu-Val was designated OCIF-CPst. Positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4.

Two micrograms each of pSK \pm -OCIF was digested with one of the restriction enzymes, Bst PI, Sph I, Pstl (Takara Shuzo), and Bsp EI (New England Biolabs), and followed by phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation. The precipitated DNA was dissolved in 10 μ I of sterile distilled water. Ends of the DNAs in 2 μ I of each solution were blunted using a DNA blunting kit in final volumes of 5 μ I. To the reaction mixtures, 1 μ g (1 μ I) of an Amber codon-containing Xba I linker (5'-CTAGTCTAGACTAG-3') and 6 μ I of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were added.

After the ligation reactions, $6 \mu l$ each of the reaction mixtures was used to transform E. coli DH5 α . Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmids thus obtained were named pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF-CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst, respectively.

(2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

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- pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF- CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The 1.5 kb of DNA fragment containing entire coding sequence for each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20 μl of sterile distilled water. These DNA solutions that contain the Bam HI-XhoI fragment derived from pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF-CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst were designated as CBst DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CBsp DNA solution and CPst DNA solution, respectively. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution (described in EXAMPLE 22-ii)) and 6 μl of either CBst DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CBsp DNA solution or CPst DNA solution were independently mixed with 7 μl of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5α cells (100 μl) were transformed with 7 μl of each ligation mixture. Ampicillinresistant transformants were screened for dones containing plasmids in which cDNA fragment is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-CBst, OCIF-CBsp and OCIF-CPst were designated as pCEP4-OCIF-CBst, pCEP4-OCIF-CSph, pCEP4-OCIF-CBst, respectively.
- v) Preparetion of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants
- E. coli clones harboring the expression vectors for OCIF mutants (total of 21 clones) were grown and the vectors were purified by QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). All the expression vectors were precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in appropriate volumes of sterile distilled water and used for further manipupations shown below.
 - vi) Transient expression of the cDNAs for OCIF mutants and biological activities of the mutants

OCIF mutants were produced using the expression vectors prepared in EXAMPLE 22-v). The method was essentially the same as described in EXAMPLE 13. Only the modified points are described below. A 24-well plate was used for the DNA transfection. $2X10^5$ cells of 293/EBNA suspended in IMDM containing 10% fetal bovine serum were seeded into each well of the plate. One microgram of purified vector DNA and $4\mu l$ of lipofectamine were used for each transfection. Mixture of an expression vector and lipofectamine in OPTI-MEM (GIBCO BRL) in a final volume of 0.5 ml was added to the cells in a well. After the cells were incubated at 37°C for 24 hr in a CO₂ incubator, the medium was replaced with 0.5 ml of Ex-cell 301 medium (JSR). The cells were incubated at 37 °C for 48 more hours in the CO₂ incubator. The conditioned medium was collected and used for assay for in vitro biological activity. The nucleotide

sequences of cDNAs for the OCIF mutants are shown in SEQUENCE NO:83-103. The deduced amino acid sequences for the OCIF mutants are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 62-82. The assay for in vitro biological activity was performed as described in EXAMPLE 13. Antigen concentration of each conditioned medium was determined by ELISA as described in EXAMPLE 24. Table 14 shows specific activity of the mutants relative to that of the unaltered OCIF.

Table 14

mutants	activity
the unaltered OIF	++
OCIF-C19S	+
OCIF-C20S	±
OCIF-C21S	±
OCIF-C22S	+
OCIF-C23S	++
OCIF-DCR1	±
OCIF-DCR2	±
OCIF-DCR3	<u>±</u>
OCIF-DCR4	±
OCIF-DDD1	+
OCIF-DDD2	±
OCIF-CL	++
OCIF-CC	++
OCIF-CDD2	++
OCIF-CDD1	+
OCIF-CCR4	±
OCIF-CCR3	
OCIF-CBst	++
OCIF-CSph	++
OCIF-CBsp	±
OCIF-CPst	±

⁺⁺ indicates relative activity more than 50% of that of the unaltered OCIF

vii) western blot analysis

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Ten microliters of the final conditioned medium was used for western blot analysis. Ten microliters of the sample were mixed with 10 µl of SDS-PAGE sample buffer (0.5 M Tris-HCl, 20% glycerol, 4% SDS, 20µg/ml bromo phenol blue, pH 6.8) boiled for 3 min. and subjected to a 10 % SDS polyacryl amide gel electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions. After the electrophoresis, the separated proteins were blotted to PVDF membrane (ProBlott^R, Perkin Elmer) using a semi-dry electroblotter (BIO-RAD). The membrane was incubated at 37°C with horseradish peroxidase labeled anti-OCIF antibodies for 2 hr. After the membrane was washed, protein bands which react with the labeled antibodies were detected using ECL system (Amersham). Two protein bands with approximate molecular masses of 60kD and 120kD were detected for the unaltered OCIF. On the other hand, almost exclusively 60kD protein band was detected for OCIF-C23S, OCIF-CL and OCIF CC. Protein bands with an approximate masses of 40kD-50kD and 30kD-40kD were the major ones for OCIF-CDD2 and OCIF-CDD1, respectively. These results indicate that Cys at 379 is responsible for the dimer formation, both the monomers and the dimers maintain the biological activity and a deletion of residues from Asp

 $[\]pm$ indicates relative activity between 10% and 50% \pm indicates relative activity less than 10%, or production level too low to determine the accurate biological activity

at 177 to Leu at 380 does not abolish the biological activity of OCIF (positions of the amino acid resare shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4).

EXAMPLE 23

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Isolation of human genomic OCIF gene

i) Screening of a human genomic library

An amplified human placenta genomic library in Lambda FIX II vector purchased from STRATAGENE was screened for the gene encoding human OCIF using the human OCIF cDNA as a probe. Essentially, screening was done according to the instruction manual supplied with the genomic library. The basic protocols described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual also were employed to manipulate phage, E. coli, and DNA.

The library was titered, and 1x106 pfu of phage was mixed with XL1-Blue MRA host E. coli cells and plated on 20 plates (9 cm x 13 cm) with 9 ml per plate of top agarose. The plates were incubated overnight at 37°C. Filter plaque lifts were prepared using Hybond-N nylon membranes (Amersham). The membranes were processed by denaturation in a solution containing 1.5 M NaCl and 0.5 M NaOH for 1 minute at room temperature. The membranes were then neutralized by placing successively for one minute each in 1 M Tris-HCl (pH7.5) and a solution containing 1.5 M NaCl and 0.5 M Tris-HCl (pH 7.5). The membranes were then transferred onto a filter paper wet with 2xSSC. Phage DNA was fixed on the membranes with 1200 µJoules of UV energy in STRATALINKER UV crosslinker 2400 (STRATAGENE) and the membranes were air dried. The membranes were immersed in Rapid Hybridization buffer (Amersham) and incubated for one hour at 65 °C before hybridization with ³²P-labeled cDNA probe in the same buffer overnight at 65°C. Screening probe was prepared by labeling the OCIF cDNA with ³²P using the Megaprime DNA labeling system (Amersham). Approximately, 5x10⁵cpm probe was used for each ml of hybridization buffer. After the hybridization, the membranes were rinsed in 2xSSC for five minutes at room temperature. The membranes were then washed four times, 20 minutes each time, in 0.5xSSC containing 0.1 % SDS at 65 °C. After the final wash, the membranes were dried and subjected to autoradiography at -80 °C with SUPER HR-H X-ray film (FUJI PFOTO FILM Co., Ltd.) and an intensifying screen. Upon examination of the autoradiograms, six positive signals were detected. Agar plugs were picked from the regions corresponded to these signals for phage purification. Each agar plug was soaked overnight in 0.5 ml of SM buffer containing 1% chloroform to extract phage. Each extract containing phage was diluted 1000 fold with SM buffer and an aliquot of 1 ml or 20 ml was mixed with host E. coli described above. The mixture was plated on agar plates with top agarose as described above. The plates were incubated overnight at 37 °C, and filter lifts were prepared, prehybridized, hybridized, washed and autoradiographed as described above. This process of phage purification was applied to all six positive signals initially detected on the autoradiograms and was repeated until all phage plaques on agar plates hybridize with the cDNA probe. After purification, agar plugs of each phage isolate were soaked in SM buffer containing 1% chloroform and stored at 4 °C. Six individual phage isolates were designated λ OIF3, λ OIF9, λ OIF11, λ OIF12 and λ OIF17, respectively.

ii) Analysis of the genomic clones by restriction enzyme digestion and Southern blot hybridization

DNA was prepared from each phage isolate by the plate lysate method as described in Molecular Cloning; A Laboratory Manual. DNA prepared from each phage was digested with restriction enzymes and the fragments derived from the digestion were separated on agarose gels. The fragments were then transferred to nylon membranes and subjected to Southern blot hybridization using OCIF cDNA as a probe. The results of the analysis revealed that the six phage isolates are individual clones. Among these fragments derived from the restriction enzyme digestion, those fragments which hybridized with the OCIF cDNA probe were subcloned into plasmid vectors and subjected to the nucleotide sequence analysis as described below.

iii) Subcloning restriction fragments derived from genomic clones into plasmid vectors and determination of the nucleotide sequence.

 λ OIF8 DNA was digested with restriction enzymes EcoRI and NotI, and the DNA fragments derived these from were separated on a 0.7% agarose gel. The 5.8 kilobase pairs (kb) EcoRI/NotI fragment was extracted from the gel using QIAEX II Gel Extraction Kit (QIAGEN) according to the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. The 5.8 kb EcoRI/NotI fragment was ligated with pBluescript II SK+ vector (STRATAGENE) which had been linearized with restriction enzymes EcoRI and NotI, using Ready-To-Go T4 DNA Ligase (Pharmacia) according to the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. Competent DH5 α E. coli cells (Amersham) were transformed with the recombinant plasmid and transformants were selected on L-plates containing 50 μ g/ml of ampicillin. A clone harboring the recom-

EXAMPLE 26

Therapeutic effect on osteoporosis

(1) Method

Male Fischer rats, 6 weeks-old, were subjected to denervation of left forelimb. These rats were assigned to four groups (10 rats/group) and treated as follows; group A, sham operated rats without administration; group B, denervated rats with intravenous administration of vehicle; group C, denervated rats administered OCIF intravenously at a dose of 5 μ g/kg twice a day; group D, denervated rats administered OCIF intravenously at a dose of 50 μ g/kg twice a day. After denervation, OCIF was administered daily for 14 days. After 2 weeks treatment, the animals were sacrificed and their forelimbs were dissected. Thereafter bones were tested for mechanical strength.

(2) Results

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Decrease of bone strength was observed in the animals of control groups as compared to those animals of the normal groups while bone strength was increase in the groups of animal received 50 mg of OCIF per kg body weight.

Industrial availability

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The present invention provides both a novel protein which inhibits formation of osteoclasts and a efficient procedure to produce the protein. The protein of the present invention has an activity to inhibit formation of osteoclasts. The protein will be useful for the treatment of many diseases accompanying bone loss, such as osteoporosis, and as an antigen to be used for the immunological diagnosis of such diseases.

Referring to the deposited the microorgainsm

Name and Address of the Depositary Authority

Name:

National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology Agency of Industrial Science and Technol-

ogy Ministry of International Trade and Industry

Address:

1-3, Higashi 1-chome, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki-ken 305, JAPAN

Deposited date:

June 21, 1995

(It was transferred from Bikkoken No. P-14998, which was deposited on June 21, 1995.

Transferred date: October 25, 1995)

Acession Number: FERM BP-5267

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SEQUENCE LISTING (1) GENERAL INFORMATION: (i) APPLICANT: (A) NAME: SNOW BRANDS MILK PRODUCTS CO., LTD. (B) STREET: 10 (C) CITY: (D) STATE: (E) COUNTRY: (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): 15 (G) TELEPHONE: (H) TELEFAX: (I) TELEX: 20 (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Novel proteins and methods for producing the proteins (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 105 (iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM: (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk (B) COMPUTER: (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: 30 (D) SOFTWARE: Wordperfect windows (V) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA: (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 35 (B) FILE REFERENCE:

(C) FILING DATE:

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	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 1:										
-	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:										
5	(A) LENGTH: 6										
	(B) TYPE: amino acid										
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear										
10	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide (an internal amino acid sequence of the										
	protein)										
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 1:										
	Xaa Tyr His Phe Pro Lys										
15	1 5										
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 2:										
20	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:										
	(A) LENGTH: 14										
	(B) TYPE: amino acid										
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear										
25	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide (an internal amino acid sequence of the										
	protein)										
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO:2:										
30	Xaa Gln His Ser Xaa Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Xaa Lys										
	1 5 10										
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 3:										
35	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:										
	(A) LENGTH: 12										
	(B) TYPE: amino acid										
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear										
40	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide (an internal amino acid sequence of the										
	protein)										
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 3:										
45	Xaa Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys										
	1 5 10										
	(2)										
50	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 4:										
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:										
	(A) LENGTH: 380										

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		(B)	ГҮРЕ	: ar	nino	acio	1							•	
		(D) 1	ropol	LOGY	: 1:	inea	r								
5	(ii) h	OLE	CULE	TYPE	: :	prote	ein	(OCII	pro	otei	ı Wi1	thou	t si	gnal	peptide)
	(xi) S	SEQUE	ENCE	DESC	CRIP	LION	:SEG	Q ID	NO:4	4:					
	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser
10	1				5					10					15
	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Lys
					20					25					30
	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Pro
15					35					40					45
	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys	Leu
					50					5 5					60
20	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu
					65					70					75
	Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr		Asn	Arg	Val	Cys		Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	_
0.5	_	_			80		_	_	_	85		_	_	_	90
25	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile		Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys		Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	
	61	D1	01.	17 1	95	61		61		100	. 1			6 77	105
	GIA	rne	GIY	Val		Gin	Ala	Gly	Ihr		Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	
30	Cva	1	A	C	110	A	C1	DL.	DL -	115	A	C1	TL	C	120
	Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys		ASP	GLY	rne	rne		ASN	GIU	inr	2er	
	Ive	A12	Pro	Cve	125	Ive	H; c	Thr	4 cn	130 Cvc	Sar	Vol	Dho	G1 _v	135
35	LJS	HIO	110	Cys	140	LJS	1113	1111	NSII	145	Sel	Val	I IIE	GLY	150
	Leu	Len	Thr	Gln		G1v	Asn	Ala	Thr		Asn	Asn	Ιἰρ	Cve	
	554	200	• • • •	V 2	155	01)	,,,,,,			160	пор	NJU	110	0,5	165
	Gly	Asn	Ser	G1u		Thr	GIn	Lvs	Cvs		Île	Asp	Val	Thr	
40	,				170			-,-	-,-	175					180
	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala		Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala		Pro	Thr	Lvs	Phe	
	·				185					190			-,-		195
15	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu		Val	Leu	Val	Asp		Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	
			•		200				•	205			•		210
	Val	Asn	Ala	G1u	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile		Arg	G1n	His	Ser	Ser
					215			-		220	-				225
50	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	G1n	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn
					230					235		_			240

	Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu	
5	245 250 255	
	Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr	
	260 265 270	
	Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys	
10	275 280 285	
	Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro	
	290 295 300	
15	Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn	
`	305 310 315	
	Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His	
	320 325 330	
20	Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys	
	335 340 345	
	Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr	
25	350 355 360	
	Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val 365 370 375	
	Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu 380	
30	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 5:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 401	
35	(B) TYPE: amino acid	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF protein with signal peptide)
.	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 5:	
10	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser	
	-20 -15 -10	
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His	
15	-5 -1 1 5	
	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro	
	10 15 20	
50	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr	
·•	25 30 35	
	Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His	

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	40					45					50				
		Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro		Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu
5	55		•			60	•	·			65	•	•		
	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	G1u	Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys
	70					75					80			<u>.</u> :	
10	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys
	85					90					95				
	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr
	100					105					110				
15	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe
	115					120					125				
	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
20	130					135					140				
		Ser	Val	Phe	Gly		Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln		Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
	145				_	150			_		155			_	_
ae.		Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys		Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu		Thr	Gln	Lys	Cys
	160	T1 -	A	17 - 1	T1	165	C	C1	61	47 -	170	nı	A -	Di	43
	175	116	Asp	vai	inr		Cys	GIU	GIU	Ala		Pne	Arg	rne	Ala
		Pro	Thr	Lve	Dho	180 The	Dro	Acn	Twn	Lou	185	Va1	Lou	Vo1	A on
-	190	110	Thr	LyS	rne	195	FIO	nsii	ith	Leu	200	rai	Leu	vai	ASP
		Leu	Pro	G1v	Thr		Va1	Asn	Ala	Glu		Val	Glu	Aro	Ile
	205			01,	****	210				014	215		U1u		
		Arg	G1n	His	Ser		Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr		Gln	Leu	Leu	Lvs
	220					225					230				-•-
	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	G1n	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
40	235					240					245				
	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln	Arg	His	Ile
	250					255					260			•	
	Gly	His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu
45	265					270					275				
		Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr
	280					285					290				
50		Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys		Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile		Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser
	295	_				300					305				
	Leu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu

310				315					320				
Met His	Ala L	Leu L	_ys	His	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr
325				330					335			•	
Val Thr	Gln S	Ser L	.eu	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Phe
340				345					350			_	
Thr Met	Tyr L	ys L	eu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Gly
355				360					365				
Asn Gln	Val G	ln S	er	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu				
370				375					380				

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 6:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1206

(B) TYPE : nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS : single

(D) TOPOLOGY : linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 6:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600 CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960 CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020

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5	ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200 TTATAA
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 7: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 15
15	(B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide (a N-terminal amino acid sequence of the
20	protein) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO:7: Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser 1 5 10 15
25	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE NO ID NO: 8: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
30	(A) LENGTH: 1185(B) TYPE: nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
35	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO:8 ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60
40	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGTGC AATCGCACCC ACAACCGCGT GTGCGAATGC 300
45	AAGGAAGGGC GCTACCTTGA GATAGAGTTC TGCTTGAAAC ATAGGAGCTG CCCTCCTGGA 360 TTTGGAGTGG TGCAAGCTGG AACCCCAGAG CGAAATACAG TTTGCAAAAG ATGTCCAGAT 420 GGGTTCTTCT CAAATGAGAC GTCATCTAAA GCACCCTGTA GAAAACACAC AAATTGCAGT 480
50	GTCTTTGGTC TCCTGCTAAC TCAGAAAGGA AATGCAACAC ACGACAACAT ATGTTCCGGA 540 AACAGTGAAT CAACTCAAAA ATGTGGAATA GATGTTACCC TGTGTGAGGA GGCATTCTTC 600 AGGTTTGCTG TTCCTACAAA GTTTACGCCT AACTGGCTTA GTGTCTTGGT AGACAATTTG 660 CCTGGCACCA AAGTAAACGC AGAGAGTGTA GAGAGGATAA AACGGCAACA CAGCTCACAA 720

55

2.21 (C.24)

AAGAAGATCA TCCAAGATAT TGACCTCTGT GAAAACAGGG TGCAGCGGCA CATTGGACA GCTAACCTCA CCTTCGAGCA GCTTCGTAGC TTGATGGAAA GCTTACCGG AAAGAAAAG GGAGCAGAAG ACATTGAAAA AACAATAAAG GCATGCAAAC CCAGTGACCA CATCCTGAA CTGCTCAGTT TGTGGGGAAT AAAAAATGGC GACCAAGACA CCTTGAAGG CCTAATGCA GCACTAAAGC ACTCAAAGAC GTACCACTTT CCCAAAACTG TCACTCAGAG TCTAAAGA ACCATCAGGT TCCTTCACAG CTTCACAATG TACAAATTGT ATCAGAAGTT ATTTTTAGA ATGATAGGTA ACCAGGTCCA ATCAGTAAAA ATAAGCTGCT TATAA (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 9: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Lys	C 780
GGAGCAGAAG ACATTGAACA ACATTAAAG GCATGCAAAC CCAGTGACCA GATCCTGAA CTGCTCAGTT TGTGGCGAAT AAAAAATGGC GACCAAGACA CCTGAAGGG CCTAATGCA GCACTAAAGC ACTCAAAGAC GTACCACTTT CCCAAAACTG TCACTCAGAG TCTAAAGAA ACCATCAGGT TCCTTCACAG CTTCACAATG TACAAATTGT ATCAGAAGTT ATTTTTAGA ATGATAGGTA ACCAGGTCCA ATCAGTAAAA ATAAGCTGCT TATAA (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 9: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	T 840
CTGCTCAGTT TGTGGCGAAT AAAAAATGGC GACCAAGACA CCTTGAAGGG CCTAATGCA GCACTAAAGC ACTCAAAGAC GTACCACTTT CCCAAAACTG TCACTCAGAG TCTAAAGAA ACCATCAGGT TCCTTCACAG CTTCACAATG TACAAAATTGT ATCAGAAGTT ATTTTTAGA ATGATAGGTA ACCAGGTCCA ATCAGTAAAA ATAAGCTGCT TATAA (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 9: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	G 900
GCACTAAAGC ACTCAAAGAC GTACCACTTT CCCAAAACTG TCACTCAGAG TCTAAAGAA ACCATCAGGT TCCTTCACAG CTTCACAATG TACAAATTGT ATCAGAAGTT ATTTTTAGA ATGATAGGTA ACCAGGTCCA ATCAGTAAAA ATAAGCTGCT TATAA (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 9: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	G 960
ACCATCAGGT TCCTTCACAG CTTCACAATG TACAAATTGT ATCAGAAGTT ATTTTTAGA ATGATAGGTA ACCAGGTCCA ATCAGTAAAA ATAAGCTGCT TATAA (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 9: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	C 1020
ATGATAGGTA ACCAGGTCCA ATCAGTAAAA ATAAGCTGCT TATAA (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 9: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	G 1080
(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 9: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	A 1140
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	1185
(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
(A) LENGTH: 394 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
(B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9: 25 Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20	
Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20	
-20	
The Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His	
Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10	
Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 10	
Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
25	
Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 40	
40	
Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys 55 60 65 Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr 70 75 80 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly 85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
85 90 95 Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys 100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
100 105 110 Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys	
115 120 125	•

		Cys Arg			Asn Cys	Ser Val		Leu Leu
5	130 Leu Thr 145	Gln Lys	Gly A	.35 .sn Ala .50	Thr His		Ile Cys	Ser Gly
	•	Glu Ser	Thr G		Cys Gly		Val Thr	Leu Cys
10		Ala Phe	Phe A		Ala Val	Pro Thr		Thr Pro
15		Leu Ser		eu Val .95	Asp Asn	Leu Pro 200		Lys Val
	Asn Ala 205	Glu Ser		Slu Arg 210	Ile Lys	Arg Glr 215		Ser Gln
20	Glu Gln 220	Thr Phe		Leu Leu 225	Lys Leu	Trp Lys 230		Asn Lys
	235	Asp Ile	2	240		245	i	
25	250	Ser Val	2	255		260)	
30	265	Leu Arg	2	270		275	;	
	280		2	285		290)	Pro Ser
35	295		3	300		308	5	Asn Gly
	310		3	315		320)	Lys Lys
40	325	•	3	330		338	j	Tyr Gln
45	340		3	345		350)	· Val Lys
	355	Cys Leu	3	360	•	369		
50	370	373						

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH : 1089

5	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
10	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF3)	
.•	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION ID NO: 10:	
	ATGAACAAGT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
15	TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
	GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	240
	CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
20 '	CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	360
	CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA	420
	GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT	480
	AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	540
25	CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	600
	CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT	660
	AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA	720
30	AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA	780
	AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC	840
	GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC AGTTTGTGGC GAATAAAAAA TGGCGACCAA	900
	GACACCTTGA AGGGCCTAAT GCACGCACTA AAGCACTCAA AGACGTACCA CTTTCCCAAA	960
35	ACTGTCACTC AGAGTCTAAA GAAGACCATC AGGTTCCTTC ACAGCTTCAC AATGTACAAA	
	TTGTATCAGA AGTTATTTTT AGAAATGATA GGTAACCAGG TCCAATCAGT AAAAATAAGC	
	TGCTTATAA	1089
40		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 11:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 362	
45	(B) TYPE: amino acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
50	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein (OCIF3)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:	
	Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phc Leu Asp Ile Ser	

		-20					-15					-10			
	Ile	Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	GLu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
5		-5				-1	1				5				
	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro
	10					15					20			_	
10	Pro	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr
	25					30					35				
		Cys	Ala	Pro	Cys		Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr		Asp	Ser	Trp	His
	40	_			_	45	_	_		_	50				
15		Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys		Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro		Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu
	55	Т	17 . T	,	61	60				and a	65 			., .	_
	70	ıyr	Val	Lys	GIN		Cys	Asn	Arg	Ihr		Asn	Arg	Val	Cys
20		Cve	Lys	61	Glv	75	Tur	Lou	GI.,	Πa	80 Gly	Pho	Cvc	Lou	Lva
	85	O) S	Lys	GIU	Oly	90	1 1 1	Leu	GIU	116	95	t ne	Cys	Leu	Lys
		Arg	Ser	Cvs	Pro		Glv	Phe	Glv	Val		Gln	Ala	G1 v	Thr
25	100			•		105	•		•		110			•	
	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe
	115					120					125				
30	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
30	130					135					140				
		Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	G1n	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
	145					150					155				
35		Asp	Asn	He	Cys		Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu		Thr	G1n	Lys	Cys
•	160	T1 -	A	17:1	T1 .	165		01	01		170	Di		D!	.,
	175	TIE	Asp	vai	inr		Cys	GIU	Glu	Ala		Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala
40		Pro	Thr	lve	Pho	180 Thr	Pro	4 cn	Trn	Lou	185	Val	Lou	Va1	Acn
	190	110	1111	Lys	1 116	195	110	non	irb	Leu	200	Val	rea	Val	vsħ
		Leu	Pro	Glv	Thr		Val	Asn.	Ala	G1u		Val	Glu	Arø	Ile
45	205					210					215				
	Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr		Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys
	220					225					230				-
	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	G1n	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
50	235					240					245				
	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln	Arg	His	Ile

	250 255 260	
	Gly His Ala Asn Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln	
5	265 270 275	
	Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr	
	280 285 290	
10	Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile	
	295 300 305	
	Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu	
15	310 315 320	
	Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser 325 330 335	
	Cys Leu	
	340 341	
20	· · · · · ·	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 12:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
25	(A) LENGTH: 465	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
3 <i>0</i>	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF4)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 12:	
35	ATGAACAAGT TGCTGCTG CTCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
~	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
	TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	180 240
	CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
10	CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	360
	CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GTACGTGTCA ATGTGCAGCA	420
	AAATTAATTA GGATCATGCA AAGTCAGATA GTTGTGACAG TTTAG	465
15		
	\cdot	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 13:	
50	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
-	(A) LENGTH: 154	
	(B) TYPE: amino acid	

AA

	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single							
(D) TOPOLOGY : linear								
5	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : protein (OCIF4)							
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:							
	Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys Ser Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser							
10	-20 -15 -0							
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His							
	- 5 -1 1 5							
	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro							
15	10 15 20							
	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr							
	25 30 35							
20	Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His							
	40 45 50							
	Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu							
25	55 60 65							
	Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys 70 75 80							
	70 75 80 Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys							
	85 90 95							
30	His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr							
	100 105 110							
	Cys Gln Cys Ala Ala Lys Leu Ile Arg Ile Met Gln Ser Gln Ile							
35	115 120 125							
	Val Val Thr Val							
	130 133							
40								
**	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 14:							
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:							
	(A) LENGTH: 438							
45	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid							
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single							
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear							
50	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF5)							
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION ID NO: 14:							
	ATGAACAAGT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60)						

	CAGGARACGI LICCICCAAA GIACCIICAI TAIGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG
	TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC
5	GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT
	CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC
	CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA
10	CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GATGCAGGAG AAGACCCAAG
	CCACAGATAT GTATCTGA
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 15:
15	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A) LENGTH : 140
	(B) TYPE : amino acid
20	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single
20	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : protein (OCIF5)
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: ID NO: 15:
25	Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
	-20 -15 -10
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
30	-5 -1 1 5
	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
	10 15 20
	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr
35	25 30 35
	Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His
	40 45 50
40	Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu
,	55 60 65
	Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys
	70 75 80
45	Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys
	85 90 95
	His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Cys
50	100 105 110
	Arg Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Ile Cys Ile
	115 120 124

	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 16:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
5	(A) LENGTH: 20	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
10	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer T3)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:	
	AATTAACCCT CACTAAAGGG	20
15		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 17:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20	(A) LENGTH: 22	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
25	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer T7)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:	
	GTAATACGAC TCACTATAGG GC	22
30	(0) TIMONUMENT DO COLUMN	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 18:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 20	
35	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(b) TOPOLOGY: linear	
10	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer IF1)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 18:	
	ACATCAAAAC AAAGACCAAG	20
15	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 19:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 20	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
50	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	•
	(n) toranger . Truckl	

5	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer IF2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19: TCTTGGTCTT TGTTTTGATG	20
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 20: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20	
15	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer IF3)	
20	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 20: TTATTCGCCA CAAACTGAGC	20
25	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 21: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
30	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer IF4)	
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 21: TTGTGAAGCT GTGAAGGAAC	20
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 22: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer IF5) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:	
50	GCTCAGTTTG TGGCGAATAA	20
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 23:	

	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 20	
5	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	•
10	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer IF6)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 23:	
	GTGGGAGCAG AAGACATTGA	20
15	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 24:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 20	
00	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
20	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer IF7)	
25	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 24:	
	AATGAACAAC TTGCTGTGCT	20
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 25:	
30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH : 20	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
35	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	•
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer IF8)	
40	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 25:	
40	TGACAAATGT CCTCCTGGTA	20
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 26:	
45	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 20	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
50	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer IF9)	

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 26:	
,	AGGTAGGTAC CAGGAGGACA	20
5		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 27:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
10	(A) LENGTH: 20	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
15	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer IF10)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 27:	
	GAGCTGCCCT CCTGGATTTG	20
20		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 28:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 20	
25	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
30	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer IF11)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 28:	
	CAAACTGTAT TTCGCTCTGG	20
35	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 29:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 20	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
40	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer IF12)	
45	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 29:	
	GTGTGAGGAG GCATTCTTCA	20
50	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 30:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 32	

	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid		
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single		
5	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear		
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C19SF)		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 30:		
10	GAATCAACTC AAAAAAGTGG AATAGATGTT AC	-	32
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 31:		
•	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:		
15	(A) LENGTH: 32		
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid		
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single		
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear		
20	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C19SR)		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 31:		
	GTAACATCTA TTCCACTTTT TTGAGTTGAT TC		32
25			02
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 32:		
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:		
	(A) LENGTH: 30		
30	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid		
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single		
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	•	
<i>35</i>	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C20SF)		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 32:		
40	ATAGATGTTA CCCTGAGTGA GGAGGCATTC		30
	(0)		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 33:		
•	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:		
45	(A) LENGTH : 30		
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid		
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single		
50	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear		
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C20SR)		
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 33:		

	GAATGCCTCC TCACTCAGGG TAACATCTAT	30
5	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 34:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 31	
10	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C21SF)	
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 34:	
	CAAGATATTG ACCTCAGTGA AAACAGCGTG C	31
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 35:	
20	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 31	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
25	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C21SR)	
30	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 35:	
	GCACGCTGTT TTCACTGAGG GCAATATCTT G	31
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 36:	
3 5	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH : 31	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
40	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
70	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C22SF)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 36:	
45	AAAACAATAA AGGCAAGCAA ACCCAGTGAC C	31
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 37:	
5 0	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
50	(A) LENGTH: 31	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	

	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
_	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
5	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C22SR)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 37:	
	GGTCACTGGG TTTGCTTGCC TTTATTGTTT T	31
10	-	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 38:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
45	(A) LENGTH: 31	
15	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
20	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer C23SF)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 38:	
	TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCAGCTT ATAACTGGCC A	31
25	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 39:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 31	
30	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer C23SR)	•
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 39:	
	TGGCCAGTTA TAAGCTGCTT ATTTTTACTG A	31
40	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 40:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 22	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
45	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer IF 14)	
50	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 40:	
	TTGGGGTTTA TTGGAGGAGA TG	
	Labellowitch 10	22

	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 41:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
5	(A) LENGTH: 36	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	,
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
10	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DCR1F)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 41:	
	ACCACCCAGG AACCTTGCCC TGACCACTAC TACACA	36
15		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 42:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20	(A) LENGTH: 36	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
25	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DCR1R)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 42:	
	GTCAGGGCAA GGTTCCTGGG TGGTCCACTT AATGGA	36
30	(0)	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 43:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
35	(A) LENGTH: 36	•
•	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
40	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DCR2F)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 43: ACCGTGTGCG CCGAATGCAA GGAAGGGCGC TACCTT	•
	ACCOLOTOGO CCOAKIOCAA GOAAGGGCGC IACCII	36
45	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 44:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 36	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
50	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(2) totopool . Tillegt	

5	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DCR2R) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 44: TTCCTTGCAT TCGGCGCACA CGGTCTTCCA CTTTGC	36
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 45: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
15	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer DCR3F)	
20	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 45: AACCGCGTGT GCAGATGTCC AGATGGGTTC TTCTCA	36
25	 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 46: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 36 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single 	
30	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer DCR3R) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 46: ATCTGGACAT CTGCACACGC GGTTGTGGGT GCGATT	36
35	MOTOMONT OTOCHOROUS dull'OTOGOT GCGNIT	30
4 0	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 47:(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 36	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
45	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DCR4F) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 47: ACAGTTTGCA AATCCGGAAA CAGTGAATCA ACTCAA	36
50	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 48: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	

	(A) LENGTH: 36	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
5	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DCR4R)	
10	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 48:	
10	ACTGTTTCCG GATTTGCAAA CTGTATTTCG CTCTGG	36
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 49:	
15	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 36	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
20	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DDD1F)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 49:	
25	AATGTGGAAT AGATATTGAC CTCTGTGAAA ACAGCG	36
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 50:	
30	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
30	(A) LENGTH: 36	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	•
35	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DDD1R)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 50:	
40	AGAGGTCAAT ATCTATTCCA CATTTTTGAG TTGATT	36
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 51:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
45	(A) LENGTH: 36	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	·
50	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer DDD2F)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 51:	

	AGATCATCCA AGACGCACTA AAGCACTCAA AGACGT	36
5	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 52:(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 36	
10	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS : single (D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
15	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer DDD2R) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 52: GCTTTAGTGC GTCTTGGATG ATCTTCTTGA CTATAT	36
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 53: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 29	
25	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS : single (D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
30	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer XhoI F) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 53: GGCTCGAGCG CCCAGCCGCC GCCTCCAAG	29
35	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 54: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 20	
40	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer IF 16)	
45	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 54:	20
50	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 55: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 30 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(D) TILE . UNCTGIC SCIO	

	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
5	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer CL F)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 55:	
	TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCTAACT GGAAATGGCC	30
10		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 56:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
15	(A) LENGTH: 30	
15	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
20	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer CL R)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 56:	
	GGCCATTTCC AGTTAGCTTA TTTTTACTGA	30
25	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 57:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 29	
30	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
•	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer CC R)	
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 57:	
	CCGGATCCTC AGTGCTTTAG IGCGTGCAT	29
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 58:	
40	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 29	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
45	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer CCD2 R)	
50	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 58:	
<i>50</i>		
	CCGGATCCTC ATTGGATGAT CTTCTTGAC	29

	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 59:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
5	(A) LENGTH: 29	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
10	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer CCD1 R)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 59:	
	CCGGATCCTC ATATTCCACA TTTTTGAGT	29
15		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 60:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
20	(A) LENGTH: 29	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
25	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: synthetic DNA (primer CCR4 R)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 60:	
	CCGGATCCTC ATTTGCAAAC TGTATTTCG	29
30	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 61:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 29	
05	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
35	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : synthetic DNA (primer CCR3 R)	
40	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 61:	
	CCGGATCCTC ATTCGCACAC GCGGTTGTG	29
		23
45	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 62:	
10	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 401	
	(B) TYPE: amino acid	
50	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	

	(ii)	MOLE	CULE	TYP	E : 1	Prot	ein	(OCI	F-C1	9S)		•			
	(xi)	SEQUI	ENCE	DES	CRIP	TION	:SE	Q ID	ŃΟ:	62:					
5	Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser
		-20					-15					-10			
	Ile	Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
10		- 5				-I	1				5				
	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro
	10					15					20				
16		G1y	Thr	Tyr	Leu		Gln	His	Cys	Thr		Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr
15	25	_		_	_	30			_	_	35				
		Cys	Ala	Pro	Cys		Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr		Asp	Ser	Trp	His
	40	C	A	C1	C	45	T	C		n.	50	^		01	
20		Ser	ASP	GIU	cys		ıyr	Cys	5er	Pro		Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu
	55 Gln	Tur	Vo 1	1 200	Cln	60 Cl.:	Cva	A an	A	Thu	65 u:	A ==	A ====	V-1	C
	70	Tyr	141	LyS	OIII	75	Cys	กรแ	ru g	Ш	80	ASII	Arg	Vai	cys
25		Cys	Lvs	Glu	G1 v		Tvr	Len	Glu	Πe		Phe	Cve	l eu	Ive
	85	0,0	2,0	010	O.,	90	.,.	Dog	014	110	95	1110	0,3	DCu	L) 3
		Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro		G1y	Phe	Gly	Val		G1n	Ala	G1v	Thr
20	100	_		•		105	•		•		110			•	
30	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe
	115					120					125				
	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
35	130					135					140				
	Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
	145					150					155				
40	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	G1y	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser
	160					165					170				
		Ile	Asp	Val	Thr		Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala		Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala
	175	_				180	_		_		185				
45		Pro	Thr	Lys			Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu		Val	Leu	Val	Asp
	190	,	n	41		195	., 1				200				
		Leu	Pro	GLY	Thr		Val	Asn	Ala	Glu		Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
50	205	A	C1-	u: -	C	210	C 1 =	C1	C1	TI.	215	C 1		т.	τ.
		Arg	GIN	uis	ser		ΩŢŪ	GID	GIN	ınr		GID	Leu	Leu	Lys
	220					225					230				

	Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys I 235 240 245	1
5	Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His I	1.
	250 255 260	L
	Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Gl	lι
10	265 270 275 -	
	Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Th	11
	280 285 290	
15	Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Se 295 300 305	ï
	Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Le	
	310 315 320	u
20	Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Th	r
	325 330 335	
	Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Pho	e
25	340 345 350	
	Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly 355 360 365	y
	355 360 365 Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu	
30	370 375 380	
30		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 63:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
35	(A) LENGTH: 401	
	(B) TYPE : amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
10	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Protein (OCIF-C20S)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 63:	
	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser	
15	-20 -15 -10	
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His	
	-5 -1 1 5	
50	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro	
	10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Lou Lyo Cla His Cos The Alexander Transfer	
	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr	

	25		30	35	
	Val Cys	Ala Pro Cys	Pro Asp His	Tyr Tyr Thr	Asp Ser Trp His
5	40		45	50	
	Thr Ser	Asp Glu Cys	Leu Tyr Cys	Ser Pro Val	Cys Lys Glu Leu
	55		60	65	
10		al Lys Gln		Arg Thr His	Asn Arg Val Cys
	70		75	80	
		.ys Glu Gly			Phe Cys Leu Lys
15	85	Same Const. De	90	95	
15	100	er Cys Pro			Gln Ala Gly Thr
		ro Asn Thr	Val Cyc Lyc	110 Ara Cya Pro	Asp Gly Phe Phe
	115 514 .	ag non int	120	125	Asp Gry File File
20		lu Thr Ser			Lys His Thr Asn
	130		135	140	-,
	Cys Ser V	al Phe Gly	Leu Leu Leu	Thr Gln Lys	Gly Asn Ala Thr
25	145		150	155	
	His Asp A	sn Ile Cys	Ser Gly Asn S	Ser Glu Ser	Thr Gln Lys Cys
	160		165	170	
30		sp Val Thr		Glu Ala Phe	Phe Arg Phe Ala
	175		180	185	
		hr Lys Phe			Val Leu Val Asp
	190	to Cly The	195	200	W-1 01- A 71
35	205	to dry int	210	Ala Glu Ser 215	Val Glu Arg Ile
		ln His Ser			Gln Leu Leu Lys
	220		225	230	oin bed bed bys
40	Leu Trp L	ys His Gln			Val Lys Lys Ile
	235		240	245	
	Ile Gln A	sp Ile Asp	Leu Cys Glu A	Asn Ser Val	Gln Arg His Ile
45	250		255	260	
		la Asn Leu	Thr Phe Glu G	Gln Leu Arg	Ser Leu Met Glu
	265		270	275	
50				Ala Glu Asp	Ile Glu Lys Thr
50	280		285	290	
	TIE LYS A	ia Cys Lys	Pro Ser Asp G	in Ile Leu l	Lys Leu Leu Ser

	295 300 305	
	Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly	Lau
5	310 315 320	Leu
	Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys	Thr
	325 330 335	
10	Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser	Phe
	340 345 350	
	Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile	Gly
	355 360 365	
15	Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu	
	370 375 380	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 64:	
20	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 401	
	(B) TYPE: amino acid	
25	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Protein (OCIF-C21S)	
30	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64:	
30	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile	Ser
30	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu	
30 35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 5	His
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu	His
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys	His Pro
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys 10 15 20	His Pro
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys	His Pro Thr
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp 40 45 50	His Pro Thr His
35	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys 10 15 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu	His Pro Thr His
35 40	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 5 5 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu 55 60	His Pro Thr His Leu
35 40	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys 25 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp 40 45 50 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu 55 60 65 Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val	His Pro Thr His Leu
35 40	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp 40 45 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu 55 60 65 65 Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val 70 75	His Pro Thr His Leu Cys
35 40 45	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 64: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile -20 -15 -10 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu -5 -1 1 -5 -1 1 5 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys 20 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys 25 25 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp 40 45 50 50 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu 55 60 65 Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val	His Pro Thr His Leu Cys

	His 100		Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Val		Ala	Gly	Thr
5	115					120					125				Phe
10	Ser 130		Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser 135	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg 140	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
	Cys 145		Val	Phe	Gly	Leu 150	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys 155	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
45		Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu		Thr	Gln	Lys	Cys
15	160 Gly	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	165 Leu	Cvs	Glu	Gl ₁₁	Ala	170 Phe	Phe	Ara	Pha	410
	175					180	٠,٥	0.0	010		185	1 110	IG E	1 116	NIA
20	Val 190	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr 195	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser 200	Val	Leu	Val	Asp
	Asn 205	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys 210	Val	Asn	Ala	GLu		Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
25		Arg	G1n	His	Ser	Ser 225	G1n	Glu	Gln	Thr	215 Phe 230	G1n	Leu	Leu	Lys
		Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp		Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
30	235 Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp	240 Leu	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	245 Val	G1n	Arg	His	Ile
	250					255					260				
35	Gly 265	His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr 270	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg 275	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu
		Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Lys 285	Val	G1y	Ala	Glu		Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr
40	Ile 295	Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys	Pro 300	Ser	Asp	Gln		Leu 305	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser
	Leu 310	Trp	Arg	Ile		Asn 315	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp		Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu
45	Met 325	His	Ala	Leu		His 330	Ser	Lys	Thr		His 335	Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr
		Thr	Gln	Ser		Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile			Leu	His	Ser	Phe
50	340 Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys		345 Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu		350 Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Glv
	355		-	٠		360		.,-	-		365				,

	Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu	!			
	370					375					380				
5															
	(2) I	NFOR	MATI	ON F	OR S	EQUE	NCE	ID N	0: 6	5:					
	(i) S	EQUE	NCE	CHAR	ACTE	RIST	ICS:								
10		(A) L	ENGT:	Н :	401									-	
		(B)	TYPE	: a	mino	aci	d								
		(C)	STRA	NDED!	NESS	: s	ingl	е							
			TOPO												
15	(ii)	MOLE	CULE	TYP	E : 1	Prot	ein	(OCI	F-C2	2S)					
	(xi)	SEQU	ENCE	DES	CRIP	TION	:SE	Q ID	ΝО:	65:					
	Met		Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser
20		-20					-15					-10			
	Ile		Trp	Thr	Thr			Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
	_	-5				-1	1				5				
25		Asp	GLu	Glu	Thr		His	Gln	Leu	Leu		Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro
20	10	01	ær.	_		15			_		20		_		
		GIA	inr	lyr	Leu		GIn	His	Cys	Thr		Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr
	25 V-1	Corn	AT	D	C	30 D	A	11.2 -	Т	т	35	i	~		***
30	40	Cys	wis	rro	cys	45	Asp	nıs	ıyr	ıyr		Asp	Ser	ırp	HIS
		Ser	Acn	GIn	Cvc	-	Tur	Cvc	Sor	Dro	50 Vol	Cys	I va	CI.,	Lau
	55	UCI	usp	UIU	oy s	60	171	Cys	Set	110	65	Cys	Lys	GIU	Leu
35		Tvr	Val	Lvs	Gln		Cvs	Asn	Aro	Thr		Asn	Ara	Val	Cve
	70	-,-		2,0	01	75	0,0	*****		****	80	Mon	ın B	101	0,3
		Cys	Lys	Glu	G1y		Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile		Phe	Cvs	Leu	Lvs
40	85	·	-		•	90	•				95		-,-		-,-
	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr
	100					105					110			•	
	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe
45	115					120					125				
	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
	130					135					140				
50	Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
	1,45					150					155				
	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Cys

	160					165					170				
	Gly	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala
5	175					180					185				
	Val	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Asp
	190					195					200				
10	Asn	Leu	Pro	G1y	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	λrg	Ile
	205					210					215				
	Lys	Arg	G1n	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys
	220					225					230				
15		Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
	235					240					245				
		Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp		Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser		GIn	Arg	His	Ile
20	250					255				_	260		_		
		HIS	Ala	Asn	Leu		Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	_	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu
	265	1	D	C1	T	270	W - 1	C1	41.	C1	275	* 1	01		en l
25	280	Leu	Pro	GIÀ	Lys	285	vai	GIY	ATA	GIU	290	116	GIU	Lys	ınr
		Lvs	Ala	Ser	Lve		Ser	Aen	Gln	Πa		Ive	Į au	Lou	Sar
	295	2,2		501	2,5	300	001	пор	0111	110	305	D) 3	Leu	Deu	561
		Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys		G1v	Asp	G1n	Asp		Leu	Lvs	Glv	Leu
30	310	_			•	315	•				320		,-	,	
	Met	His	Ala	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr		Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr
	325					330					335				
35	Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Phe
	340				•	345					350				
	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	GIn	Lys	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	G1y
40	355					360					365				
40		G1n	Val	Gln	Ser		Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu				
	370					375					380			,	
	/a\ =\														
	(2) IN							D NO): 66	j:					
((i) SE	COULT	VCE (HARA	CTER	USTI	.cs:								

- (A) LENGTH: 401
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS : single
- (D) TOPOLOGY : linear

	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : Protein (OCIF-C23S)
5	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 66:
v	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -15 -10
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
10	-5 -1 1 5 -
	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
	10 15 20
	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr
15	25 30 35
	Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His
	40 45 50
20	Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu
	55 60 65
	Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys
	70 75 80
25	Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys
	85 90 9 5
	His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr
30	100 105 110
	Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe
	115 120 125
<i>35</i>	Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn
•••	130 135 140
	Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr
	145 150 155 His Asp Asp III Cyc Sop Gly Asp Sop Gly Sop The Gly Lye Cyc
40	His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys 160 165 170
	Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala
	175 180 185
4 5	Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp
	190 195 200
	Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile
	205 210 215
50	Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys
	220 225 230

	Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile
5	235 240 245
	Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile 250 255 260
	Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu
10	265 270 275
	Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr
	280 285 290
45	Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser
15	295 300 305
	Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu
	310 315 320
20	Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr
	325 330 335
	Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe
25	340 345 350 Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly
	355 360 365
	Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Ser Leu
30	370 375 380
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 67:
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
35	(A) LENGTH: 360
	(B) TYPE: amino acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single (D) TOPOLOGY : linear
40	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : Protein (OCIF-DCR1)
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 67:
	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
45	-20 -15 -10
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr
	-5 -1 1 5
50	Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val
	10 15 20
	Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His

	25					30					35				
	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu
5	40					45					50				
	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	G1y	Val	Val
	55					60					65				
10		Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	Ĉys	Pro
	70					75					80				
		Gly	Phe	Phe	Ser		G1u	Thr	Ser	Ser		Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg
	85		mı		_	90				_	95	_			
15		His	Thr	Asn	Cys			Phe	Gly	Leu		Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys
	100	A	41.	Tl	17.	105		.,			110		_		_
	115	ASN	Ala	ınr	nıs		ASN	116	Cys	Ser		Asn	Ser	GLu	Ser
20		Gln	Lys	Cve	Glv	120	Acn	Val	Thr	l au	125 Cvc	GI.,	G1	410	Dha
	130	0111	<i>u</i> ,5	0,3	UI,	135	nop	141	1111	Leu	140	UIU	GIU	nia	rne
		Arg	Phe	Ala	Val		Thr	Lvs	Phe	Thr		Asn	Trn	Leu	Ser
25	145	Ĭ				150		-•-			155				001
	Val	Leu	Val	Asp	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys		Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser
	160					165					170				
	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe
30	175					180					185				
		Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile
	190					195					200				•
35		Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile		Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu		Glu	Asn	Ser	Val
	205		•••	. ·	۵.	210			_		215				
		Arg	His	TIE	Gly		Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr		Glu	GIn	Leu	Arg
40	220	Lou	Ma+	C1	C	225	D	C1	T	T	230	01	4.7	61	
	235	Lea	Met	GIU	Ser	240	LLO	GIÀ	Lys	Lys		GIY	AIS	GIU	Asp
		Glu	Lys	Thr	Πe		Ala	Cve	lve	Pro	245	Acn	Cin	T1a	Lou
	250		۵,۵	****	110	255	MIG	0,3	LJS	110	260	vəh	GIII	116	Leu
45		Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu		Arg	Ile	Lvs	Asn		Asn	Gin	Asn	Thr
	265					270	0		-,-		275		J.	nop	****
	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Met		Ala	Leu	Lys	His		Lys	Thr	Tyr	His
50	280					285			-		290	-		•	
	Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe

	295				300					305				
	Leu	His S	er Pho	e Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe	Leu
6	310				315					320				
	Glu	Met I	le Gly	y Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu
	325				330					335				
10													•	
	(2) II	NFORMA	TION E	FOR S	EQUE	NCE	ID N	0: 6	8:					
	(i) SI	EQUENC	E CHAI	RACTE	RIST	ICS:								
		(A) LE	VGTH :	359										
15		(B) TY	PE : ε	mino	aci	d								
		(C) ST	RANDEI	ONESS	: s	ingl	е							
	,	(D) TO	POLOGY	t:1	inea	r								
20	(ii) N	MOLECU	E TYP	PE:	Prot	ein	(OCI	F-DC	R2)					
	(xi) S	SEQUEN	CE DES	SCRIP	TION	:SEC	Q ID	NO:	68:					
	Met	Asn A	sn Lei	ı Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser
		-20				-15					-10			
25	Ile	Lys T	p Thr	Thr	GIn	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
		- 5			-1	1				5				
	Tyr	Asp G	lu Glu	1 Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro
30	10				15					20				
		Gly T	ır Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr
	25				30					35				
		Cys A	la Glu	ı Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe
35	40				45					50				
		Leu Ly	s His	Arg		Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Val	Gln
	55				60					65				
40		Gly Ti	ır Pro	Glu		Asn	Thr	Val	Cys		Arg	Cys	Pro	Asp
	70	D1 D1	_		75		_	_	_	80	_			
		Phe Pl	ie Ser	· Asn		Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys		Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys
	85	.	-	_	90			_	_	95			_	
45		Thr As	n Cys	Ser		Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu		Thr	Gln	Lys	Gly
	100	41 70	•••		105		_	_		110	_			
		Ala Ti	r His	Asp		lle	Cys	Ser	Gly		Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr
50	115		a 1		120			_	_	125				
		Lys Cy	's Gly	lle		Val	Thr	Leu	Cys		Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe
	130				135					140				

		Phe	Ala	Val	Pro		Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro		Trp	Leu	Ser	Val
5	145					150			_		155			_	
·		Val	Asp	Asn	Leu		Gly	Thr	Lys	Val		Ala	Glu	Ser	Val
	160	A	T1.	1	A	165	112 -	C	C	C1-	170	C1	474 .	nı	01
		Arg	Ile	Lys	Arg		nıs	26L	ser	GIN		GIN	inr	rne -	Gin
10	175	Lau	I	1	Υ	180	u: -	C1-	A	ſ	185	C1-	A	T1.	17 - 1
	190	Leu	Lys	Leu	ιτþ	195	1112	GIN	V2II	LYS	200	GIN	ASP	He	val
		Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln		Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys		Asn	Ser	Val	Gln
15	205	·				210					215				
	Arg	His	Ile	Gly	His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser
	220					225					230				
20	Leu	Met	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile
	235					240					245				
		Lys	Thr	Ile	Lys		Cys	Lys	Pro	Ser	-	Gln	Ile	Leu	Lys
25	250		C	1	т	255	T1 -	T	A	G1	260	C1 .	A	T1	,
20	265	Leu	Ser	Leu	irp	Arg 270	116	Lys	ASN	GTÀ	275	GIU	Asp	ınr	Leu
		Glv	Leu	Met	His		Leu	Lvs	His	Ser		Thr	Tvr	His	Phe
	280	,				285	500	0,0		001	290		1,1		
30	Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr		Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys		Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu
	295					300					305				
	His	Ser	Phe	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu
35	310					315					320				
		Ile	Gly	Asn	Gln		Gln	Ser	Val	Lys		Ser	Cys	Leu	
	325					330					335				
40	(9) TN	Æ∩DI	44 T T C	M EC	ים כו	OHEN	ICE I	אנר אור	· ec	١.					
	(2) IN (i) SE							או ע.	/· 08	,.					
			LENGT			.1011									
45			TYPE			acio	l								
	((c) s	STRAN	(DEDI	ESS	: si	ngle	•							
	((D) 1	TOPOL	.OGY	: li	near	•								
50	(ii) N	OLEC	CULE	TYPE	: ;	rote	ein (OCIF	-DCF	₹3)					
50	(xi) S	EQUE	ENCE	DESC	RIPI	`ION	:SEC	ID	ΝО:	69:					
	Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser

		-20					-15					-10			
_	Ile	Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
5		-5				-1	1				5				
	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro
	10					15					20				
10	Pro	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr
	25					30					35				
	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr		Asp	Ser	Trp	His
15	40					45	_		_		50	_	_		_
		Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys		Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro		Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu
	55	_				60	_			-	65			., .	•
		Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln		Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr		Asn	Arg	Val	Cys
20	70	C	D	4	C1	75	DL -	C	A	C1	80	C	C	T	41-
	_	Cys	Pro	Asp	GIY	90	Phe	Ser	ASN	GIU	95	ser	Ser	Lys	Ala
	85 Pro	Cvc	Ara	Lvo	Hic		Asn	Cvc	Sor	Val		Cl v	I AII	[₀₁₁	ĺ
25	100	Cys	νιβ	Lys	1112	105	NSU	O) 3	OCI	141	110	OI	Leu	DCu	DCu
		Gln	Lvs	Glv	Asn		Thr	His	Asp	Asn		Cvs	Ser	G1v	Asn
	115	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	۵,۰	,		120					125	- •		•	
30		Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln		Cys	Gly	Ile	Asp		Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu
	130					135					140				
	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala	Val	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn
	145					150					155				
35	Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Asp	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn
	160					165					170				
	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	Lys	Arg	G1n	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu
40	175					180					185				
		Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu		Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys		Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp
	190					195					200				
		Asp	Ile	Val	Lys		Ile	Ile	Gln	Asp		Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu
45	205	_				210					215			-	a 1
		Ser	Val	Gln	Arg		Ile	Gly	His	Ala		Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu
	220	,				225	01	_		n.	230	1	1	V = 1	C1
50		Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu		Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro		Lys	Lys	vaı	GIÀ
	235	C1		T 7	C1.	240	T1	71.	T	A 1 =	245	T	D	C	A ==
	Ala	Glu	Asp	116	Glu	Lys	Thr	TTE	Lys	HIA	cys	Lys	rro	ser	nsp

	250				255					260				
	Gln Ile	Leu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asp
5	265				270					275				
	Gln Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Met	His	Ala	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	Lys
	280				285					290				
10	Thr Tyr	His	Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr
	295				300					305				
	Ile Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Phe	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys
	310				315					320				
15	Leu Phe	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Gly	Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile
	325				330					335				
	Ser Cys	Leu												
20	340													
	(0) TIEOD		n	3D 01		,an .								
	(2) INFOR						א ענו): 7():					
25	(i) SEQUE				(151)	165:								
		LENG1 TYPE				1								
			. 41	ui no	acit	1								
	(C)	STRAN	DEDI	VESS	: si	ingle)							
30	(C) :	STRAN TOPOL	(DED) LOGY	VESS : 1	: si inear	ingle		7—DC1	24)					
30	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE	STRAN TOPOL CULE	IDEDI LOGY TYPI	VESS : 1i	: si inean prote	ingle : ein ((OCII							
30	(C) : (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE	IDEDI LOGY TYPI DESI	NESS : 1i E : p CRIPT	: si inean prote	ingle : ein (:SEC	OCIE	NO:	70:	Phe	Leu	Asn	Tle	Ser
<i>30</i>	(C): (D): (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE	IDEDI LOGY TYPI DESI	NESS : 1i E : p CRIPT	: si inean prote	ingle : ein (:SEC	OCIE	NO:	70:	Phe		Asp	Ile	Ser
	(C): (D): (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn	DEDI LOGY TYPI DESC Leu	NESS : li E : p CRIPT Leu	: si inean prote TION Cys	ingle ein :SEC Cys -15	(OCII) ID Ala	NO: Leu	70: Val		-10			
	(C): (D): (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn	DEDI LOGY TYPI DESC Leu	NESS : li E : p CRIPT Leu	: si inean prote TION Cys	ingle ein :SEC Cys -15	(OCII) ID Ala	NO: Leu	70: Val		-10			
35	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20 Ile Lys -5	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp	DEDM OGY TYPM DESM Leu Thr	VESS : 1i E : p CRIPT Leu Thr	: sinear prote TION Cys Gln -1	ingle in ((OCIE LID Ala Thr	NO: Leu Phe	70: Val Pro	Pro 5	-10 Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp	DEDM OGY TYPM DESM Leu Thr	VESS : 1i E : p CRIPT Leu Thr	: sinear prote TION Cys Gln -1	ingle in ((OCIE LID Ala Thr	NO: Leu Phe	70: Val Pro	Pro 5	-10 Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
35	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20 Ile Lys -5 Tyr Asp	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp	DEDI LOGY TYPI DESC Leu Thr	VESS : 1i E : r CRIPT Leu Thr	: sinear protection Cys Gln -1 Ser 15	ingle ingle SEC Cys -15 Glu I	(OCIE Q ID Ala Thr	NO: Leu Phe Leu	70: Val Pro Leu	Pro 5 Cys 20	-10 Lys Asp	Tyr Lys	Leu Cys	His Pro
35	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20 Ile Lys -5 Tyr Asp 10	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp	DEDI LOGY TYPI DESC Leu Thr	VESS : 1i E : r CRIPT Leu Thr	: sinear protection Cys Gln -1 Ser 15	ingle ingle SEC Cys -15 Glu I	(OCIE Q ID Ala Thr	NO: Leu Phe Leu	70: Val Pro Leu	Pro 5 Cys 20	-10 Lys Asp	Tyr Lys	Leu Cys	His Pro
35	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20 Ile Lys -5 Tyr Asp 10 Pro Gly	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp Glu	DEDM LOGY TYPP DESC Leu Thr Glu Tyr	NESS : 1i E : p CRIPT Leu Thr Thr	: sinear protection Cys Gln -1 Ser 15 Lys 30	ingle: :SEC Cys -15 Glu His	(OCIE Ala Thr Gln	NO: Leu Phe Leu Cys	70: Val Pro Leu Thr	Pro 5 Cys 20 Ala 35	-10 Lys Asp Lys	Tyr Lys Trp	Leu Cys Lys	His Pro Thr
35 40	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20 Ile Lys -5 Tyr Asp 10 Pro Gly 25	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp Glu	DEDM LOGY TYPP DESC Leu Thr Glu Tyr	NESS : 1i E : p CRIPT Leu Thr Thr	: sinear protection Cys Gln -1 Ser 15 Lys 30	ingle: :SEC Cys -15 Glu His	(OCIE Ala Thr Gln	NO: Leu Phe Leu Cys	70: Val Pro Leu Thr	Pro 5 Cys 20 Ala 35	-10 Lys Asp Lys	Tyr Lys Trp	Leu Cys Lys	His Pro Thr
35 40	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20 Ile Lys -5 Tyr Asp 10 Pro Gly 25 Val Cys	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp Glu Thr	DEDM OGY TYPP DESC Leu Thr Glu Tyr	NESS : 1i E: p CRIPT Leu Thr Thr Leu Cys	: sinear protection Cys Gln -1 Ser 15 Lys 30 Pro	ingle: SECCys -15 Glu His Gln Asp	(OCIR) ID Ala Thr Gln His	NO: Leu Phe Leu Cys	70: Val Pro Leu Thr	Pro 5 Cys 20 Ala 35 Thr	-10 Lys Asp Lys Asp	Tyr Lys Trp Ser	Leu Cys Lys Trp	His Pro Thr
35 40 45	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20 Ile Lys -5 Tyr Asp 10 Pro Gly 25 Val Cys 40	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp Glu Thr	DEDM OGY TYPP DESC Leu Thr Glu Tyr	NESS : 1i E: p CRIPT Leu Thr Thr Leu Cys	: sinear protection Cys Gln -1 Ser 15 Lys 30 Pro	ingle: SECCys -15 Glu His Gln Asp	(OCIR) ID Ala Thr Gln His	NO: Leu Phe Leu Cys	70: Val Pro Leu Thr	Pro 5 Cys 20 Ala 35 Thr	-10 Lys Asp Lys Asp	Tyr Lys Trp Ser	Leu Cys Lys Trp	His Pro Thr
35 40	(C) (D) (ii) MOLE (xi) SEQU Met Asn -20 Ile Lys -5 Tyr Asp 10 Pro Gly 25 Val Cys 40 Thr Ser	STRAN TOPOL CULE ENCE Asn Trp Glu Thr	DEDM .OGY TYPM DESC Leu Thr Glu Tyr Pro	NESS : 1i E: p CRIPT Leu Thr Thr Cys Cys	: sinear protection Cys Gln -1 Ser 15 Lys 30 Pro 45 Leu 60	ingle :SEC Cys -15 Glu I His Gln Asp	(OCIN) ID Ala Thr Gln His Cys	NO: Leu Phe Leu Cys Tyr	70: Val Pro Leu Thr Tyr	Pro 5 Cys 20 Ala 35 Thr 50 Val 65	-10 Lys Asp Lys Asp	Tyr Lys Trp Ser	Leu Cys Lys Trp Glu	His Pro Thr His

	Glu Cys 85	Lys Glu		Arg Tyr 90	Leu G1	u Ile	Glu Phe 95	Cys Leu Lys
5	His Arg 100	Ser Cys		Pro Gly 105	Phe G1	y Val	Val Gln 110	Ala Gly Thr
	Pro Glu 115	Arg Asn		Val Cys 120	Lys Se	r Gly	Asn Ser 125	Glu Ser Thr
10		Cys Gly	Ile		Thr Le	u Cys		Ala Phe Phe
15		Ala Val	Pro		Phe Th	r Pro		Leu Ser Val
	Leu Val 160	Asp Asn		Pro Gly 165	Thr Ly	s Val	Asn Ala 170	Glu Ser Val
20	Glu Arg 175	Ile Lys		Gln His 180	Ser Se	r Gln	Glu Gln 185	Thr Phe GIn
	Leu Leu 190	Lys Leu		Lys His 195	Gln As	n Lys	Asp Gln 200	Asp Ile Val
25	Lys Lys 205	Ile Ile		Asp Ile 210	Asp Le	u Cys	Glu Asn 215	Ser Val Gln
	Arg His 220	Ile Gly		Ala Asn 225	Leu Th	r Phe	Glu Gln 230	Leu Arg Ser
30	Leu Met 235	Glu Ser		Pro Gly 240	Lys Ly	s Val	Gly Ala 245	Glu Asp Ile
35	Glu Lys 250	Thr Ile		Ala Cys 255	Lys Pro	o Ser	Asp Gln 260	Ile Leu Lys
	Leu Leu 265	Ser Leu	•	Arg Ile 270	Lys As	n Gly	Asp Gln 275	Asp Thr Leu
40	Lys Gly 280	Leu Met		Ala Leu 285	Lys His	s Ser	Lys Thr 290	Tyr His Phe
	Pro Lys 295	Thr Val	Thr		Leu Lys	s Lys	Thr Ile	Arg Phe Leu
45	His Ser 310	Phe Thr	Met		Leu Ty	r Gln		Phe Leu Glu
		Gly Asn	Gln		Ser Va	l Lys		Cys Leu
50								

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 71:

	(i) S	EQUE	NCE	CHAR	ACTE	RIST	ics:								
_		(A)	LENG	TH:	326										
5		(B)	TYPE	: a	mino	aci	d								
		(C)	STRA	NDED.	NESS	: s	ingl	e							
		(D)	TOPO	LOGY	: 1	inea	r								
10	(ii)	MOLE	CULE	TYP.	E :	prot	ein	(OCI	F-DD	D1)				-	
	(xi)	SEQU	ENCE	DES	CRIP	TION	:SE	Q ID	NO:	71:					
	Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser
		-20					-15					-10			
15	Ile	Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
		-5				-1	1				5				
	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro
20	10					15					20				
		Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr
	25					30					35				
25		Cys	Ala	Pro	Cys		Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His
	40	_		63	•	45				_	50	_	_		
		Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys		lyr	Cys	Ser	Pro		Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu
	55 Gln	T.,	Va1	I	C1-	60	C	A	4	T1	65	A		17.1	^
30	70	Tyr	Val	Lys	GIN	75	Cys	ASN	Arg	ınr	n1s	Asn	Arg	vai	Cys
		Cys	ive	Glu	G1 _v		Tur	1 011	Glu	Tla		Dha	Cva	Lou	T 110
	85	0,0	u, s	Olu	GLY	90	171	Leu	Ulu	116	95	r me	Cys	Leu	Lys
35		Arg	Ser	Cvs	Pro		Glv	Phe	Glv	Val		Gln	Ala	Glv	Thr
	100	Ŭ				105	,		,		110	01		V.,	
	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr		Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys		Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe
40	115					120				•	125	•	•	÷	
	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
	130					135					140				
	Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
45	145					150					155				
	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	G1n	Lys	Cy.s
	160					165					170				
50	Gly	Ile	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln	Arg	His	Ile
	175					180					185				
	Gly	His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu

	190	. 1	95	200)
	Ser Leu Pro	Gly Lys L	ys Val Gly	Ala Glu Asp	Ile Glu Lys Thr
6	205	2	10	218	5
	Ile Lys Ala	Cys Lys P	ro Ser Asp (Gln Ile Leu	Lys Leu Leu Ser
	220	2	25	230)
10		; Ile Lys A	sn Gly Asp (Gln Asp Thr	Leu Lys Gly Leu
	235	_	40	245	
					Phe Pro Lys Thr
15	250		55	260	
					Leu His Ser Phe
	265		70 	275	
	280		yr Gin Lys i 85		Glu Met Ile Gly
20			al Lys Ile S	290 San Cys Lay	
	295		on cys rie c	305 305	
				000	
25	(2) INFORMATI	ON FOR SEQU	UENCE ID NO:	72:	
	(i) SEQUENCE	CHARACTERIS	STICS:		
	(A) LENG	TH: 327			
30	(B) TYPE	: amino ac	id		
	(C) STRA	NDEDNESS :	single		
		LOGY : line			
	(ii) MOLECULE				•
35	(xi) SEQUENCE				
		Leu Leu Cy		eu Val Phe	Leu Asp Ile Ser
	-20	Th. Th. C	-15 In Claration D	il D D.	-10
40	-5	inr inr G	_		Lys Tyr Leu His
			-	5 au Iau Cyc	Asp Lys Cys Pro
	191 1135 010	15		ed Led Cys. 20	ASP LYS CYS FIO
45					Lys Trp Lys Thr
	25	30		35	5,5 11p 5,5 1
	Val Cys Ala	Pro Cys Pr	ro Asp His T		Asp Ser Trp His
F0	40	45	=	50	•
50	Thr Ser Asp	Glu Cys Le	eu Tyr Cys S	er Pro Val	Cys Lys Glu Leu
	55	60		65	

		Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln		Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr		Asn	Arg	Val	Cys
5	70	0	,	01	C1	75	•		01		80		_		
		Cys	Lys	Glu	GIÀ		lyr	Leu	Glu	lle		Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys
	85 v: -	4	C	C	D	90	01	DI	01	*, *	95				
			ser	Cys	Pro		Gly	Phe	Gly	Val		Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr
10	100		A	A	Th	105	Cons	1	4.		110				
		GIU	wrg	Asn	mr		Cys	Lys	Arg	cys		Asp	GIA	Phe	Phe
	115 Sar	Acn	G1.	The	So r	120	1	A1.	Dava	Cons	125	T	17:	TI	
15	130	V2II	Giu	Thr	Ser	135	Lys	VIS	rro	cys		Lys	HIS	ihr	Asn
~		Sor	Va1	Phe	G1 _w		T ou	Lou	The	CI.	140	C1	4	47	Tl
	145	361	141	1 116	dry	150	Leu	Leu	1111	GIII	155	GIY	ASN	Ala	inr
		Asp	Asn	Ile	Cvs	-	Glv	Asn	Ser	Glu		Thr	Gln	Lvc	Cva
20	160				0,0	165	u,	115(1	001	Olu	170	1111	GIII	Lys	Cys
		Ile	Asp	Val	Thr		Cvs	Glu	Glu	Ala		Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala
	175		•			180	•				185				
25	Val	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe		Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu		Val	Leu	Val	Asp
	190					195					200				•
	Asn	Leu	Pro	G1y	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
90	205					210					215				
30	Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys
	220					225					230				
	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
35	235					240					245				
	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro	Lys
	250					255					260				
40		Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser
10	265			_	_	270					275				
		Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys		Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu		Leu	Glu	Met	Ile
	280					285		_			290				
4 5		Asn	GIn	Val	GIn		Val	Lys	He	Ser		Leu			
	295				. •	300					305				
	/a\ r\	ינט אבון.	44 TY 1	או די	ים מי	Olina	ron -								
50	(2) II							א ענו): 73	ş:					

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 399

			TYPE												
5			STRAI					9							
			Topoi					/							
		MOLE													
	(xi)														_
10	Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys		Ala	Leu	Val	Phe		Asp	He	Ser
	.	-20	•	mı.	TI.	03	-15	an a	DI	_		-10	•		
	lle	Lys	irp	inr	Ihr		_	Ihr	Phe	Pro		Lys	lyr	Leu	HIS
15	Τ	- 5	C1	C1	T1	-1	1	C1.	7	1	5	A .	,	_	n
		Asp	GIU	GIU	ınr		nıs	GTU	Leu	Leu	_	Asp	Lys	cys	Pro
	10	C1	TL	т	·	15	C1=	u: -	C	TL.	20	T	T	1	TL
	25	Gly	1111	I y I	Leu	30	GIII	nis	CyS	Int	35	Lys	пр	Lys	mr
20		Cys	Ala	Pro	Cve		4 en	Иie	Tur	Tur		Acn	Sor	Trn	Hic
	40	O) 3	та	110	U) 3	45	uah	1113	111	171	50	nap	261	пр	1112
		Ser	Asn	Glu	Cvs		Tvr	Cvs	Ser	Pro		Cvs	ľve	Glii	{ en
25	55	501	пор	010	0,0	60	•,•	0,0	001		65	0,5	2,3	010	Lou
		Tyr	Val	Lvs	GIn		Cvs	Asn	Arg	Thr		Asn	Arg	Val	Cvs
	70			·		75	•		Ū		80		u		•
3 <i>0</i>	G1u	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile		Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys
	85					90					95				
	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr
	100					105					110				•
35	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe
	115					120					125				
	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
40	130					135					140				
		Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
	145				_	150					155				
45		Asp	Asn	lle	Cys		Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu		Thr	Gln	Lys	Cys
15	160				-	165	_			. •	170				
		Ile	Asp	Val	Ihr		Cys	GLu	Glu	Ala		Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala
	175		TL	7	DI	180	n .		~	,	185	v 1		v 1	•
50		Pro	ınr	Lys	rne		rro	Asn	irp	Leu		val	Leu	val	Asp
	190		D	C1	TL	195	V - 1	A	4.7	CI	200	1/. 1	C1	A	T1 -
	ASN	Leu	rro	GTÀ	ınr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	GLU	Ser	vai	GIU	Arg	TTE

	205 210 215
	Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys
5	220 225 230
	Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp IIe Val Lys Lys IIe
	235 240 245
10	Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile
	250 255 260
	Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu
	265 270 275
15	Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr
	280 285 290
	Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser
20	295 300 305
	Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu
	310 315 320
25	Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr
	325 330 335
	Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe 340 345 350
	Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly
30	355 360 365
	Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser
	370 375
35	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 74:
•	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
40	(A) LENGTH: 351
40	(B) TYPE: amino acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear
45	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : protein (OCIF-CC)
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 74:
	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
50	-20 -15 -10
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
	-5 -1 1 5

	Tyr 10	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser 15	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys 20	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro
5	Pro 25	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Lys 30	G1n	His	Cys	Thr	Ala 35	Lys	Trp	Ĺys	Thr
	Val 40	Cys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Pro 45	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr 50	Asp	Ser	Trp -	His
10	Thr 55	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys	Leu 60	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val 65	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu
		Tvr	Val	Lvs	G1n		Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr		Asn	Arø	Va1	Cvs
15	70	-,-		2,0	J 2	75	0,5			••••	80				0,0
		Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly		Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu 95	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys
20	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	G1y	Thr
	100					105		_			110				
		Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr		Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys		Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe
25	115 Ser	Aen	G111	Thr	Sar	120 Ser	Lys	Δla	Pro	Cve	125	Ive	His	Thr	∆ en
	130	11311	oru	1111	Jei	135	Lys	NIG.	110	O, 3	140	Lys	1113	1111	กอน
		Ser	Val	Phe	Gly		Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln		Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
	145					150					155				
30	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	G1n	Lys	Cys
	160					165	_				170				: _
		He	Asp	Val	Thr		Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala		Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala
35	175 Val	Pro	Thr	lve	Phe	180 Thr	Pro	Aen	Trn	l eu	185 Ser	Va1	Lau	Val	Acn
	190	110	1111	Lys		195	110	KSII	пр	Leu	200	141	Leu	741	nsp
		Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr		Val	Asn	Ala	Glu		Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
40	205					210					215				
	Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	G1n	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys
	220					225					230				
45		Trp	Lys	His	Gln		Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp		Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
	235	G1 _n	Acn	110	Acn	240	Cur	C1.,	Aon	Ca.	245	C1	A	u: -	T1a
	250	GIII	ush	116	nsp	255	Cys	GIU	VSII	261,	260	QTU	vr.g	urs	116
50		His	Ala	Asn	Leu		Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu		Ser	Leu	Met	Glu
	265					270					275		-		

	Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr
	280 285 290
5	Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser
	295 300 305
	Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu
10	310 315 320 -
	Met His Ala Leu Lys His
	325 330
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 75:
15	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A) LENGTH: 272
	(B) TYPE: amino acid
20	(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : Protein (OCIF-CDD2) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 75:
<i>25</i>	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
23	-20 -15 -10
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
	-5 -1 1 5
30	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
	10 15 20
	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr
35	25 30 35
	Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His
	40 45 50
40	Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu
40	55 60 65
	Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys
	70 75 80
45	Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys
	85 90 95
	His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr
50	100 105 110
	Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe
	115 120 125

	Ser <i>1</i>	Asn C	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser 135	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg 140	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
5	Cys : 145	Ser V	/al	Phe	Gly	Leu 150	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys 155	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr
	His A	Asp A	lsn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Cys
10	160					165					170			-	
		Ile A	lsp	Val	Thr		Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala		Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala
	175	n 4	•1	,	Di	180			T		185	., .			
15	190	Pro T	nr	Lys	Phe	1hr 195	Pro	Asn	Irp	Leu		Vai	Leu	Val	Asp
		Leu P) ro	G1v	The		V ₂ 1	Acn	412	Cl.,	200 Sar	Val	G1.	4==	110
	205	Leu I	10	GIY	1111	210	101	лы	nia	GIU	215	Val	GIU	vr g	116
20	Lys A	Arg G	In	His	Ser		G1n	Glu	Gln	Thr		G1n	Leu	Leu	Lvs
20	220					225					230				-,-
	Leu :	Trp L	.ys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
	235					240					245				
25	Ile (Gln													
	250														
	(2) TNI	CUDMA	TIO	INI EC	אם פנ	מו וכיא	ice i	וו אור	1. 70						
30	(2) IN							ED NO): 76	; :					
30	(i) SEC	QUENC	E C	HARA	CTE			ID NO): 76	; :					
30	(i) SE(QUENC A) LE	E C	HARA H:	CTEF 197	RIST	ics:	ID NO): 76	; :					
30	(i) SEC (A	QUENC	E C NGT PE	CHARA CH: : an	CTEF 197 ino	RIST) acid	ics:): 76	; :					
	(i) SE() (I (i)	QUENC A) LE B) TY	E C ENGT PE RAN	CHARA H: an IDEDN	CTEF 197 aino VESS	acio : si	CS: ingle): 76	: :					
	(i) SE() (I (i)	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO	E C ENGT PE RAN	CHARA H: an DEDN OGY	CTER 197 aino NESS : li	acio : si	CS:	÷							
	(i) SEC (A (I (I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO OLECU	ENGT PE RAN POL	CHARA CH:	197 nino VESS : li	acio : si .near	CS: ingle	e (OCIF	-CDI	01)					
35	(i) SEC (I (i) (ii) MC (xi) SI Met I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO DLECU EQUEN Asn A	E C ENGT PE RAN POL ILE ICE	CHARA H: an IDEDN OGY TYPE DESC	L97 aino NESS : li E : F	acio : si .near Prote	CS: ingle c in (e (OCIF	F-CDI NO:	01) 76:	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser
35	(i) SE((I) (I) (Ii) M((xi) SI Met I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO DLECU EQUEN Asn A	CE CENGT PE RAN POL ILE ICE	CHARA CH: CH: CH: CH: CH: CH: CH: CH	197 ino VESS : li E: F CRIPT	acio : si near Prote	CS: ingle ingle SEG Cys -15	e (OCIF) ID Ala	F-CDI NO: Leu	01) 76: Val		-10			
35 40	(i) SEC (I) (ii) MC (xi) SI Met I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO OLECU EQUEN Asn A -20 Lys T	CE CENGT PE RAN POL ILE ICE	CHARA CH: CH: CH: CH: CH: CH: CH: CH	197 ino VESS : li E: F CRIPT	acid : si near Prote TION Cys	ingle ingle ingle ingle Cys -15	e (OCIF) ID Ala	F-CDI NO: Leu	01) 76: Val	Pro	-10			
35	(i) SEC (I (I (ii) MC (xi) SI Met I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO OLECU EQUEN Asn A -20 Lys T	CE CENGTOPE RANDPOLILE ICE ISSN	CHARA CH : and DEDN OGY TYPE DESC Leu Thr	197 ino NESS : li E : F CRIPT Leu Thr	acid : si near Prote TION Cys Gln	ingle ingle in (:SEG Cys -15 Glu 1	e (OCIF I ID Ala Thr	F-CDI NO: Leu Phe	01) 76: Val Pro	Pro 5	-10 Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
35 40	(i) SE() (ii) (ii) M() (xi) SI Met I Ile I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO OLECU EQUEN Asn A -20 Lys T	CE CENGTOPE RANDPOLILE ICE ISSN	CHARA CH : and DEDN OGY TYPE DESC Leu Thr	197 ino NESS : li E : F CRIPT Leu Thr	acid: sinear Protection Cys Gln -1 Ser	ingle ingle in (:SEG Cys -15 Glu 1	e (OCIF I ID Ala Thr	F-CDI NO: Leu Phe	01) 76: Val Pro	Pro 5 Cys	-10 Lys	Tyr	Leu	His
35 40	(i) SEC (A) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO OLECU EQUEN Asn A -20 Lys T -5 Asp G	CE CENGT PE RAN PPOL ILE ICE Sn Tp	CHARACHER CHARAC	ACTER 197 aino WESS : li E : F CRIPI Leu	acide : sinear rote : Sinear r	CS: ingle ingle SEG Cys -15 Glu His	(OCIF ID Ala Thr	F-CDI NO: Leu Phe Leu	01) 76: Val Pro Leu	Pro 5 Cys 20	-10 Lys Asp	Tyr Lys	Leu Cys	His Pro
35 40	(i) SEC (A) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO OLECU EQUEN Asn A -20 Lys T -5 Asp G	CE CENGT PE RAN PPOL ILE ICE Sn Tp	CHARACHER CHARAC	ACTER 197 aino WESS : li E : F CRIPI Leu	acid: sinear Protesting Cys Gln -1 Ser 15 Lys	CS: ingle ingle SEG Cys -15 Glu His	(OCIF ID Ala Thr	F-CDI NO: Leu Phe Leu	01) 76: Val Pro Leu	Pro 5 Cys 20 Ala	-10 Lys Asp	Tyr Lys	Leu Cys	His Pro
35 40 45	(i) SEC (A) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I) (I	QUENC A) LE B) TY C) ST D) TO OLECU EQUEN Asn A -20 Lys T -5 Asp G	CE CENGTOPE CRANDPOLITE ICE SINTER TOPE TOPE TOPE TOPE TOPE TOPE TOPE TOPE	CHARACHER CHARAC	ACTER 197 mino WESS : li E : F CRIPT Leu Thr	acide: sinear rote rote rote rote rote rote rote rot	CS: ingle ingle Sin (SEG Cys -15 Glu His	(OCIF) ID Ala Thr Gln His	F-CDI NO: Leu Phe Leu Cys	OI) 76: Val Pro Leu Thr	Pro 5 Cys 20 Ala 35	-10 Lys Asp Lys	Tyr Lys Trp	Leu Cys Lys	His Pro Thr

	40 45 50
	Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu
5	55 60 65
	Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys
	70 75 80
10	Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys
	85 90 95
	His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr
15	100 105 110
10	Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe
	115 120 125 Son Acn Cly The Son Son Lya Ala Pro Cya Ang Lya Lia The Ang
	Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn 130 135 140
20	Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr
	145 150 155
	His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys
25	160 165 170
	Gly Ile
	175
30	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 77:
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
<i>35</i>	(A) LENGTH: 143 (B) TYPE: amino acid
•	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : Protein (OCIF-CCR4)
40	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 77:
	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
	-20 -15 -10
4 5	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
	- 5
	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
50	10 15 20
	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr
	25 30 35

	Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His
5	40 45 50
	Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu 55 60 65
	30
	Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys 70 75 80 -
10	75 80 - Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys
	85 90 95
	His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr
15	100 105 110
	Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys
	115 120
20	(4)
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 78:
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A) LENGTH: 106
25	(B) TYPE: amino acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single (D) TOPOLOGY : linear
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : Protein (OCIF-CCR3)
30	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 78:
	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
	-20 -15 -10
35	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
	-5 -1 1 5
	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
	, 10 15 20
40	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr
	25 30 35
	Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His
45	40 45 50
	Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu
	55 60 65
50	Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys
50	70 75 80
	Glu

5		CHARACTE GTH : 393	RISTICS:		
10	(D) TOP	E : amino DLOGY : 1 E TYPE :	inear	(OCIF-CBst)	. •
	(xi) SEQUENC	E DESCRIP	TION :SE	Q ID NO: 79:	
15	Met Asn As -20	n Leu Leu	Cys Cys -15		Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
	Ile Lys Tr -5	Thr Thr	Gln Glu -1 1	Thr Phe Pro	Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
20		ı Glu Thr		Gln Leu Leu	Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
25	Pro Gly Th	Tyr Leu	Lys Gln 30	His Cys Thr	Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 35
	Val Cys Ala 40	Pro Cys	Pro Asp 45	His Tyr Tyr	Thr Asp Ser Trp His 50
30	55		60		Val Cys Lys Glu Leu 65
	Gln Tyr Va 70	. Lys Gln	Glu Cys 75	Asn Arg Thr	His Asn Arg Val Cys 80
35	Glu Cys Lys 85	Glu Gly	Arg Tyr 90	Leu Glu Ile	Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys
	His Arg Sen	Cys Pro	Pro Gly 105	Phe Gly Val	Val Gln Ala Gly Thr
40	Pro Glu Arg	Asn Thr	Val Cys 120	Lys Arg Cys	Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe 125
45	Ser Asn Glu 130	Thr Ser	Ser Lys 135	Ala Pro Cys	Arg Lys His Thr Asn 140
40		Phe Gly		Leu Thr Gln	Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr 155
50		Ile Cys		Asn Ser Glu	Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys 170
	Gly Ile Asp	Val Thr	Leu Cys	Glu Glu Ala	Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala

	175					180					185				
	Val	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn	Trp	Ĺeu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Asp
5	190					195					200				
	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
	205					210					215				
10	Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys
	220					225					230				
	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	G1n	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile
	235					240					245				
15	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	G1n	Arg	His	Ile
	250					255					260				
		His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	GIn	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu
20	265					270					275				
		Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys		Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr
	280			_	_	285	_				290				
25		Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys		Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile		Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser
	295	~	,	~ 7		300	41				305	_			
	310	ırp	Arg	116	Lys		Gly	Asp	Gin	Asp		Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu
		Hi.	A1a	Lou	Lva	315	Cam	T	TL.	т	320	DL -	D		er i
30	325	1112	NIG	Leu	LyS	330	Ser	Lys	Inr	ıyr	335	rne	Pro	Lys	Inr
		Thr	G1n	Ser	Len		lve	Thr	Tla	Ara		Lou	His	500	Dha
	340	••••	· · · ·	001	Dea	345	Lys	1111	116	шg	350	Leu	1112	Sel	Lile
35		Met	Tvr	Lvs	Leu		Gln	Lvs	Leu	Phe		Glu	Met	Tla	G1v
	355		•	-•-	•	360		-,-			365	0.4		110	UI,
	Asn	Leu	Val												
10	370														
~															
	(2) IN	FORM	MTIC	N FO	R SE	QUEN	ICE I	D NO	: 80	:					
	(i) SE	QUEN	ICE C	HARA	CTER	ISTI	CS:								
15	((A) L	ENGT	`H :	321										
	((B) T	YPE	: am	ino	acid	l								
	((D) T	OPOL	.OGY	: 1i	near	•								
50	(ii) M	OLEC	ULE	TYPE	: P	rote	in (OCIF	-CSp	h)					
	(xi) S	EQUE	NCE	DESC	RIPT	TON	:SEO	מז	NO:	ጸበ :					

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Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser

Ille Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu H -5	ro hr is eu ys
For the series of the series o	ro hr is eu ys
10	hr is eu ys
Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys T 25	is eu ys ys
25	is eu ys ys
Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp H 40	eu ys ys
15 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Lys Glu Cys Glu Cys Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys Sponger Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys Sponger Glu Cys Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Indicate Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phen Indicate Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Indicate Glu Cys Indicate Glu Cy	eu ys ys
Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Lys Glu Cys Glu Cys Glu Cys Glu Cys Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu IIe Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu IIe Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The IIIo Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe IIIs IIIo IIIo IIIo IIIo IIIo IIIo III	ys ys nr
55 60 65 Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys 70 75 80 Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu IIe Glu Phe Cys Leu Ly 85 90 95 His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Th 100 105 110 Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Ph 115 120 125 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr As 130 135 140	ys ys nr
Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu IIe Glu Phe Cys Leu Ly 85 90 95 His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The 100 105 110 Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe 115 120 125 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr As 130 130 135 140	ys ur
70 75 80 Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Ly 85 90 95 His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Th 25 100 105 110 Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Ph 115 120 125 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr As 130 135 140	ys ur
Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu IIe Glu Phe Cys Leu Ly 85 90 95 His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Th 25 100 105 110 Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Ph 115 120 125 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr As 130 135 140	ır
85 90 95 His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Gly Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly The Phe Phe Phe Gly Val Val Gly The Phe Phe Phe Phe Phe Phe Phe Phe Phe P	ır
His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Th 100 105 110 Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Ph 115 120 125 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr As 130 135 140	
25 100 105 110 Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Ph 115 120 125 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr As 130 135 140	
115 120 125 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr As 130 135 140	1e
115 120 125 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr As 130 135 140	
130 135 140	
130 135 140	sn
Com Com V-1 Dis C1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Th	ır
145 150 155	
His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cy	'S
160 165 170	
Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Al 175 180 185	.a
Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val As	
190 195 200	p
Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Il	ρ.
45 205 210 215	
Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Ly	'S
220 225 230	
Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Il	e
235 240 245	
Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Il	

	250 255 260
	Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu
5	265 270 275
	Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr
	280 285 290
10	Ile Lys Ala Ser Leu Asp
	295 300
	(2) INFORMATION FOR CEOUPINGS ID NO. 01.
15	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 81:(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A) LENGTH: 202
	(B) TYPE: amino acid
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear
20	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : Protein (OCIF-CBsp)
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 81:
	Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
25	-20 -15 -10
	Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
	-5 -1 1 5
30	10 15 29
	Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
	•
35	Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 40 45 50
	Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His
	55 60 65
40	Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu
40	70 75 80
	Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys
	85. 95
45	Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys
	100 105 110
	His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr
50	115 120 125
	Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe
	130 135 140

Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn 155 150 Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr 165 170 His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly 175 180 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 82: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: 15 (A) LENGTH: 84 (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY : linear (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : Protein (OCIF-CPst) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 82: Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser -20 -1525 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His -1 1 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro 30 15 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr 30 35 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His 35 45 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Leu Val 55 60 63 40 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 83: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 1206 45 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY : linear 50 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-C19S) (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 83:

						GTGGACCACC	
5						TCAGCTGTTG	
5	TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
	GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
	CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
10	CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
	CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
	GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
	AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
15	CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AAAGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
	CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
	AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
20	AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
	AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
						CTTGATGGAA	
						GGCATGCAAA	
25						CGACCAAGAC	
						TCCCAAAACT	
						GTACAAATTG	
30		TATTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
	TTATAA						1206

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 84:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1206

(B) TYPE : nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS : single

(D) TOPOLOGY : linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-C20S)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 84:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300

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CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600 CTGAGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960 CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020 ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200 TTATAA 1206

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 85:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1206

(B) TYPE : nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS : single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-C21S)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 85:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600

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CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCAG TGAAAACAGC 840
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900
AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960
CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020
ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080
GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140
TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200
TTATAA

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 86:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY : linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-C22S)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 86:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600
CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900

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AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCAAGCAAA 960
CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020
ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080
GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140
TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200
TTATAA

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 87:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1206
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY : linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-C23S)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 87:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600 CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840 GTGCAGCGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960 CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020 ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080 GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCAGC 1200

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	HATAA	1206
5	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 88:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 1083	
10	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
10	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-DCR1)	
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 88:	
	(XI) SEGULICE PERCHET TENT OF TENTO	
	ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
20	CAGGAACCTT GCCCTGACCA CTACTACACA GACAGCTGGC ACACCAGTGA CGAGTGTCTA	120
20	TACTGCAGCC CCGTGTGCAA GGAGCTGCAG TACGTCAAGC AGGAGTGCAA TCGCACCCAC	180
	AACCGCGTGT GCGAATGCAA GGAAGGGCGC TACCTTGAGA TAGAGTTCTG CTTGAAACAT	240
	AGGAGCTGCC CTCCTGGATT TGGAGTGGTG CAAGCTGGAA CCCCAGAGCG AAATACAGTT	300
<i>25</i>	TGCAAAAGAT GTCCAGATGG GTTCTTCTCA AATGAGACGT CATCTAAAGC ACCCTGTAGA	360
	AAACACACAA ATTGCAGTGT CTTTGGTCTC CTGCTAACTC AGAAAGGAAA TGCAACACAC	420
	GACAACATAT GTTCCGGAAA CAGTGAATCA ACTCAAAAAT GTGGAATAGA TGTTACCCTG	480
30	TGTGAGGAGG CATTCTTCAG GTTTGCTGTT CCTACAAAGT TTACGCCTAA CTGGCTTAGT	540
00	GTCTTGGTAG ACAATTTGCC TGGCACCAAA GTAAACGCAG AGAGTGTAGA GAGGATAAAA	600
	CGGCAACACA GCTCACAAGA ACAGACTTTC CAGCTGCTGA AGTTATGGAA ACATCAAAAC	660
	AAAGACCAAG ATATAGTCAA GAAGATCATC CAAGATATTG ACCTCTGTGA AAACAGCGTG	720
<i>3</i> 5	CAGCGGCACA TTGGACATGC TAACCTCACC TTCGAGCAGC TTCGTAGCTT GATGGAAAGC	780
	TTACCGGGAA AGAAAGTGGG AGCAGAAGAC ATTGAAAAAA CAATAAAGGC ATGCAAACCC	840
	AGTGACCAGA TCCTGAAGCT GCTCAGTTTG TGGCGAATAA AAAATGGCGA CCAAGACACC	900
40	TTGAAGGGCC TAATGCACGC ACTAAAGCAC TCAAAGACGT ACCACTTTCC CAAAACTGTC	960
,	ACTCAGAGTC TAAAGAAGAC CATCAGGTTC CTTCACAGCT TCACAATGTA CAAATTGTAT	1020
	CAGAAGTTAT TTTTAGAAAT GATAGGTAAC CAGGTCCAAT CAGTAAAAAT AAGCTGCTTA	1080
	TAA	1083
45		
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 89:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
50	(A) LENGTH: 1080	
J-0	(D) TUDD	

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(B) TYPE : nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS : single

(D) TOPOLOGY : linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-DCR2)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 89:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCG AATGCAAGGA AGGGCGCTAC CTTGAGATAG AGTTCTGCTT GAAACATAGG 240 AGCTGCCCTC CTGGATTTGG AGTGGTGCAA GCTGGAACCC CAGAGCGAAA TACAGTTTGC 300 AAAAGATGTC CAGATGGGTT CTTCTCAAAT GAGACGTCAT CTAAAGCACC CTGTAGAAAA 360 CACACAAATT GCAGTGTCTT TGGTCTCCTG CTAACTCAGA AAGGAAATGC AACACACGAC 420 AACATATGTT CCGGAAACAG TGAATCAACT CAAAAATGTG GAATAGATGT TACCCTGTGT 480 GAGGAGGCAT TCTTCAGGTT TGCTGTTCCT ACAAAGTTTA CGCCTAACTG GCTTAGTGTC 540 TTGGTAGACA ATTTGCCTGG CACCAAAGTA AACGCAGAGA GTGTAGAGAG GATAAAACGG 600 CAACACGCT CACAAGAACA GACTTTCCAG CTGCTGAAGT TATGGAAACA TCAAAACAAA 660 GACCAAGATA TAGTCAAGAA GATCATCCAA GATATTGACC TCTGTGAAAA CAGCGTGCAG 720 CGGCACATTG GACATGCTAA CCTCACCTTC GAGCAGCTTC GTAGCTTGAT GGAAAGCTTA 780 CCGGGAAAGA AAGTGGGAGC AGAAGACATT GAAAAAACAA TAAAGGCATG CAAACCCAGT 840 GACCAGATCC TGAAGCTGCT CAGTTTGTGG CGAATAAAAA ATGGCGACCA AGACACCTTG 900 AAGGGCCTAA TGCACGCACT AAAGCACTCA AAGACGTACC ACTTTCCCAA AACTGTCACT 960 CAGAGTCTAA AGAAGACCAT CAGGTTCCTT CACAGCTTCA CAATGTACAA ATTGTATCAG 1020 AAGTTATTTT TAGAAATGAT AGGTAACCAG GTCCAATCAG TAAAAATAAG CTGCTTATAA 1080

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 90:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1092

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY : linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-DCR3)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 90:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240

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CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCAGATG TCCAGATGGG TTCTTCTCAA ATGAGACGTC ATCTAAAGCA 360 CCCTGTAGAA AACACACAAA TTGCAGTGTC TTTGGTCTCC TGCTAACTCA GAAAGGAAAT 420 GCAACACACG ACAACATATG TTCCGGAAAC AGTGAATCAA CTCAAAAATG TGGAATAGAT 480 GTTACCCTGT GTGAGGAGGC ATTCTTCAGG TTTGCTGTTC CTACAAAGTT TACGCCTAAC 540 TGGCTTAGTG TCTTGGTAGA CAATTTGCCT GGCACCAAAG TAAACGCAGA GAGTGTAGAG 600 10 AGGATAAAAC GGCAACACAG CTCACAAGAA CAGACTTTCC AGCTGCTGAA GTTATGGAAA 660 CATCAAAACA AAGACCAAGA TATAGTCAAG AAGATCATCC AAGATATTGA CCTCTGTGAA 720 AACAGCGTGC AGCGGCACAT TGGACATGCT AACCTCACCT TCGAGCAGCT TCGTAGCTTG 780 15 ATGGAAAGCT TACCGGGAAA GAAAGTGGGA GCAGAAGACA TTGAAAAAAC AATAAAGGCA 840 TGCAAACCCA GTGACCAGAT CCTGAAGCTG CTCAGTTTGT GGCGAATAAA AAATGGCGAC 900 CAAGACACCT TGAAGGGCCT AATGCACGCA CTAAAGCACT CAAAGACGTA CCACTTTCCC 960 AAAACTGTCA CTCAGAGTCT AAAGAAGACC ATCAGGTTCC TTCACAGCTT CACAATGTAC 1020 20 AAATTGTATC AGAAGTTATT TTTAGAAATG ATAGGTAACC AGGTCCAATC AGTAAAAATA 1080 AGCTGCTTAT AA 1092

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 91:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1080
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY : linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-DCR4)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 91:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 40 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 45 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAT CCGGAAACAG TGAATCAACT CAAAAATGTG GAATAGATGT TACCCTGTGT 480 GAGGAGGCAT TCTTCAGGTT TGCTGTTCCT ACAAAGTTTA CGCCTAACTG GCTTAGTGTC 540 50 TTGGTAGACA ATTTGCCTGG CACCAAAGTA AACGCAGAGA GTGTAGAGAG GATAAAACGG 600 CAACACAGCT CACAAGAACA GACTTTCCAG CTGCTGAAGT TATGGAAACA TCAAAACAAA 660

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GACCAAGATA TAGTCAAGAA GATCATCCAA GATATTGACC TCTGTGAAAA CAGCGTGCAG 720
CGGCACATTG GACATGCTAA CCTCACCTTC GAGCAGCTTC GTAGCTTGAT GGAAAGCTTA 780
CCGGGAAAGA AAGTGGGAGC AGAAGACATT GAAAAAACAA TAAAGGCATG CAAACCCAGT 840
GACCAGATCC TGAAGCTGCT CAGTTTGTGG CGAATAAAAA ATGGCGACCA AGACACCTTG 900
AAGGGCCTAA TGCACGCACT AAAGCACTCA AAGACGTACC ACTTTCCCAA AACTGTCACT 960
CAGAGTCTAA AGAAGACCAT CAGGTTCCTT CACAGCTTCA CAATGTACAA ATTGTATCAG 1020
AAGTTATTTT TAGAAATGAT AGGTAACCAG GTCCAATCAG TAAAAATAAG CTGCTTATAA 1080

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 92:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 981

(B) TYPE : nucleic acid(C) STRANDEDNESS : single

(D) TOPOLOGY : linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-DDD1)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 92:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATATTGAC 600 CTCTGTGAAA ACAGCGTGCA GCGGCACATT GGACATGCTA ACCTCACCTT CGAGCAGCTT 660 CGTAGCTTGA TGGAAAGCTT ACCGGGAAAG AAAGTGGGAG CAGAAGACAT TGAAAAAACA 720 ATAAAGGCAT GCAAACCCAG TGACCAGATC CTGAAGCTGC TCAGTTTGTG GCGAATAAAA 780 AATGGCGACC AAGACACCTT GAAGGGCCTA ATGCACGCAC TAAAGCACTC AAAGACGTAC 840 CACTTTCCCA AAACTGTCAC TCAGAGTCTA AAGAAGACCA TCAGGTTCCT TCACAGCTTC 900 ACAATGTACA AATTGTATCA GAAGTTATTT TTAGAAATGA TAGGTAACCA GGTCCAATCA 960 GTAAAAATAA GCTGCTTATA A 981

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 93:

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	(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A) LENGTH: 984
5	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear
10	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-DDD2)
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 93:
	ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC
15	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 12
	TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 18
	GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 24
20	CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 30
	CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 36
	CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 42
	GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 48
25	AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 54
	CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 60
	CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 66
30	AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 72
	AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 78
	AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGACG CACTAAAGCA CTCAAAGACG 84
	TACCACTTTC CCAAAACTGT CACTCAGAGT CTAAAGAAGA CCATCAGGTT CCTTCACAGC 90
35	TTCACAATGT ACAAATTGTA TCAGAAGTTA TTTTTAGAAA TGATAGGTAA CCAGGTCCAA 96
	TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCTGCTT ATAA 98
40	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 94:
4 0	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A) LENGTH: 1200
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid
1 5	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CL)
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 94:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60

	CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
	TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
5	GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
	CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
	CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
10	CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
	GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCTGT	480
	AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
	CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
15	CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACTGGCTT	660
	AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
	AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
20	AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
	GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
	AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
	CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
25	ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
	GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
	TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTAA	1200

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 95:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1056
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CC)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 95:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420

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	GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT	480
	AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	540
5	CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	600
	CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT	660
	AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA	720
10	AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA	780
	AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC	840
	GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA	900
	AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA	960
15	CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC	1020
	ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTGA	1056
20	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 96:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH: 819	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
25	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CDD2)	
0	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 96:	
	ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	
	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	
5	TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	
3	GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	
	CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	
	CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	
o	CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA	
	GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT	
	AGAAAACACA CAAACA TATGTTGGG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	
5	CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	
_	CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT	
	AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA	
	AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAATGA	
2	MIONIBIONOC ANDRIATAGI CANDANGAIC AICCAAIGA	819

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 97:

(2)	INFORMATION	FOR	SEQUENCE	TD	NO:	99:
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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 321
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS : single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY : linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CCR3)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 99:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG A 321

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 100:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1182
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY : linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CBst)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 100:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600
CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660

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AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720

AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780

AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840

GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900

AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960

CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020

ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080

GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140

TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCTAGTCT AG 1182

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- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 101:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 966
 - (B) TYPE : nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS : single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY : linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CSph)
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 101:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 480 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600 CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCTAGTCTA 960 966 **GACTAG**

	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
_	(A) LENGTH : 594
5	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear
10	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CDD1)
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 97:
	ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 6
15	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 12
	TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 18
	GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 24
20	CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 30
	CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 36
	CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 42
	GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT 48
25	AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 54
	CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT ATGA. 59
10	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 98:
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
	(A) LENGTH: 432
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid
5	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CCR4)
o	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 98:
	ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 6
	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 12

TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180

GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360

CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA 420

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GTTTGCAAAT GA

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 102:

_	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
5	(A) LENGTH: 564	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
10	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-CBsp)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 102:	
15		
	ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
	TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
20	GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT :	240
'	CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC :	300
	CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA :	360
25	CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA	420
	GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCTGT	480
	AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA S	540
30	CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG CTAG	564
	· ·	
	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 103:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
35	(A) LENGTH: 255	
	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : single	
40	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : cDNA (OCIF-Pst)	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 103:	
45	. T. C. L. C. T. T. C.	
	ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	
	CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 1	
	TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 1	
50	GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 2	
	CTATACCTAG TCTAG	255
55		

	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 104:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
5	(A) LENGTH : 1317	
	(B) TYPE : nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : double	
10	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE : human OCIF genomic DNA-1	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 104:	
15	CTGGAGACAT ATAACTTGAA CACTTGGCCC TGATGGGGAA GCAGCTCTGC AGGGACTTTT	60
	TCAGCCATCT GTAAACAATT TCAGTGGCAA CCCGCGAACT GTAATCCATG AATGGGACCA	120
	CACTITACAA GICATCAAGI CIAACTICIA GACCAGGGAA ITAAIGGGGG AGACAGCGAA	180
20	CCCTAGAGCA AAGTGCCAAA CTTCTGTCGA TAGCTTGAGG CTAGTGGAAA GACCTCGAGG	240
20	AGGCTACTCC AGAAGTTCAG CGCGTAGGAA GCTCCGATAC CAATAGCCCT TTGATGATGG	300
	TGGGGTTGGT GAAGGGAACA GTGCTCCGCA AGGTTATCCC TGCCCCAGGC AGTCCAATTT	360
	TCACTCTGCA GATTCTCTCT GGCTCTAACT ACCCCAGATA ACAAGGAGTG AATGCAGAAT	420
25	AGCACGGGCT TTAGGGCCAA TCAGACATTA GTTAGAAAAA TTCCTACTAC ATGGTTTATG	480
	TAAACTTGAA GATGAATGAT TGCGAACTCC CCGAAAAGGG CTCAGACAAT GCCATGCATA	540
	AAGAGGGCC CTGTAATTTG AGGTTTCAGA ACCCGAAGTG AAGGGGTCAG GCAGCCGGGT	600
30	ACGGCGGAAA CTCACAGCTT TCGCCCAGCG AGAGGACAAA GGTCTGGGAC ACACTCCAAC	660
	TGCGTCCGGA TCTTGGCTGG ATCGGACTCT CAGGGTGGAG GAGACACAAG CACAGCAGCT	720
	GCCCAGCGTG TGCCCAGCCC TCCCACCGCT GGTCCCGGCT GCCAGGAGGC TGGCCGCTGG	780
	CGGGAAGGGG CCGGGAAACC TCAGAGCCCC GCGGAGACAG CAGCCGCCTT GTTCCTCAGC	840
35	CCGGTGGCTT TTTTTTCCCC TGCTCTCCCA GGGGACAGAC ACCACCGCCC CACCCCTCAC	900
	GCCCCACCTC CCTGGGGGAT CCTTTCCGCC CCAGCCCTGA AAGCGTTAAT CCTGGAGCTT	960
	TCTGCACACC CCCCGACCGC TCCCGCCCAA GCTTCCTAAA AAAGAAAGGT GCAAAGTTTG	1020
40	GTCCAGGATA GAAAAATGAC TGATCAAAGG CAGGCGATAC TTCCTGTTGC CGGGACGCTA	1080
	TATATAACGT GATGAGCGCA CGGGCTGCGG AGACGCACCG GAGCGCTCGC CCAGCCGCCG	1140
	CCTCCAAGCC CCTGAGGTTT CCGGGGACCA CA ATG AAC AAG TTG CTG TGC TGC	1193
	Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys	
45	-20 -15	
	GCG CTC GTG GTAAGTCCCT GGGCCAGCCG ACGGGTGCCC GGCGCCTGGG	1242
50	Ala Leu Val	
	GAGGCTGCTG CCACCTGGTC TCCCAACCTC CCAGCGGACC GGCGGGGAAA AAGGCTCCAC	1302

	TCGCTCCCTC CCAAG	1317
5	(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQUENCE ID NO: 105: (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:	
	(A) LENGTH:	
10	(B) TYPE: nucleic acid	
	(C) STRANDEDNESS : double	
	(D) TOPOLOGY : linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: human OCIF genomic DNA-2	
15	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION :SEQ ID NO: 105:	
	GCTTACTTTG TGCCAAATCT CATTAGGCTT AAGGTAATAC AGGACTTTGA GTCAAATGAT	@ 60
20	ACTGTTGCAC ATAAGAACAA ACCTATTTTC ATGCTAAGAT GATGCCACTG TGTTCCTTTC	120
	TCCTTCTAG TTT CTG GAC ATC TCC ATT AAG TGG ACC ACC CAG GAA ACG TTT	171
	Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe	
25	-10 -5 -1 1	
	CCT CCA AAG TAC CTT CAT TAT GAC GAA GAA ACC TCT CAT CAG CTG TTG	0.0
	Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu	219
	5 10 15 Ser his Gin Leu Leu	
30		
	TGT GAC AAA TGT CCT CCT GGT ACC TAC CTA AAA CAA CAC TGT ACA GCA	267
	Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala	
35	20 25 30 35	
	AAG TGG AAG ACC GTG TGC GCC CCT TGC CCT GAC CAC TAC TAC ACA GAC	315
40	Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp	
	40 45 50	
	AGC TGG CAC ACC AGT GAC GAG TGT CTA TAC TGC AGC CCC GTG TGC AAG	363
45	Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys	
	55 60 65	
	GAG CTG CAG TAC GTC AAG CAG GAG TGC AAT CGC ACC CAC AAC CGC GTG	411
50	Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val	
	70 75 80	

	TGC GAA TG	C AAG GAA (GG CGC TAC	CTT GAG ATA	GAG TTC TGC TTG AAA	459
	Cys Glu Cy	s Lys Glu (ly Arg Tyr	Leu Glu Ile	Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys	
5	85		90		95	
	CAT AGG AG	C TGC CCT (CT GGA TTT	GGA GTG GTG	CAA GCT G GTACGTGTCA	509
10	His Arg Se	r Cys Pro F	Pro Gly Phe	Gly Val Val	Gln Ala	
	100	1	.05	110		
	ATGTGCAGCA	AAATTAATTA	GGATCATGC	A AAGTCAGATA	GTTGTGACAG TTTAGGAGAA	569
15	CACTTTTGTT	CTGATGACAT	TATAGGATAG	G CAAATTGCAA	AGGTAATGAA ACCTGCCAGG	629
	TAGGTACTAT	GTGTCTGGAC	TGCTTCCAAA	A GGACCATTGC	TCAGAGGAAT ACTTTGCCAC	689
	TACAGGGCAA	TTTAATGACA	AATCTCAAA	T GCAGCAAATT	ATTCTCTCAT GAGATGCATG	749
20	ATGGTTTTTT	TTTTTTTTT	TAAAGAAACA	A AACTCAAGTT	GCACTATTGA TAGTTGATCT	809
	ATACCTCTAT	ATTTCACTTC	AGCATGGACA	A CCTTCAAACT	GCAGCACTTT TTGACAAACA	869
	TCAGAAATGT	TAATTTATAC	CAAGAGAGTA	ATTATGCTCA	TATTAATGAG ACTCTGGAGT	929
	GCTAACAATA	AGCAGTTATA	ATTAATTATO	TAAAAAATGA	GAATGGTGAG GGGAATTGCA	989
25	TTTCATTATT	AAAAACAAGG	CTAGTTCTTC	CTTTAGCATG	GGAGCTGAGT GTTTGGGAGG	1049
	GTAAGGACTA	TAGCAGAATO	TCTTCAATGA	GCTTATTCTT	TATCTTAGAC AAAACAGATT	1109
	GTCAAGCCAA	GAGCAAGCAC	TTGCCTATA	ACCAAGTGCT	TTCTCTTTTG CATTTTGAAC	1169
30	AGCATTGGTC	AGGGCTCATO	TGTATTGAAT	CTTTTAAACC	AGTAACCCAC GTTTTTTTC	1229
	TGCCACATTT	GCGAAGCTTC	AGTGCAGCCT	ATAACTTTTC	ATAGCTTGAG AAAATTAAGA	1289
	GTATCCACTT	ACTTAGATGO	AAGAAGTAAT	CAGTATAGAT	TCTGATGACT CAGTTTGAAG	1349
	CAGTGTTTCT	CAACTGAAGO	CCTGCTGATA	TTTTAAGAAA	TATCTGGATT CCTAGGCTGG	1409
35	ACTCCTTTTT	GTGGGCAGCT	GTCCTGCGCA	TTGTAGAATT	TTGGCAGCAC CCCTGGACTC	1469
	TAGCCACTAG	ATACCAATAC	CAGTCCTTCC	CCCATGTGAC	AGCCAAAAAT GTCTTCAGAC	1529
	ACTGTCAAAT	GTCGCCAGG1	`GGCAAAATCA	CTCCTGGTTG	AGAACAGGGT CATCAATGCT	1589
40	AAGTATCTGT	AACTATTTTA	ACTCTCAAAA	CTTGTGATAT	ACAAAGTCTA AATTATTAGA	1649
40	CGACCAATAC	TTTAGGTTTA	AAGGCATACA	AATGAAACAT	TCAAAAATCA AAATCTATTC	1709
	TGTTTCTCAA	ATAGTGAATO	TTATAAAATT	AATCACAGAA	GATGCAAATT GCATCAGAGT	1769
	CCCTTAAAAT	TCCTCTTCGT	ATGAGTATT	GAGGGAGGAA	TTGGTGATAG TTCCTACTTT	1829
45	CTATTGGATG	GTACTTTGAG	ACTCAAAAGC	TAAGCTAAGT	TGTGTGTGT TCAGGGTGCG	1889
	GGGTGTGGAA	TCCCATCAGA	TAAAAGCAAA	TCCATGTAAT	TCATTCAGTA AGTTGTATAT	1949
	GTAGAAAAAT	GAAAAGTGGG	CTATGCAGCT	TGGAAACTAG	AGAATTTTGA AAAATAATGG	2009
50	AAATCACAAG	GATCTTTCTT	AAATAAGTAA	GAAAATCTGT	TTGTAGAATG AAGCAAGCAG	2069
50	GCAGCCAGAA	GACTCAGAAC	AAAAGTACAC	ATTTTACTCT	GTGTACACTG GCAGCACAGT	2129
	GGGATTTATT	TACCTCTCCC	TCCCTAAAAA	CCCACACAGC	GGTTCCTCTT GGGAAATAAG	2189

AGGTTTCCAG	CCCAAAGAGA	AGGAAAGACT	ATGTGGTGTT	ACTCTAAAAA	GTATTTAATA	2249
ACCGTTTTGT	TGTTGCTGTT	GCTGTTTTGA	AATCAGATTG	TCTCCTCTCC	ATATTTTATT	2309
TACTTCATTC	TGTTAATTCC	TGTGGAATTA	CTTAGAGCAA	GCATGGTGAA	TTCTCAACTG	2369
TAAAGCCAAA	TTTCTCCATC	ATTATAATTT	CACATTTTGC	CTGGCAGGTT	ATAATTTTTA	2429
TATTTCCACT	GATAGTAATA	AGGTAAAATC	ATTACTTAGA	TGGATAGATC	TTTTTCATAA	2489
AAAGTACCAT	CAGTTATAGA	GGGAAGTCAT	GTTCATGTTC	AGGAAGGTCA	TTAGATAAAG	2549
CTTCTGAATA	TATTATGAAA	CATTAGTTCT	GTCATTCTTA	GATTCTTTTT	GTTAAATAAC	2609
TTTAAAAGCT	AACTTACCTA	AAAGAAATAT	CTGACACATA	TGAACTTCTC	ATTAGGATGC	2669
AGGAGAAGAC	CCAAGCCACA	GATATGTATC	TGAAGAATGA	ACAAGATTCT	TAGGCCCGGC	2729
ACGGTGGCTC	ACATCTGTAA	TCTCAAGAGT	TTGAGAGGTC	AAGGCGGGCA	GATCACCTGA	2789
GGTCAGGAGT	TCAAGACCAG	CCTGGCCAAC	ATGATGAAAC	CCTGCCTCTA	CTAAAAATAC	2849
AAAAATTAGC	AGGGCATGGT	GGTGCATGCC	TGCAACCCTA	GCTACTCAGG	AGGCTGAGAC	2909
AGGAGAATCT	CTTGAACCCT	CGAGGCGGAG	GTTGTGGTGA	GCTGAGATCC	CTCTACTGCA	2969
CTCCAGCCTG	GGTGACAGAG	ATGAGACTCC	GTCCCTGCCG	CCGCCCCCGC	CTTCCCCCCC	3029
AAAAAGATTC	TTCTTCATGC	AGAACATACG	GCAGTCAACA	AAGGGAGACC	TGGGTCCAGG	3089
TGTCCAAGTC	ACTTATTTCG	AGTAAATTAG	CAATGAAAGA	ATGCCATGGA	ATCCCTGCCC	3149
AAATACCTCT	GCTTATGATA	TTGTAGAATT	TGATATAGAG	TTGTATCCCA	TTTAAGGAGT	3209
AGGATGTAGT	AGGAAAGTAC	TAAAAACAAA	CACACAAACA	GAAAACCCTC	TTTGCTTTGT	3269
AAGGTGGTTC	CTAAGATAAT	GTCAGTGCAA	TGCTGGAAAT	AATATTTAAT	ATGTGAAGGT	3329
TTTAGGCTGT	GTTTTCCCCT	CCTGTTCTTT	TTTTCTGCCA	GCCCTTTGTC	ATTTTTGCAG	3389
GTCAATGAAT	CATGTAGAAA	GAGACAGGAG	ATGAAACTAG	AACCAGTCCA	TTTTGCCCCT	3449
TTTTTTTTT	TCTGGTTTTG	GTAAAAGATA	CAATGAGGTA	GGAGGTTGAG	TAAATTTA	3509
GAAGTTTAAT	AAGTTTCTGT	AGCTTTGATT	TTTCTCTTTC	ATATTTGTTA	TCTTGCATAA	3569
GCCAGAATTG	GCCTGTAAAA	TCTACATATG	GATATTGAAG	TCTAAATCTG	TTCAACTAGC	3629
TTACACTAGA	TGGAGATATT	TTCATATTCA	GATACACTGG	AATGTATGAT	CTAGCCATGC	3689
GTAATATAGT	CAAGTGTTTG	AAGGTATTTA	TTTTTAATAG	CGTCTTTAGT	TGTGGACTGG	3749
TTCAAGTTTT	TCTGCCAATG	ATTTCTTCAA	ATTTATCAAA	TATTTTTCCA	TCATGAAGTA	3809
AAATGCCCTT	GCAGTCACCC	TTCCTGAAGT	TTGAACGACT	CTGCTGTTTT	AAACAGTTTA	3869
AGCAAATGGT	ATATCATCTT	CCGTTTACTA	TGTAGCTTAA	CTGCAGGCTT	ACGCTTTTGA	3929
GTCAGCGGCC	AACTTTATTG	CCACCTTCAA	AAGTTTATTA	TAATGTTGTA	AATTTTTACT	3989
TCTCAAGGTT	AGCATACTTA	GGAGTTGCTT	CACAATTAGG	ATTCAGGAAA	GAAAGAACTT	4049
CAGTAGGAAC	TGATTGGAAT	TTAATGATGC	AGCATTCAAT	GGGTACTAAT	TTCAAAGAAT	4109
GATATTACAG	CAGACACACA	GCAGTTATCT	TGATTTTCTA	GGAATAATTG	TATGAAGAAT	4169
ATGGCTGACA	ACACGGCCTT	ACTGCCACTC	AGCGGAGGCT	GGACTAATGA	ACACCCTACC	4229
CTTCTTTCCT	TTCCTCTCAC	ATTTCATGAG	CGTTTTGTAG	GTAACGAGAA	AATTGACTTG	4289
CATTTGCATT	ACAAGGAGGA	GAAACTGGCA	AAGGGGATGA	TGGTGGAAGT	TTTGTTCTGT	4349
	ACCGTTTTGT TACTTCATTC TAAAGCCAAA TATTTCCACT AAAGTACCAT CTTCTGAATA TTTAAAAGCT AGGAGAAGAC ACGGTGGCTC GGTCAGGAGT AAAAATTAGC AGGAGAATCT CTCCAGCCTG AAAAAGATTC TGTCCAAGTC AAGGTGGTTC TTTAGGCTGT GTCAATGAAT TTTTTTATTT GAAGTTTAAT GCCAGAATTG TTACACTAGA GTAATATAGT TTCAAGTTTT AAATGCCCTT AGCAAATGGT GTCAAGGT CTCAAGGTT CAGTAGGAAC GTATTACAG ATGCCTT CAGTAGGAAC CTTCTTTCCT	ACCGTTTTGT TGTTGCTGTT TACTTCATTC TGTTAATTCC TAAAGCCAAA TTTCTCCATC TATTTCCACT GATAGTAATA AAAGTACCAT CAGTTATAGA CTTCTGAATA TATTATGAAA TTTAAAAGCT AACTTACCTA AGGAGAAGAC CCAAGCCACA ACGGTGGCTC ACATCTGTAA GGTCAGGAGT TCAAGACCAG AAAAATTAGC AGGCCATGGT AGGAGAATCT CTTGAACCCT CTCCAGCCTG GGTGACAGAG AAAAAGATTC TTCTTCATGC TGTCCAAGTC ACTTATTTCG AAATACCTCT GCTTATGATA AGGATGTAGT AGGAAAGTAC CTAAGATAAT TTTAGGCTGT GTTTTCCCCT GTCAATGAAT CATGTAGAAA TTTTTTATTT TCTGGTTTTG GAAGTTTAAT AAGTTTCTGT GCCAGAATTG GCCTGTAAAA TTACACTAGA TGGAGATATT GTAATATAGT CAAGTGTTTG TTCAAGTTTT TCTGCCAATG AAATGCCCTT GCAGTCACCC AGCAAATGGT ATATCATCTT GTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA CAGTAGGAAC ATGTCAGCGCC AACTTTATTG TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA CAGTAGGAAC TGATTGGAAT CATGTAGGAA TTTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA CAGTAGGAAC CAGACACACA ATGGCTGACA ACACGGCCTT CTTCTTTCCT TTCCTCTCAC	ACCGTTTTGT TGTTGCTGTT GCTGTTTTGA TACTTCATTC TGTTAATTCC TGTGGAATTA TAAAGCCAAA TTTCTCCATC ATTATAATTT TATTTCCACT GATAGTAATA AGGTAAAATC AAAGTACCAT CAGTTATAGA GGGAAGTCAT CTTCTGAATA TATTATGAAA CATTAGTTCT TTTAAAAGCT AACTTACCTA AAAGAAATAT AGGAGAAGAC CCAAGCCACA GATATGTATC ACGGTGGCTC ACATCTGTAA TCTCAAGAGT GGTCAGGAGT TCAAGACCAG CCTGGCCAAC AAAAATTAGC AGGGCATGGT GGTGCATGCC AGGAGAATCT CTTGAACCCT CGAGGCGGAG CTCCAGCCTG GGTGACAGAG ATGAGACTCC AAAAAGATTC TTCTTCATGC AGAACATACG TGTCCAAGTC ACTTATTTCG AGTAAATTAG AAATACCTCT GCTTATGATA TTGTAGAATT AGGATGTAGT AGGAAAGTAC TAAAAACAAA AAGGTGGTTC CTAAGATAAT GTCAGTGCAA TTTAGGCTGT GTTTTCCCCT CCTGTTCTTT GTCAATGAAT CATGTAGAAA GAGACAGGAG TTTTTTATTT TCTGGTTTTG GTAAAAGATA GAAGTTTAAT AAGTTTCTGT AGCTTTGATT GCCAGAATTG GCCTGTAAAA TCTACATATG TTACACTAGA TGGAGATATT TTCATATTCA GTAATATAGT CAAGTGTTTG AAGGTATTTA TTCAAGTTTT TCTGCCAATG ATTTCTCAA AAATGCCCTT GCAGTCACCC TTCCTGAAGT AGCAAATGGT ATATCATCTT CCGTTTACTA GTCAAGGAC TGATTGAAT TTCATATTCA AAATGCCCTT GCAGTCACCC TTCCTGAAGT ACCCAAGGTT ATATCATCTT CCGTTTACTA GCCAGCGCC AACTTTATTG CCACCTTCAA TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA CCGTTTACTA CTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA CCGTTTACTA TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA CCGCTTCCAA TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA CCGCTTCCAA TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA GGAGTTGCTT CAGTAGGAAC TGATTGGAAT TTAATGATCC TCTCAAGGTT ACCACCCC TTCCTGAAGT TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA CCGCTTCCAA TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA GGAGTTGCTT CAGTAGGAAC TGATTGGAAT TTAATGATCC CTTCTTTCCT TTCCTCAC ATTTCATGCC CTTCTTTCCT TTCCTCAC ATTTCATGCC CTTCTTTCCT TTCCTCAC ATTTCATGAC CTTCTTTCCT TTCCTCAC ATTTCATGAC	ACCGTTTTGT TGTTGCTGTT GCTGTTTTGA AATCAGATTG TACTTCATTC TGTTAATTCC TGTGGAATTA CTTAGAGCAA TAAAGCCAAA TTTCTCCATC ATTATAATTT CACATTTTGC TATTTCCACT GATAGTAATA AGGTAAAATC ATTACTTAGA AAAGTACCAT CAGTTATAGA GGGAAGTCAT GTTCATGTTC CTTCTGAATA TATTATGAAA CATTAGTTCT GTCATTCTTA TTTAAAAGCT AACTTACCTA AAAGAAATAT CTGACACATA AGGAGAAGAC CCAAGCCACA GATATGTATC TGAAGAATGA ACGGTGGCTC ACATCTGTAA TCTCAAGAGT TTGAGAGGTC GGTCAGGAGT TCAAGACCAG CCTGGCCAAC ATGATGAAAC AAAAATTAGC AGGGCATGGT GGTGCCAGCC TGCAACCCTA AGGAGAATCT CTTGAACCCT CGAGGCGGAG GTTGTGGTGA ACAAAAATTAGC AGGGCATGGT GGTGCATGCC GCCCACCA AAAAATTAGC AGGGCATGGT GGTGCAACCCTA AGGAGAATCT TTCTTCATGC AGAACATACG GCAGTCAACA TGTCCAAGCT ACTTATTTCG AGAACATACG GCAGTCAACA AAAAACCCTT GCTTATGATA TTGTAGAATT TGATATAGAG AAGGTGGTTC CTAAGATAAT TGTAGAATT TGATATAGAG AGGATGTAGT AGGAAAGATAC GCACACAAACA AAGGTGGTTC CTAAGATAAT GTCAGAGAG ATGAAACAA AAGGTGGTTC CTAAGATAAT GTCAGAGAG ATGAAACAA AAGGTGGTTC CTAAGATAAT GTCAGAGAG ATGAAACAA AAGGTGGTTC CTAAGATAAT TTGTAGAATT TGTTCTGCCA GTCAATGAAT CATGTAGAAA GAGACAGGAG ATGAAACTAG TTTTTTTATTT TCTGGTTTTG GTAAAAGATA CAATGAGGTA TTACACTAGA TGGAGATATT TTTCTCTTTC GCCAGAATTG GCCTGTAAAA TCTACATATG GATATTGAAG TTACACTAGA TGGAGATATT TTCATATTCA GATACACTGG GTAATATAGT CAAGTGTTTG AGGTTTTATT TTTCTCTTTC GCCAGAATTT TCTGCCAATG ATTTCTTCAA ATTTATAAA AAATGCCCTT GCAGTCACC TCCCTGCAAT TTGAACACTGG GTAATATAGT CAAGTGTTT AAGGTTTAAT TTTTTAATAG TTCAAGGTTT TCTGCCAATG ATTTCTTCAA ATTTATAAAA AAATGCCCTT GCAGTCACC TCCCTTCAA AAGTTTATTA TCTGCCAATG ATTTCTTCAA ATTTATCAAA AAATGCCCTT GCAGTCACC TCCCTTCAA AAGTTTATTA TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACCTT CCGTTTACTA TGTAGCCTTAA GTCAAGGGAAC TGATTGGAAT TTAATGATC AGCATTATA GCCAGAATGGT ATATCATCTT CCGTTTACTA TGTAGCCTTAA GCCAGAATGGT ATATCATCTT CCGTTTACTA TGTAGCCTTAA GCCAGAATGGA ACTTTATTG CCACCTTCAA AAGTTTATTA TCTCAAGGGTA AGCATACTTA GGAGTTGCTT CACAAATTAGG CAGTAGGAAC TGATTGGAAT TTAATGATCC AGCATTCAAT GCTCAAGGAAC AACCTTATTT TCCCCTTCAA AAGTTTATTA TCTCAAGGGTA ACCCTTCAA AAGTTTATTA TCTCAAGGGTA ACCCTTCAA AAGTTTATTA TCTCAAGGGTA ACCCGCCTT ACCCCTCAA AAGTTTTCTAA GGCTGACA ACCCGCCTT ACCCCTCAA AGGTTTTCTAA TGG	ACCGTTTTGT TGTTGCTGTT GCTGTTTTGA AATCAGATTG TCTCCTCTCC	AGGTTTCCAG CCCAAAGAGA AGGAAAGACT ATGTGGTGTT ACTCTAAAAA GTATTTAATA ACCGTTTTGT TGTTGCTGTT GCTGTTTTGA AATCAGATTG TCTCCTCCC ATATTTTATT TACTTCATTC TGTTAATTC TGTGGAATTA CTTAGAGCAA GCATGGTGAA TTCTCAACTG TAAAGCCAAA TTTCTCCACTC ATTATAATTT CACATTTTCC CTGGCAGGTT ATAATTTTTA TATTTCCACT GATAGTAATA AGGTAAAATC ATTACTTAGA TGGAAGGTCA TTTTCAACAG AAAGTACCAT CAGTTATAGA GGGAAGTCAT GTTCATCTTC AGGAAGGTCA TTTTCATAA AAAGTACCAT CAGTTATAGAA GGGAAGTCAT GTTCATCTTA GATTCTTTTT GTTAAATAAC CTTCTGAATA TATTATGAAA CATTAGTTC GTCATTCTTA GATTCTTTTT GTTAAATAAC TTTAAAAGCT AACTTACCTA AAAGAAATAT CTGACACATA TGAACTTCTC ATTAGGATGC AGGAGAGAGC CCAAGCCACA GATATGTATC TGAAGAATGA ACAGACTCTC ACATCTGTAA TCTCAAGAGT TTGAAGATGA ACAGGATCCT TAGGCCCGGC GCGCAGGAGC CAAGCCACCA GATATGTATC TGAAGAATGA ACAGGATCCT TAGGCCCGGC GCGCAGGAGT TCAAGACCAG CCTGGCCAAC ATGAGAACA CAGGAGTCA TTAGGATGC ACGCGGGGCA GACCACCTG GCTCAGGAGT TCAAGACCAG CCTGGCCAAC ATGAGAACA CCTCAGC AGGCCGGCA GACCACCTA AAAAAAAAAA

	CTAATGAAGT GAAAAATGAA AATGCTAGAG TTTTGTGCAA CATAATAGTA GCAGTAAAAA	4409
	CCAAGTGAAA AGTCTTTCCA AAACTGTGTT AAGAGGGCAT CTGCTGGGAA ACGATTTGAG	4469
5	GAGAAGGTAC TAAATTGCTT GGTATTTTCC GTAG GA ACC CCA GAG CGA AAT ACA	4523
	Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr	
	115	
10		
	GTT TGC AAA AGA TGT CCA GAT GGG TTC TTC TCA AAT GAG ACG TCA TCT	4571
	Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser	
	120 125 130 135	
15		
	AAA GCA CCC TGT AGA AAA CAC ACA AAT TGC AGT GTC TTT GGT CTC CTG	4619
	Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu	
20	140 145 150	
	CTA ACT CAG AAA GGA AAT GCA ACA CAC GAC AAC ATA TGT TCC GGA AAC	4667
	Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn	
25	155 160 165	
	AGT GAA TCA ACT CAA AAA TGT GGA ATA G GTAATTACAT TCCAAAATAC	4715
30	Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile	
	170 175	
	GTCTTTGTAC GATTTTGTAG TATCATCTCT CTCTCTGAGT TGAACACAAG GCCTCCAGCC	4775
35	ACATTCTTGG TCAAACTTAC ATTTTCCCTT TCTTGAATCT TAACCAGCTA AGGCTACTCT	4835
	CGATGCATTA CTGCTAAAGC TACCACTCAG AATCTCTCAA AAACTCATCT TCTCACAGAT	4895
	AACACCTCAA AGCTTGATTT TCTCTCCTTT CACACTGAAA TCAAATCTTG CCCATAGGCA	4955
40	AAGGGCAGTG TCAAGTTTGC CACTGAGATG AAATTAGGAG AGTCCAAACT GTAGAATTCA	5015
	CGTTGTGTT TATTACTTTC ACGAATGTCT GTATTATTAA CTAAAGTATA TATTGGCAAC	5075
	TAAGAAGCAA AGTGATATAA ACATGATGAC AAATTAGGCC AGGCATGGTG GCTTACTCCT	5135
	ATAATCCCAA CATTTTGGGG GGCCAAGGTA GGCAGATCAC TTGAGGTCAG GATTTCAAGA	5195
45	CCAGCCTGAC CAACATGGTG AAACCTTGTC TCTACTAAAA ATACAAAAAT TAGCTGGGCA	5255
	TGGTAGCAGG CACTTCTAGT ACCAGCTACT CAGGGCTGAG GCAGGAGAAT CGCTTGAACC	5315
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50	AGCAAGATTT CATCACACAC ACACACACA ACACACACA ACACATTAGA AATGTGTACT	5435
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5	TTGTGTTTAA TCAAGCAATG GTATAAACCA GCTTGACTCT CCCCAAACAG TTTTTCGTAC	5735
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	Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg	
	180 185	
35	TTT GCT GTT CCT ACA AAG TTT ACG CCT AAC TGG CTT AGT GTC TTG GTA	6795
	Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val	
	190 195 200	
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	GAC AAT TTG CCT GGC ACC AAA GTA AAC GCA GAG AGT GTA GAG AGG ATA	6843
	Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile	
	205 210 215	
45		
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	Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu	
50	220 225 230 235	
	TGG AAA CAT CAA AAC AAA GAC CAA GAT ATA GTC AAG AAG ATC ATC CAA G	6940

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln \$240\$ \$245\$ \$250\$

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5	TTGTT	GAGT.	A AATC	TTCT(GG GT	TTTT	CTAA	C CT	TTCT			Asp		8974
10			GC GTG er Val 260	Gln										9022
15		.eu Ai	GT AGC rg Ser 75											9070
20	Glu A		TT GAA le Glu											9118
25 30			TG CTC eu Leu											9166
35			GC CTA ly Leu											9214
40			CT GTC hr Val 340											9262
45		he Tl	CA ATG hr Met 55											9310
50	Gly A		AG GTC In Val								TAAC	CTGG#	LAA	9356

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Claims

- 30 1. A protein characterized by the following properties:
 - (a) molecular weights on SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE)
 - ; approximately 60 kD under reducing conditions
 - ; approximately 60 kD and 120 kD under non-reducing conditions
 - (b) a high affinity to cation-exchange column and heparin column
 - (c) a biological activity to inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation
 - ; its activity is decreased by heating at 70°C for 10 min or at 56°C for 30 min.
 - ; its activity is lost by heating at 90 °C for 10 min
 - (d) internal amino acid sequences provided in sequence numbers 1, 2, and 3.
- 45 2. A protein of claim 1 having N-terminal amino acid sequences provided in sequence number 7.
 - 3. A protein of claim 1 produced in human fibroblasts.
- 4. A method of producing the protein of claim 1, 2, and 3 by the following process: cultivating human fibroblasts; purifying the protein by a combination of ion-exchange column, affinity-column and reverse phase-column chromatography.
 - 5. A method of producing the protein of claim 4 by cultivating human fibroblasts on alumina ceramic pieces.
- 6. A protein with amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 4.
 - 7. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 4.

- 8. cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 6.
- 9. cDNAs that hybridize to cDNA provided in sequence number 6 under moderately stringent conditions.
- 5 10. A protein expressed from cDNA encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 4.
 - 11. A protein with a biological activity to inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation, that obtain as amino acid expressed cDNA sharing at least 80 % sequence identity with the amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 4.
 - 12. A method of production of the protein with the following properties and inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation by gene engineering using cDNA encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 4:
 - (a) molecular weights on SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE)

; approximately 60 kD under reducing conditions

- ; approximately 60 kD and 120 kD under non-reducing conditions
- (b) a high affinity to cation-exchange column and heparin column
- (c); inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation activity is decreased by heating at 70°C for 10 min or at 56°C for 30 min
 - ; its activity is lost by heating at 90 °C for 10 min
- (d) internal amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 1-3.
- 13. A method of producing the protein according to claim 10 by gene engineering using mammalian cells as host cells.
- 14. A method of producing the protein according to claim 13 by gene engineering using 293/EBNA cells or CHO cells30 as mammalian host cells.
 - 15. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 8.
 - A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 8.
 - 17. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 9.
 - 18. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 10.
- 40 19. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 10.
 - 20. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 11.
 - 21. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 12.
 - 22. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 12.
 - 23. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 13.
- 50 24. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 14.
 - 25. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 14.
 - 26. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 15.
 - 27. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 83.
 - 28. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 83.

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- 29. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 62.
- 30. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 84.
- A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 84.
 - 32. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 63.
 - 33. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 85.

- 34. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 85.
- 35. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 64.
- 15 36. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 86.
 - 37. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 86.
 - 38. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 65.
 - 39. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 87.
 - 40. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 87.
- 25 41. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 66.
 - 42. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 88.
 - 43. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a sequence provided in sequence number 88.
 - 44. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 67.
 - 45. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 89.
- 35 46. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 89.
 - 47. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 68.
 - 48. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 90.
 - A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 90.
 - 50. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 69.
- 45 51. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 91.
 - 52. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 91.
 - 53. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 70.
 - 54. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 92.
 - 55. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in number 92.
- 55 56. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 71.
 - 57. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 93.

- 58. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 93.
- 59. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 72.
- 5 60. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 94.
 - 61. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 94.
 - 62. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 73.
 - 63. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 95.
 - 64. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 95.
- 15 65. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 74.
 - 66. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 96.
 - 67. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 96.
 - 68. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 75.
 - 69. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 97.

- 25 70. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 97.
 - 71. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 76.
 - 72. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 98.
 - 73. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 98.
 - 74. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 77.
- 75. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 99.
 - 76. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 99.
 - 77. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 78.
 - 78. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 100.
 - 79. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 100.
- 45 80. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 79.
 - 81. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 101.
 - 82. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 101.
 - 83. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 80.
 - 84. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 102.
- 55 85. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 102.
 - 86. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 81.

- 87. A cDNA with nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 103.
- 88. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 103.
- 89. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 82.
 - 90. Genomic DNAs encoding the amino acid sequence provided in sequence number 4.
 - 91. Genomic DNAs of Claim 90 with the nucleotide sequence provided in sequence number 104 or 105.
 - 92. An antibody having specific affinity to the OCIF
 - 93. An antibody of Claim 92 that is polyclonal antibody.
- 15 94. An antibody of Claim 92 that is monoclonal antibody.

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- 95. A monoclonal antibody of Claim 94 being characterized by the following properties. Molecular weight of about 150,000, and of subclass IgG_1 , IgG_{2a} , or IgG_{2b} .
- 96. A method of determining the concentration of the protein of the OCIF using the antibodies of Claim 92, 93, 94, and 95.

Fig. 1

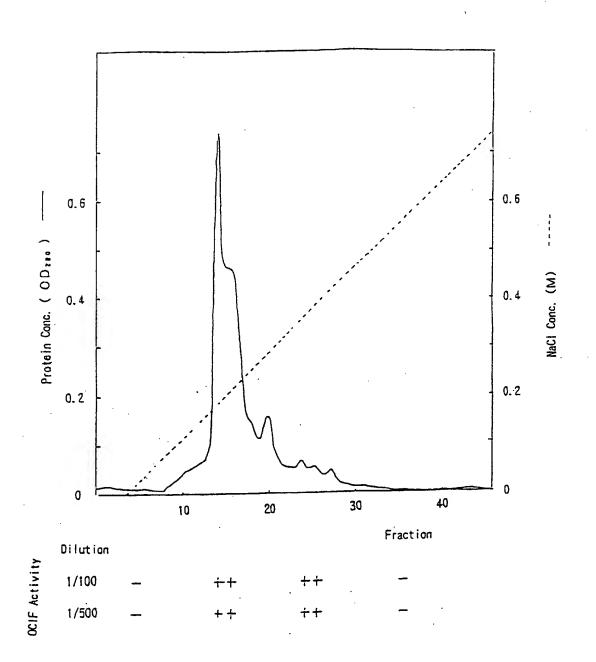


Fig. 2

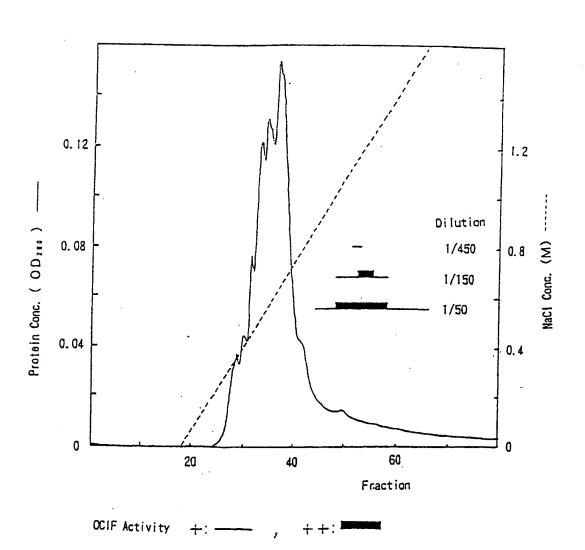


Fig. 3

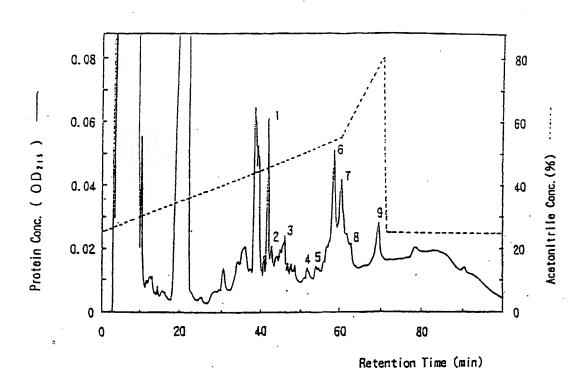
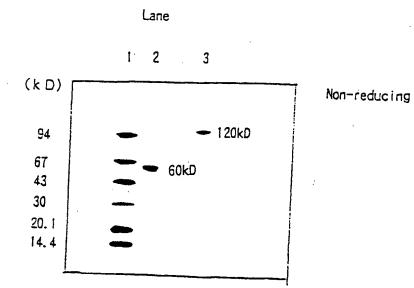


Fig. 4



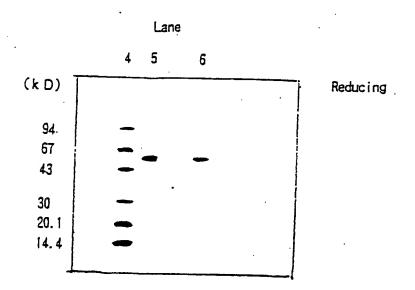


Fig.5

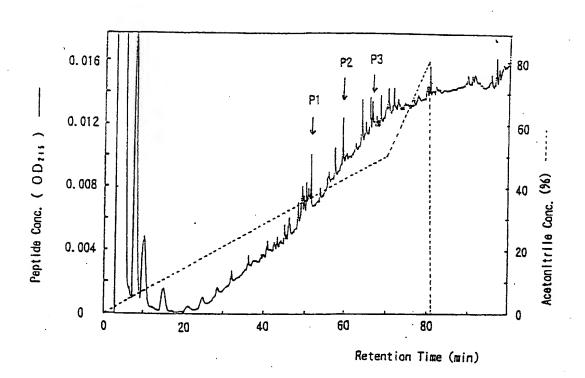


Fig. 6

Lane



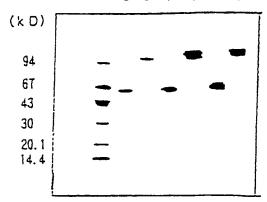


Fig. 7

Lane

8 9 10 11 12 13 14

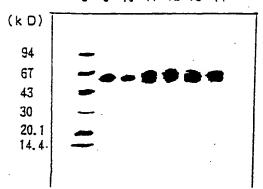


Fig.8

Lane

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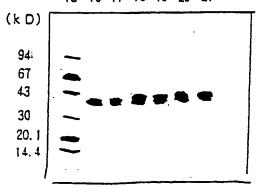


Fig. 9

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	•
MNNLLCCALVFLOISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWK	T (OCIF2
61	
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VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK	(OCIF2
121	
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HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT	(OCIF2)
181	
HDNICSGNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSVLVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI	(OCIF1)
HDNICSGNSESTQKCGIDYTLCEEAFFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSVLVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI 174	(OCIF2)
241	
KRQHSSQEQTFQLLKLWKHQNKDQDIVKKIIQDIDLCENSVQRHIGHANLTFEQLRSLME	(OCIF1)
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301	
SLPGKKYGAEDIEKTIKACKPSDQILKLLSLWRIKNGDQDTLKGLMHALKHSKTYHFPKT	(OCIF1)
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361	
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VTQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF2) 354	

Fig. 10

1	
MNNLLCCALVFLOISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCT/ ** **********************************	
MNKLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCT/ 1	AKWKT (OCIF
61 VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIE	FECIL (OCTES
**************************************	+++ +
51	FULK (OCIF3
L21	
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQK	***
łrscppgfgvvqagtperntvckrcpogffsnetsskapcrkhtncsvfgllltqk .21	GNAT (OCIF3
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41	
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RQHSSQEQTFQLLKLWKHQNKDQDIVKKIIQDIDLCENSVQRHIGHANLS 41	(OCIF3)
01	
LPGKKVGAEDIEKTIKACKPSDQILKLLSLWRIKNGDQDTLKGLMHALKHSKTYHF	PKT (OCIFI)
LWRIKNGDQDTLKGLMHALKHSKTYHF 292	PKT (OCIF3)
51	
TQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF1)	
TQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF3)	

Fig. 11

I MNNLLCCALYFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT ** **** *****************************	•
61 VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK ************************************	, -,
121 HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT ************************************	(OCIF1) (OCIF4)

Fig. 12

1	
MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT	
MNKLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT	(OCIF5)
61	
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VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK 61	(OCIF5)
121	
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERNTVCKRCPDGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT	(OCIFI)
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGCRRPKPQICI	(OCIF5)

Fig. 13

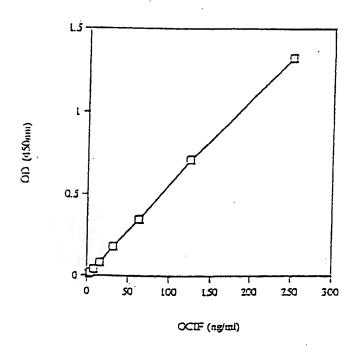


Fig. 14

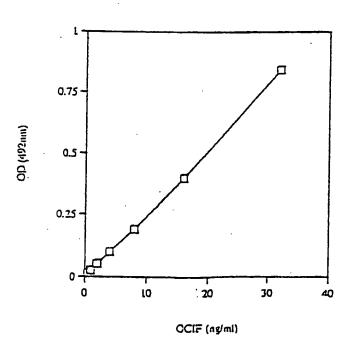
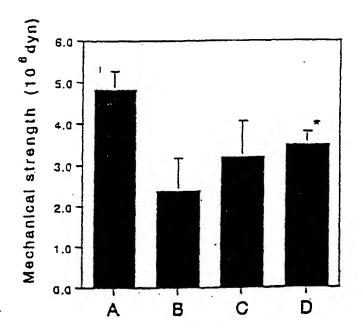


Fig. 15



A: Normal rat

B : Denerved rat + Vehicle

C: Denerved rat + OCIF 10 µg/kg/day

C: Denerved rat +OCIF 100 µg/kg/day

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP96/00374

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER Int. C1 ⁶ C07K14/52, C07K16/24, C12N15/19, C12N15/06, C12N5/08 C12N5/10, C12N5/20, C12P21/02, C12P21/08, G01N33/577					
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC					
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)					
Int. C1 ⁶ C07K14/52, C07K16/24, C12N15/19, C12N15/06, C12N5/08 C12N5/10, C12N5/20, C12P21/02, C12P21/08, G01N33/577	,				
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched					
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (pame of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) BIOSIS PREVIEWS, CAS ONLINE, WPI, WPI/L					
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim	No.				
A Fawthrop, F.W. et al. "The effect of 1 - 96 transforming growth factor beta on the plasminogen activator activity of normal human osteoblast-like cells and a human osteosacroma cell line MG-63", J. Bone. Miner. Res. (1992) Vol. 7, No. 12, p. 1363-1371					
A Fenton, A.J. et al. "Long-term culture of disaggregated rat osteoclasts inhibition of bone resorption and reduction of osteoclast-like cell number by calcitonin and PTHrP107-139", J. Cell Physiol. (1993) Vol. 155, No. 1, p. 1-7					
Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.					
 Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the graeral state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance 	rsuad				
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Date of the actual completion of the international search May 14, 1996 (14. 05. 96) May 28, 1996 (28. 05. 96)					
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Japanese Patent Office					
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binant plasmid containing the 5.8 kb EcoRI/NotI fragment was isolated and this plasmid was termed pBSG8-5.8. pBSG8-5.8 was digested with HindIII and 0.9 kb of DNA fragment derived from this digestion was isolated in the same manner as described above. This 0.9 kb fragment was then doned in pBluescript II SK- at the HindIII site as described above. This recombinant plasmid containing 0.9 kb HindIII fragment was denoted pBS8H0.9.

λOIF11 DNA was digested with EcoRI and 6 kb, 3.6 kb, 2.6 kb EcoRI fragments were isolated in the same manner as described above and cloned in pBluescript II SK+ vector at the EcoRI site as described above. These recombinant plasmids were termed pBSG11-6, pBSG11-3.6, and pBSG11-2.6, respectively. pBSG11-6 was digested with HindIII and the digest was applied on a 0.7 % agarose gel. Three fragments, 2.2 kb, 1.1 kb, and 1.05 kb in length, were extracted from the gel and cloned independently in pBluescript II SK- vector at the HindIII site in the same manner as described above. These recombinant plasmids were termed pBS6H2.2, pBS6 H1.1 and pBS6H1.05, respectively.

The nucleotide sequence of the cloned genomic DNA was determined using ABI Dyedeoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (PERKIN ELMER) and 373A DNA Sequencing system (Applied Biosystems). Plasmids pBSG8-5.8, pBS8H0.9, pBSG11-6, pBSG11-3.6, pBSG11-2.6, pBSGH2.2, pBS6H1.1 and pBS6H1.05 were prepared according to the alkaline-SDS procedure as described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual and used as templates for the DNA sequence analysis. Nucleotide sequence of the human OCIF gene was presented in Sequence No 104 and Sequence No 105. The nucleotide sequence of the DNA, between exon 1 and exon 2 was not entirely determined. There is a stretch of approximately 17 kb of nucleotides between the sequences given in sequence No. 104 and sequence No. 105.

EXAMPLE 24

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Quantitation of OCIF by EIA

i) Preparation of anti-OCIF antibody

Male JW rabbits (Kitayama LABES Co. ,LTD) weighing 2.5-3.0 kg were used for immunization for preparing antisera. Three male JW rabbits (Kitayama LABES Co., LTD) weighing 2.5-3.0 kg were used for immunization. For immunization, emulsion was prepared by mixing an equal volume of rOCIF (200 μg/ml) and complete Freund's adjuvant (Difco, Cat. 0638-60-7). The rabbits were immunized subcutaneously six times at the interval of one week with 1 ml of emulsion per injection. The rabbits were injected six times at the interval of seven days subcutaneously. Whole blood was obtained ten days after the final immunization and serum was separated. Antibody was purified from serum as follows. Antiserum was diluted two-fold with PBS. After adding ammonium sulfate at a final concentration of 40 w/v %, antiserum was allowed to stand at 4 °C for 1 hr.. Precipitate obtained by centrifugation at 8000 x g for 20 min. was dissolved in a small volume of PBS and was dialyzed against PBS. The resulting solution was loaded onto a Protein G-Sepharose column (Pharmacia). After washing with PBS, absorbed immunoglobulin G was eluted with 0.1 M glycine-HCL buffer (pH 3.0). Elutes were neutralized with 1.5 M Tris-HCL buffer (pH 8.7) immediately and were dialyzed against PBS. Protein concentration was determined by absorbance at 280nm (E^{1%} 13.5).

Horseradish peroxidase labeled antibody was prepared using ImmunoPure Maleimide Activated Horseradish Peroxidase Kit (Pierce, Cat. 31494). Briefly, one mg of IgG was incubated with 80 ug of N-succinimidyl-S-acetylthioacetate for 30 min. After deacetylation with 5 mg of hydroxylamine HCl, modified IgG was separeted by polyacrylamide desalting column. Protein pool mixed with one mg of maleimide activated horseradish peroxidase was incubated at room temperature for 1 hr.

ii) Quantitation of OCIF by sandwich EIA

Microtiter plates (Nunc MaxiSorp Immunoplate) were coated with rabbit anti-OCIF IgG by incubating 0.2 ug in 100 ul of 50 mM sodium bicarbonate buffer pH 9.6 at 4C overnight. After blocking the plates by incubating for 1 hour at 37°C with 300 ul of 25% BlockAce/PBS (Snow Brand Milk Products), 100ul of samples were incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. After washing the plates three times with PBST (PBS containing 0.05% Tween20), 100 ul of 1:10000 diluted horseradish peroxidase labeled anti-OCIF IgG was added and incubated for 2 hours at room temperture. The amount of OCIF was determined by incubation with 100 ul of a substrate solution (TMB, ScyTek Lab., Cat. TM4999) and measurement of the absorbance at 450 nm using an ImmunoReader (Nunc NJ2000). Purified recombinant OCIF was used as a standard protein and a typical standared curve was shown in Fig. 13.

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EXAMPLE 25

Anti-OCIF monoclonal antibody

i) Preparation of hybridoma producing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibody.

OCIF was purified to homogeneity from culture medium of human fibroblasts, IMR-90 by the purification method described in Eample 11. Purified OCIF was dissolved in PBS at a concentration of 10 µg/100 µl. BALB/c mice were immunized by administrating this solution intraperitoneally three times every two weeks. In the first and the second immunizations, the emulsion composed of an equal volume of OCIF and Freund's complete adjuvant was administered. Three days after the final administration, the spleen was taken out, lymphocytes were isolated and fused with mouse myeloma p3x63-Ag8.653 cells according to the conventinal method using polyethyleneglycol. Then the fused cells were cultured in HAT medium to select hybridoma. Subsequently, to check whether the selected hybridomas produce anti-OCIF antibody, anti-OCIF antibody in each culture medium of hybridomas was determined by solid phase ELISA which was prepared by coating each well in 96-well immunoplates (Nunc) with 100µl of purified OCIF (10µg/ml in 0.1 M NaHCO₃) and by blocking each well with 50% BlockAce (Snow Brand Milk Products Co. Ltd.). The hybridoma clones secreting anti-OCIF antibody were established by cloning 3 - 5 times by limit dilution and by screening using the above solid phase ELISA. Among thus obtained hybridoma clones, several hybridoma clones with high production of anti-OCIF antibody were selected.

ii) Production of anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Each hybridoma clone secreting anti-OCIF antibody, which was obtained in EXAMPLE 25-i), was transplanted intraperitoneally to mice given Pristane (Aldrich) at a cell density of 1 x 10⁶ cells/mouse. The accumulated ascites was collected 10 - 14 days after the transplantation and the ascites containing anti-OCIF specific monoclonal antibody of the present invention was obtained. Purified antibodies were obtained by Affigel protein A Sepharose chromatography (BioRad) according to the maufacturer's manual. That is, the ascites was diluted with equal volume of a binding buffer (BioRad) and applied to protein A column. The column was washed with a sufficient volume of the binding buffer and eluted with an elution buffer (BioRad). After neutralizing, the obtained eluate was dialyzed in water and subsequently lyophilized. The purity of the obtained antibody was analyzed by SDS/PAGE and a homogenous band with a molecular weight of about 150,000 was detected.

iii) Selection of monoclonal antibody having high affinity to OCIF

Each antibody obtained in EXAMPLE 25-ii) was dissolved in PBS and the concentration of protein in the solution was determined by the method of Lowry. Each antibody solution with the same concentration was prepared and then serially diluted with PBS. Monoclonal antibodies, which can recognize OCIF even at highly diluted solution, were selected by solid phase ELISA described in EXAMPLE 25-ii). Thus three monoclonal antibodies A1G5, E3H8 and D2F4 can be selected.

iv) Determination of class and subclass of antibodies

The class and subclass of the antibodies of the present invention obtained in EXAMPLE 25-iii) were analyzed using an immunoglobulin class and subclass analysis kit (Amersham). The procedure was carried out according to the protocol disclosed in the directions. The results were shown in Table 15. The antibodies of the present invention, E3H8, A1G5 and D2F4 belong to $\lg G_1$, $\lg G_{2a}$ and $\lg G_{2b}$, respectively.

Table 15

			10010 10				
Analysis	of class	and subc	lass of the	antiboo	lies in t	he pres	ent
Antibody	lgG ₁	IgG _{2a}	IgG _{2b}	lgG ₃	IgA	lgM	κ
A1G5	•	+	-	-	-	-	+
E3H8	+	•	•	-	-	-	+
D2F4	•		+	-	-	-	+

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v) Determination of OCIF by ELISA

Three kinds of monoclonal antibodies, A1G5, E3H8 and D2F4, which were obtained in EXAMPLE 25-iv), were used as solid phase antibodies and enzyme-labeled antibodies, respectively. Sandwich ELISA was constructed by each combination of solid phase antibody and labeled antibody. The labeled antibody was prepared using Immuno Pure Maleimide Activated Horseradish Peroxidase Kit (Pierce, Cat. No. 31494). Each monoclonal antibody was dissolved in 0.1 M NaHCO₃ at a concentration of 10 µg/ml, and 100 µl of the solution was added to each well in 96-well immunoplates (Nunc, MaxiSorp Cat. No. 442404) followed by allowing to stand at room temperature overnight. Subsequently, each well in the plates was blocked with 50% Blockace (Snow Brand Milk Products, Co. , Ltd.) at room temperature for 50 minutes, and then was washed three times with PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 (washing buffer).

A series of concentrations of OCIF was prepared by diluting OCIF with 1st reaction buffer (0.2 M Tris-HCl bufer, pH 7.4, containing 40% Blockace and 0.1% Tween 20). Each well in 96-well immunoplates was filled with 100µl of the prepared OCIF solution with each concentration, allowed to stand at 37 °C for 3 hours, and subsequently washed three times with the washing buffer. For dilution of POD-labeled antibody, 2nd reaction buffer (0.1 M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4, containing 25% Blockace and 0.1% Tween 20) was used. POD-labeled antibody was diluted 400-fold with 2nd reaction buffer, and 100 µl of the diluted solution was added to each well in the immunoplates. Each imunoplate was allowed to stand at 37 °CC for 2 hours, and subsequently washed three times with the washing buffer. After washing, 100 µl of a substrate solution (0.1 M citrate-phosphate buffer, pH 4. 5, containing 0.4 mg/ml of o-phenylenediamine HCl and 0.006% H₂O₂) was added to each well in the immunoplates and the immunoplates were incubated at 37°C for 15 min. The enzyme reaction was terminated by adding 50 µl of 6 N H₂SO₄ to each well. The optical density of each well was determined at 492 nm using an immunoreader (ImmunoReader NJ 2000, Nunc).

Using three kinds of monoclonal antibody in the present invention, each combination of solid phase and POD-labeled antibodies leads to a accurate determination of OCIF. Each monoclonal antibody in the present invention was confirmed to recognize a different epitope of OCIF. A typical standard curve of OCIF using a combination of solid phase antibody, A1G5 and POD-labeled antibody, E3H8 was shown in Fig. 14.

vi) Determination of OCIF in human serum

Concentration of OCIF in five samples of normal human serum was determined using an EIA system described in EXAMPLE 25-v). The immunoplates were coated with A1G5 as described in EXAMPLE 25-v), and 50 μ l of 1st. reaction buffer was added to each well in the immunoplates. Subsequently, 50 μ l of each human serum was added to each well in the immunoplates. The immunoplates were incubated at 37°C for 3 hours and then washed three times with the washing buffer. After washing, each well in the immunoplates was filled with 100 μ l of POD-E3H8 antibody diluted 400-fold with 2nd. reaction buffer and incubated at 37°C for 2 hours. After washing the immunoplates three times with the washing buffer, 100 μ l of the substrate solution described in EXAMPLE 25-v) was added to each well and incubated at 37°C for 15 min. The enzyme reaction was terminated by adding 50 μ l of 6 N H₂SO₄ to each well in the immunoplates. The optical density of each well was determined at 492 nm using an immunoreader (ImmunoReader NJ 2000, Nunc). 1st. reaction buffer containing the known amount of OCIF was treated in the same way and a standard curve of OCIF as shown in fig. 2 was obtained. Using the standard curve of OCIF, the amount of OCIF in human serum sample was determined. The results were shown in Table 14.

Table 14

The amount of OCIF in normal human serum				
Serum Sample	OCIF Concentration (ng/ml)			
1	5.0			
2	2.0			
3	1.0			
4	3.0			
5	1.5			

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